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SOW DIGGS & BEADLES

INCORPORATED

SUPERIOR SEEDS



GENERAL STORE AND OFFICE 1428 E. MAIN ST. **RICHMOND**
BRANCH STORE AND WAREHOUSES 1711-9 E. FRANKLIN ST.
BRANCH STORE (UPTOWN) 603 & 605 E. MARSHALL ST. **VIRGINIA**



D. & B.'s Velvet Green Lawn Grass

D. & B.'s Velvet Green Lawn Grass is composed entirely of the very highest grade and most suitable Grasses for making a beautiful lawn as respects color, texture and permanency. We have made a careful study of the difficulties met with in making a pretty and permanent lawn, and after many years of effort and experiment we now have a perfectly balanced mixture of American and European Grasses which do best in our climates—only the finest grades are used both as to purity and germination.

It is far better than Kentucky Blue Grass, as it produces a beautiful green velvety sward in 6 to 8 weeks from time of sowing, and lasts for many years without reseeded. It is better adapted to the different soils, and stands the heat and drought of summer as well as the severe cold, better than the various mixtures so commonly offered.

That we have been successful in securing the most desirable combination is shown in the character of the fine lawns produced from this seed in our city parks, the attractive grounds of The Battle Abbey, and in beautiful Hollywood and Oakwood cemeteries, as well as many large country estates who use this mixture in very large quantities. Every year adds to its popularity and increasing sales.

It should be kept in mind, when comparing prices, that this grass is all of the choicest, cleanest and heaviest seeds. It produces a beautiful and enduring turf without the aid of cheap, quick growing seeds that are only of temporary value; and we feel safe in saying that a better Lawn Grass cannot be secured at any price. Per lb., 55c; 5 lbs., \$2.35, postpaid. Not postpaid, per lb., 45 cts.; 5 lbs., \$2.15; 10 lbs., \$4.25; 25 lbs., \$10.00; 100 lbs., \$38.00.

Preparation and Care of Lawns

The proper preparation of the ground in starting a new lawn is essential. This is too often neglected. The ground should be deeply ploughed, or spaded deep enough to leave a bed of loose earth 4 to 6 inches deep. This should be thoroughly pulverized and raked, removing all sticks, roots and stones. After getting the ground perfectly smooth, put on an application of Pulverized Sheep Manure, at the rate of 5 pounds to 100 square feet or 2,000 pounds to the acre; or Bone Meal, which is more lasting in its effects, 5 pounds to the 200 square feet, 1,000 pounds to the acre. DO NOT USE STABLE MANURE; it is unsightly, and is also a hotbed of weed seeds and worms, the very thing to be guarded against in laying a foundation for a pretty lawn. We recommend a thick seeding, sowing the seed at the rate of 1 pound to the 300 square feet (or about 18 feet each way), 80 to 100 pounds to the acre. The land should then be gone over with a heavy roller, or the seed raked in thoroughly with a small hand-rake. The best months for seeding a lawn in this section are February, March, April, September, and October. Let the grass get a start of 4 inches before cutting, as too early cutting retards growth; after this cut every ten days. During dry weather it should be watered frequently in the evenings to get the best results.

The best method to renew an old lawn in which the grass is thin and bare in spots, is to go over the lawn loosening the soil thoroughly with a sharp hand rake. Then sow the seed, after which it is best to roll the ground, covering the seed in this way. It is best also to do this after the grass has been cut and just after a good rain. If this is done in the spring and fall your lawn will be kept thick and flourishing.

A top dressing of Bone Meal or Pulverized Sheep Manure in the early spring or fall is also very beneficial to old lawns already established.

To Our Customers

We come again with our annual catalogue and our cordial thanks to everyone of you, who have contributed to the growth of our business.

It has always been our ambition and desire to give the best in Seeds and Service to every order that comes to us and we fully believe that our success is due to this unvarying rule, "Good Seeds, Fair Dealing, Prompt Service and Courteous Treatment."

We assure you your orders and good-will are certainly appreciated and it will always be our endeavor to merit your continued confidence.

To those, who have never been enrolled as customers of ours, we earnestly solicit your orders, we feel sure you will be pleased and it will certainly be our pleasure to serve you.

With every good wish for your happiness and prosperity throughout the year, we remain,

Most cordially yours,

DIGGS & BEADLES, Inc.

January, 1922.

IMPORTANT NOTES AND SUGGESTIONS

The attention of our customers is respectfully called to the following information, which will, if followed, avoid misunderstandings and be an aid to purchasers as well as ourselves.

How to Send Money—Remittances may be sent us either in the form of a Post-Office Money Order, Express Money Order, Bank Draft, Certified Check, or in case it is more convenient to send money it should be inclosed in a registered letter. Postage stamps are acceptable for small amounts, provided they are carefully wrapped to prevent sticking.

We Make No Charge for Drayage or delivery of goods to any railroad station, steamship line or express office. Quotations on all freight shipments are f. o. b. Richmond. Cotton Sacks to hold Clovers, Timothy, Rape and all fine and heavy seed are charged for at current value. Present price, $2\frac{1}{2}$ bushel size, 35c; 1 bu., 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ bu. 10c; peck 8c; 4 qts. 7c.

Seeds by Mail—When small quantities are ordered weighing less than 10 lbs. we recommend forwarding by Parcel Post, as we have found this service more satisfactory for small packages to points within the third zone, but as a convenience to our customers we are quoting postpaid all Garden Seeds in quantities up to one pound. When larger quantities are ordered the necessary postage should be added. Articles quoted postpaid do not include postal insurance. If you wish your packages insured, please so state on your order, remitting extra for this service at the rate of 5 cents for each \$10.00 value or less, but, for full information and Parcel Post rates on articles and quantities not quoted postpaid, see page 2.

Seeds by Express—Express rates will average somewhat lower than Parcel Post rates on packages exceeding 10 lbs. in weight to points beyond the third zone, so when packages of 10 lbs. or more are ordered to be sent beyond this zone we would recommend forwarding by Express, as we believe in such cases, the service will not only be cheaper, but quicker. Customers ordering goods shipped by Express C. O. D. or by freight S. D. B. L. attached, must remit one-fourth of the amount with their order as an evidence of good faith. We do not make shipments by Freight C. O. D. to points where there is no bank.

Orders from Unknown Correspondents—We often receive orders from unknown correspondents requesting that we forward the goods ordered and "it will mail check." It can readily be seen that this is impracticable, as we could not afford to establish such a precedent. Please do not ask us to do this unless established credit has been previously arranged with us, as satisfactory business references must always be given by customers wishing to open accounts for credit. You run no risk in sending cash with your order. Our reputation as honest and experienced Seedsmen is well known, while our financial responsibility can be learned from any Bank, Trust Company, or Wholesale Merchant, who are subscribers to either of the Commercial Agencies.

Errors—Our firm with its money invested, its success and reputation at stake, could not permit an error to stand uncorrected. We exercise the greatest care to prevent errors, but human hands and minds must be depended upon which are not infallible, and mails will miscarry, but please remember this, that the complete satisfaction of our customers is our first wish, and if an error is made we are more anxious to correct it than you could be to have us to do so, and an opportunity to make restitution is always sincerely appreciated.

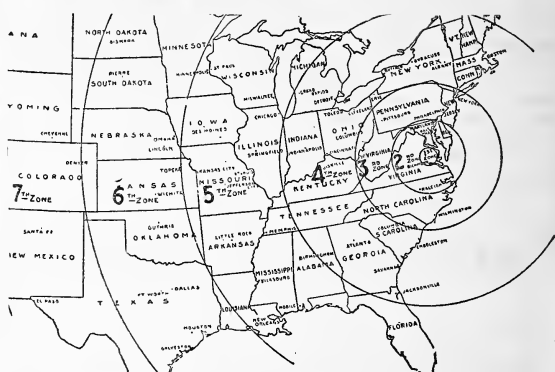
Fluctuating Prices on Farm Seeds—The prices given in this catalogue on all farm seeds, potatoes, onion sets, and poultry foods are the ruling prices at the time this catalogue goes to our printers in January, but it should be remembered that considerable time must elapse before this catalogue reaches the hands of our customers after it goes to press. The prices on these articles are constantly fluctuating, so the prices as printed in this catalogue are not binding and may change at any time; but we will enclose with each catalogue, insert price list giving our current prices. It is requested that orders be sent promptly on receipt of quotations, as prices change frequently, which sometimes causes disappointment to our customers who delay placing their orders. However, we are always glad to quote firm prices at any time on request, or we will fill open orders entrusted to us at current prices at the time of shipment. If you are a frequent purchaser of seeds and wish to receive our monthly price list, advise us and we will be glad to enter your name on our regular mailing list. It frequently occurs that the prices of articles may have changed between the time our catalogue is printed and receipt of orders. When such is the case, if the article ordered is cheaper, we will send the amount of such articles at the ruling prices. If the articles are higher we will deduct the quantity to meet the amount of remittances. We do this to save delay of correspondence. But in case you wish to limit us as to price, please so state on your order; otherwise we will fill your order as we think best.

About Warranting Seeds—We exercise the greatest care in growing, buying, examining and testing our Seeds, and we try in every department of the business to guard against mistakes and insure reliability. We maintain an up-to-date laboratory for accurate and systematic seed-testing, in charge of a thoroughly experienced seed analyst, and our customers can rest assured that all Seeds purchased from us have been thoroughly and carefully tested, and under ordinary conditions and with proper cultivation will certainly grow good crops, yet no Seedsmen can, or ever does in good faith, assume any responsibility for crops grown from Seeds supplied by them, there being too many causes known and unknown which prevent the best seeds from germinating. Therefore, in common with all responsible seed houses, we sell our goods subject to the following disclaimer, which has been universally adopted by the Seed Trade throughout the world, and it must be fully understood and agreed that all orders sent us are given and accepted only under these conditions.

Diggs & Beadles, Inc. "give no warranty, express or implied, as to growth, description, quality, productiveness or any other matter of any Seeds, Bulbs or Plants they send out, and they will not be responsible for the crop." This does not mean that we lack confidence in our Seeds. On the contrary, we have every confidence in them. It must be apparent to every intelligent person that we could not afford to send out inferior seeds as there could be no more certain way of destroying our business, but we have no control over the Seeds after they leave our hands. Especially is this true in the case of inferior seeds as the methods of planting, cultivating and fertilizing, all of which are important factors in the outcome of any crop. If we should warrant or guarantee our Seeds in any way, we might be held responsible for the failure of the crop, regardless of the cause, and this is a responsibility which, as can readily be seen, we cannot assume.

Parcel Post Zone Map With Rates of Postage

POUNDS.	Richmond & R. F. D. from Richmond.	1st & 2d Zone 1 to 150 miles.	Third Zone 150 to 300 Miles.	Fourth Zone 300 to 600 Miles.	Fifth Zone 600 to 1,000 Miles.	Sixth Zone 1,000 to 1,400 Miles.	Seventh Zone 1,400 to 1,800 Miles.	Eighth Zone 1,800 or over.
1	\$0.05	\$0.05	\$0.06	\$0.07	\$0.08	\$0.09	\$1.11	\$1.12
2	.06	.06	.08	.10	.12	.14	.21	.24
3	.07	.07	.10	.12	.15	.17	.24	.28
4	.08	.08	.12	.15	.18	.21	.31	.36
5	.09	.09	.14	.18	.22	.26	.41	.48
6	.10	.10	.16	.21	.26	.31	.51	.60
7	.11	.11	.18	.24	.30	.36	.61	.72
8	.12	.12	.20	.28	.35	.42	.71	.84
9	.13	.13	.22	.31	.39	.48	.81	.96
10	.14	.14	.24	.34	.43	.52	.91	1.08
11	.15	.15	.26	.37	.47	.57	1.01	1.20
12	.16	.16	.28	.40	.51	.62	1.11	1.32
13	.17	.17	.30	.43	.55	.67	1.21	1.44
14	.18	.18	.32	.46	.58	.71	1.31	1.56
15	.19	.19	.34	.49	.61	.75	1.41	1.68
16	.20	.20	.36	.51	.64	.79	1.51	1.80
17	.21	.21	.38	.54	.67	.83	1.61	1.92
18	.22	.22	.40	.57	.70	.87	1.71	2.04
19	.23	.23	.42	.59	.73	.90	1.81	2.16
20	.24	.24	.44	.62	.76	.94	1.91	2.28
21	.25	.25	.46	.64	.79	.97	2.01	2.40
22	.26	.26	.48	.67	.82	1.01	2.11	2.52
23	.27	.27	.50	.69	.85	1.05	2.21	2.64
24	.28	.28	.52	.71	.88	1.09	2.31	2.76
25	.29	.29	.54	.74	.91	1.13	2.41	2.88
26	.30	.30	.56	.76	.94	1.17	2.51	3.00
27	.31	.31	.58	.79	.97	1.21	2.61	3.12
28	.32	.32	.60	.81	1.00	1.25	2.71	3.24
29	.33	.33	.62	.84	1.03	1.29	2.81	3.36
30	.34	.34	.64	.86	1.06	1.33	2.91	3.48
31	.35	.35	.66	.89	1.09	1.37	3.01	3.60
32	.36	.36	.68	.91	1.12	1.41	3.11	3.72
33	.37	.37	.70	.94	1.15	1.45	3.21	3.84
34	.38	.38	.72	.96	1.18	1.49	3.31	3.96
35	.39	.39	.74	.99	1.21	1.53	3.41	4.08
36	.40	.40	.76	.101	1.24	1.57	3.51	4.20
37	.41	.41	.78	.104	1.27	1.61	3.61	4.32
38	.42	.42	.80	.106	1.30	1.65	3.71	4.44
39	.43	.43	.82	.109	1.33	1.69	3.81	4.56
40	.44	.44	.84	.111	1.36	1.73	3.91	4.68
41	.45	.45	.86	.114	1.39	1.77	4.01	4.80
42	.46	.46	.88	.116	1.42	1.81	4.11	4.92
43	.47	.47	.90	.119	1.45	1.85	4.21	5.04
44	.48	.48	.92	.121	1.48	1.89	4.31	5.16
45	.49	.49	.94	.124	1.51	1.93	4.41	5.28
46	.50	.50	.96	.126	1.54	1.97	4.51	5.40
47	.51	.51	.98	.129	1.57	2.01	4.61	5.52
48	.52	.52	1.00	.131	1.60	2.05	4.71	5.64
49	.53	.53	1.02	.134	1.63	2.09	4.81	5.76
50	.54	.54	1.04	.136	1.66	2.13	4.91	5.88
51	.55	.55	1.06	.139	1.69	2.17	5.01	6.00
52	.56	.56	1.08	.141	1.72	2.21	5.11	6.12
53	.57	.57	1.10	.144	1.75	2.25	5.21	6.24
54	.58	.58	1.12	.146	1.78	2.29	5.31	6.36
55	.59	.59	1.14	.149	1.81	2.33	5.41	6.48
56	.60	.60	1.16	.151	1.84	2.37	5.51	6.60
57	.61	.61	1.18	.154	1.87	2.41	5.61	6.72
58	.62	.62	1.20	.156	1.90	2.45	5.71	6.84
59	.63	.63	1.22	.159	1.93	2.49	5.81	6.96
60	.64	.64	1.24	.161	1.96	2.53	5.91	7.08
61	.65	.65	1.26	.164	1.99	2.57	6.01	7.20
62	.66	.66	1.28	.166	2.02	2.61	6.11	7.32
63	.67	.67	1.30	.169	2.05	2.65	6.21	7.44
64	.68	.68	1.32	.171	2.08	2.69	6.31	7.56
65	.69	.69	1.34	.174	2.11	2.73	6.41	7.68
66	.70	.70	1.36	.176	2.14	2.77	6.51	7.80
67	.71	.71	1.38	.179	2.17	2.81	6.61	7.92
68	.72	.72	1.40	.181	2.20	2.85	6.71	8.04
69	.73	.73	1.42	.184	2.23	2.89	6.81	8.16
70	.74	.74	1.44	.186	2.26	2.93	6.91	8.28
71	.75	.75	1.46	.189	2.29	2.97	7.01	8.40
72	.76	.76	1.48	.191	2.32	3.01	7.11	8.52
73	.77	.77	1.50	.194	2.35	3.05	7.21	8.64
74	.78	.78	1.52	.196	2.38	3.09	7.31	8.76
75	.79	.79	1.54	.199	2.41	3.13	7.41	8.88
76	.80	.80	1.56	.201	2.44	3.17	7.51	9.00
77	.81	.81	1.58	.204	2.47	3.21	7.61	9.12
78	.82	.82	1.60	.206	2.50	3.25	7.71	9.24
79	.83	.83	1.62	.209	2.53	3.29	7.81	9.36
80	.84	.84	1.64	.211	2.56	3.33	7.91	9.48
81	.85	.85	1.66	.214	2.59	3.37	8.01	9.60
82	.86	.86	1.68	.216	2.62	3.41	8.11	9.72
83	.87	.87	1.70	.219	2.65	3.45	8.21	9.84
84	.88	.88	1.72	.221	2.68	3.49	8.31	9.96
85	.89	.89	1.74	.224	2.71	3.53	8.41	10.08
86	.90	.90	1.76	.226	2.74	3.57	8.51	10.20
87	.91	.91	1.78	.229	2.77	3.61	8.61	10.32
88	.92	.92	1.80	.231	2.80	3.65	8.71	10.44
89	.93	.93	1.82	.234	2.83	3.69	8.81	10.56
90	.94	.94	1.84	.236	2.86	3.73	8.91	10.68
91	.95	.95	1.86	.239	2.89	3.77	9.01	10.80
92	.96	.96	1.88	.241	2.92	3.81	9.11	10.92
93	.97	.97	1.90	.244	2.95	3.85	9.21	11.04
94	.98	.98	1.92	.246	2.98	3.89	9.31	11.16
95	.99	.99	1.94	.249	3.01	3.93	9.41	11.28
96	1.00	1.00	1.96	.251	3.04	3.97	9.51	11.40
97	1.01	1.01	1.98	.254	3.07	4.01	9.61	11.52
98	1.02	1.02	2.00	.256	3.10	4.05	9.71	11.64
99	1.03	1.03	2.02	.259	3.13	4.09	9.81	11.76
100	1.04	1.04	2.04	.261	3.16	4.13	9.91	11.88



Poisons and Liquids Cannot Be Sent by Parcel Post

Practically all articles listed in this Catalogue other than poisons and liquids may be sent by Parcel Post, but as a convenience to our customers we are quoting postpaid all Garden Seeds in quantities up to one pound but when larger quantities are ordered sent by mail add the necessary postage as per the rate table which is very convenient and shows at a glance the amount of postage required on packages of all weights admitted to the mails. When pounds are ordered, remit postage for two pounds; when two pounds are ordered remit postage for three pounds, and so on, as the wrapping and packing of the package will make it run over the actual weight ordered. When figuring the amount of postage, if in doubt as to the exact amount required, you can remit even more than you think necessary, and we will return the amount not needed, as we cannot forward packages postage collect, nor charge on our books small amounts due for postage stamps. On other articles through the Catalogue admitted to Parcel Post and not quoted postpaid, the mailing weight is given, so that the correct amount of postage required can be easily ascertained, according to the zone in which you are located from Richmond.

The map above will indicate in what zone you are located, measuring from Richmond, but if you are in doubt as to this, ask your postmaster. The weight limit in the first and second zones is 70 pounds; all other zones, 50 pounds. When it is desired, of course, larger quantities may be mailed by making the shipment into two or more packages, provided no package weighs more than the prescribed weight.

If you wish your Parcel Post package insured, please so state on your order, remitting extra for this service at the rate of 5 cts. for each \$10.00 value or less.

FARM AND GARDEN CALENDER

MONTHLY OPERATIONS FOR THE FARM AND GARDEN—WHEN AND WHAT TO SOW

The Time of Planting as Given Below Applies for Latitude of Richmond; Therefore Allowances Should Accordingly Be Made for More Northern or Southern Climates.

JANUARY. Send us your Spring Katalogue. If your hotbeds have not already been prepared, attend to them at once, and sow Cabbage, Lettuce, Beets, Radish, Cauliflower and Onions. Sow hardy Flower Seeds in hotbeds for early blooming. Secure manure and cut pea and bean poles. Top-dress grain and grass fields.

FEBRUARY. Continue top-dressing Grain and Grass fields. Sow in hotbed or cold frames Cabbage, Lettuce, Cauliflower, Cucumber, Onions, Tomato, Egg Plant and Pepper. Latter part of the month sow in open ground Spring Kale, Beets, Spinach, Carrots, Celery, Radish, Parsley, Cress, Endive, Peas, Pot. asparagus, Horse Radish, and Rhubarb Roots, Onion Sets, hardy Lettuce and Cabbage Plants. Plant Irish Potatoes on high, well-drained soil. Sow Tobacco Seed, Winter Onions, Canada Field Peas, Grass and Clover Seeds.

MARCH. Sow under glass—Tomato, Cabbage, Egg Plant, and Flower Seed. Sow outside—Garden Peas, Cauliflower, Cabbage, Lettuce, Beets, Radish, Parsley, Parsnip, Salsify, Carrots, Celery, Asparagus and Onions. Sow Herb Seed in warm borders. Plant Onion Sets, Irish Potatoes, Asparagus, Rhubarb and Horse Radish. Sow hardy Flower Seeds. Cabbage, Lettuce and Cauliflower plants. Sow Dwarf Essex Rape, Canada Field Peas, Winter and Spring Onions, Grass and Clover Seed. Plant Artichokes for hogs.

APRIL. Finish sowing Canada Field Peas, Onions, Grass and Clover Seed. Sow Irish Potatoes, Artichokes, Beets, Sweet Potatoes, Set out Asparagus, Rhubarb and Onions. Sow Cabbage, Lettuce and Tomatoes in open ground for succession. Sow Beets, Carrots, Celery, Radish, Salsify, Parsnip, Parsley, Spring Kale, Herbs, Mangel Wurzels, Set out Cabbage, Lettuce, Onions, and Beet Plants. Sow hardy Flower Seed outside. Plant Early Corn, Garden Peas, Snap Beans. Later in the month plant Cucumbers, Melons, Squash, and Peanuts, if weather is favorable.

MAY. Finish planting early vegetables that were omitted last month. Plant all varieties of Dwarf and Pole Beans, Black-eye Peas, Cantaloupes, and Watermelons, Cucumber, Squash, Okra, Pumpkin and Stock Beets. Sow Tomato and Cabbage Seed for late crop. Set out Tobacco, Cabbage, Lettuce, Cauliflower, Tomato, Egg Plants, Pepper and Sweet

Potato Plants. Sow Flower Seed and plant Flowering Bulbs. Plant Sugar and Field Corns, Peanuts and Cotton. Sow Sorghum, Millet, Cow Peas, and Fodder Plants.

JUNE. Sow Tomato and Cabbage for late crop. Plant Watermelons, Cantaloupes, Cucumbers, Squash and Pumpkin, Dwarf and Pole Beans, Stock Beets. Sow Millet, Sorghum, Soja Beans, and Fodder Plants.

JULY. For succession, plant Snap Beans, Sugar Corn and Dwarf Lima Beans. Plant Cucumbers for Pickles and Potatoes for late crops. Sow Rutabagas and Turnips. Set out Cabbage and Celery plants. Sow Black-eye and Cow Peas, Soja Beans, Buckwheat and Millet.

AUGUST. This is the best month for sowing Turnip, Rutabagas and Winter Radish. Sow Spinach, Kale, Lettuce, Endive, and Corn Salad. Sow Snap Beans and Peas for late crop. Sow Crimson Cabbage, Vetch, Rape, Winter Onions, Rye and Barley for winter grazing. Set out Celery, Lettuce and Cabbage Plants; also set out Onion Sets.

SEPTEMBER. Set out Cabbage, Early Cabbage and Cauliflower for transplanting. Transplant Lettuce, Cabbage and Celery. Set out Onions, sow Turnips, Kale, Spinach, Winter Radish, Corn Salad and Endive. Sow Lawn Grass and all varieties of Grasses and Clovers. Sow Winter Onions, Rye, Barley, Rape, and Vetch.

OCTOBER. Finish sowing Cabbage, Lettuce, Turnips for Salad, Kale and Spinach. Sow Lawn Grass Set out Plant Endive, Tulips, and Flowering Bulbs for spring blooming. Finish sowing all varieties of Grass and Clover Seed. Sow Dwarf Essex Rape, Vetch, Oats, Wheat, Rye and Barley.

NOVEMBER. Set out Cabbage, Lettuce, Strawberry Plants and Asparagus Roots. Plant all kinds of Flowering Bulbs for spring blooming. This is the best month for setting out Fruit and Shade Trees. Finish sowing all varieties of Grain and Grass as early in the month as possible. Sow Canada Field Peas.

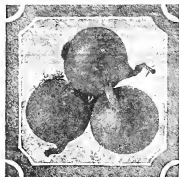
DECEMBER. Early in the month sow Canada Field Peas and Rye. Cabbage, Radish, Lettuce and Beets can be sown in hotbeds.

PLANTING, MATURITY AND WEIGHT TABLE

THIS CAREFULLY PREPARED TABLE ANSWERS HUNDREDS OF QUESTIONS MOST GARDENERS AND FARMERS WANT TO KNOW.

This is for field planting, and where plants and roots are stated, it is necessary to have them ready beforehand. The third column indicates the distance that the plant should stand in the rows, and where seed is sown they should be thinned out to this distance. The fifth column indicates maturity from the time plants are planted in the field, or seeds are sown in the field. Also note that the last column is the approximate weight of seeds and not products. Time of planting and maturity is for latitude of Richmond, therefore allowances should accordingly be made for more Northern and Southern climates.

VARIETY	Time to Sow or Plant.	Distance of the Rows Apart.	Distance of Plants in Rows	Quantity to Sow or Plant per Acre.	Ready for Use	No. of Lbs. of Seed Per Bu.
Alfalfa	Feb., Mch., & Aug. to Oct. 15th.	Broadcast.	Broadcast.	30 lbs.	May of next year.	60 lbs.
Artichokes—Tubers	Mch. and Apr.	3 feet.	18 inches.	6 to 8 bus.	October.	50 lbs.
Asparagus—Seed	Mch. and Apr.	18 inches.	4 inches.	8 to 10 lbs.	2 years.	60 lbs.
Asparagus—Roots	Feb., Mch., Nov.	6 to 8 feet.	15 to 15 inches.	4,000 to 7,000.	2 years.	60 lbs.
Beans—Dwarf Snap	Apr. to Sept.	2 1/2 to 3 feet.	3 to 4 inches.	30 lbs.	8 weeks.	60 lbs.
Beans—Dwarf Lima	May, June, July.	3 feet.	18 ins. to 2 ft.	20 lbs.	10 weeks.	60 lbs.
Beans—Pole	May and June.	4 feet.	3 feet.	15 lbs.	12 weeks.	60 lbs.
Beans—Navy	June and July.	2 1/2 to 3 feet.	12 inches.	20 lbs.	October.	60 lbs.
Beans—Soya (In drills)	May and June.	3 feet.	6 to 12 inches.	30 lbs.	September.	60 lbs.
Beans—Soya	May and June.	Broadcast.	Broadcast.	75 to 90 lbs.	September.	60 lbs.
Beans—Velvet	May.	Broadcast.	Broadcast.	50 lbs.	Sept. and Oct.	60 lbs.
Beans—Velvet Drill	May.	3 feet.	12 inches.	50 lbs.	Sept. and Oct.	60 lbs.
Barley	Aug. to Nov.	Broadcast.	Broadcast.	50 to 75 lbs.	June.	48 lbs.
Beets—Table	Feb. to Aug.	2 feet.	4 inches.	6 to 8 lbs.	2 months	60 lbs.
Beets—Stock	Apr., May, June.	Apr. to 3 feet.	6 inches.	5 to 6 lbs.	October.	48 lbs.
Blackwheat	June to Aug. 15th.	Broadcast.	Broadcast.	50 lbs.	October.	48 lbs.
Cabbage Seed—(Early)	Feb., Mch., Apr. and Sept.	Broadcast.	Broadcast.	8 ounces.	May, June, July	60 lbs.
Cabbage Seed—(Late)	May, June, July.	Broadcast.	Broadcast.	8 ounces.	Oct. and Nov.	60 lbs.
Cabbage Plants—(Early)	Mch., Apr., Nov.	Broadcast.	18 inches.	8,000 to 10,000.	May, June, July.	60 lbs.
Cabbage Plants—(Late)	July and Aug.	3 to 3 1/2 feet.	2 to 3 feet.	8,000 to 8,000.	Oct. and Nov.	60 lbs.
Carrot	Mch. to June.	2 feet.	3 to 4 inches.	3 to 4 lbs.	60 days.	60 lbs.
Celery—Seed	Feb. and Mch.	11 to 12 feet.	2 to 4 inches.	2 to 4 lbs.	November.	60 lbs.
Celery—Plants	July and Aug.	4 feet.	6 to 12 inches.	15,000 to 25,000	November.	60 lbs.
Clover—Red and Mammoth	Feb., Mch., & July to Nov. list.	Broadcast.	Broadcast.	12 lbs.	June to next year.	60 lbs.
Clover—Alsike	Feb., Mch., & July to Nov. list.	Broadcast.	Broadcast.	10 lbs.	June to next year.	60 lbs.
Clover—Crimson	July to Nov.	Broadcast.	Broadcast.	20 lbs.	May to next year.	60 lbs.
Clover—Sweet	Mch. and Apr.	Broadcast.	Broadcast.	15 to 20 lbs.	May.	60 lbs.
Corn—Garden	Apr. to July 10th.	3 to 3 1/2 feet.	12 to 18 inches.	10 to 12 lbs.	2 to 3 months.	44 to 56.
Corn—Field (drill)	Apr. to July 1st.	3 1/2 to 4 1/2 feet.	12 to 18 inches.	12 to 14 lbs.	3 to 4 months.	56 lbs.
Corn—Field (checked)	Apr. to July 1st.	3 1/2 to 4 1/2 feet.	3 1/2 to 4 feet.	10 to 12 lbs.	3 to 4 months.	56 lbs.
Cucumber	Apr. to July.	4 to 5 feet.	2 feet.	2 to 3 lbs.	2 months.	40 lbs.
Egg Plant—Seed	Feb. and Mch.	Broadcast.	8 ounces.	6 ounces.	3 to 4 months.	60 lbs.
Egg Plant	May and June.	Broadcast.	6 feet.	5,000 to 6,000.	60 days.	60 lbs.
Grass Seed—(Light)	Feb. to Apr. 10th.	Broadcast.	Broadcast.	30 lbs.	June of next year.	14 lbs.
Grass Seed—(Timothy)	Feb. and March.	Broadcast.	Broadcast.	15 lbs.	July to next year.	45 lbs.
Grass Seed—(Lawn)	Feb. and Mch.	Broadcast.	Broadcast.	60 to 80 lbs.	November.	60 lbs.
Kale—Spring	Feb. to May 1st.	Broadcast.	Broadcast.	8 to 10 lbs.	4 to 6 weeks.	60 lbs.
Kale—Winter	Aug. to Nov.	Broadcast.	Broadcast.	3 to 4 lbs.	November.	60 lbs.
Lettuce—Seed	Feb. to June and Aug. to Nov.	Broadcast.	Broadcast.	2 lbs.	2 to 3 months.	60 lbs.
Lettuce—Plants	Feb. to June and Aug. to Nov.	18 to 24 inches.	8 to 12 inches.	20,000 to 40,000.	2 months	60 lbs.
Melocotron or Cantaloupe	May and June.	4 to 6 ft.	4 to 6 feet.	2 lbs.	2 1/2 to 3 months.	60 lbs.
Melon—Water	May and June.	8 to 10 feet.	8 to 10 feet.	2 lbs.	3 months.	60 lbs.
Millet—German	May to Aug. 1st.	Broadcast.	Broadcast.	50 to 75 lbs.	60 days.	50 lbs.
Oats—Spring	Mch. and Apr.	Broadcast.	Broadcast.	50 to 65 lbs.	Last half of June.	32 lbs.
Oats—Winter	Aug., Sept., Oct.	Broadcast.	Broadcast.	65 lbs.	June 20 to July 1.	32 lbs.
Okra	Apr. and May.	Broadcast.	8 to 10 inches.	8 to 10 lbs.	60 days.	60 lbs.
Onions—For large bulbs	Mch. and Apr.	15 to 24 inches	3 inches	4 to 5 lbs.	July and Aug.	60 lbs.
Onions—For sets	Mch. and Apr.	12 to 18 inches.	30 to 40 lbs.	30 to 40 lbs.	July and Aug.	60 lbs.
Onion—Sets	Feb. to May and Sept. and Oct.	18 to 24 inches.	4 inches.	175 to 200 lbs.	May and June.	32 lbs.
Parsnips	Mch. and Apr.	11 to 2 feet.	4 inches.	5 to 7 lbs.	October.	60 lbs.
Peanuts	May and June.	3 feet.	15 to 18 inches.	25 to 35 lbs.	November.	60 lbs.
Peas—Garden Smooth	Feb. to May.	3 feet.	2 to 4 inches.	100 lbs.	8 weeks.	60 lbs.
Peas—Garden Wrink ed	Mch. to May.	3 feet.	2 to 4 inches.	100 lbs.	8 to 10 weeks.	56 lbs.
Peas—Canada Field	Feb. to May and in November.	Broadcast.	Broadcast.	100 lbs.	June.	60 lbs.
Peas—Cow	May to Aug. 1st.	Broadcast.	Broadcast.	90 lbs.	3 months.	60 lbs.
Pepper—Seed	Feb. and Mch.	Broadcast.	Broadcast.	8 ounces.	July and Aug.	60 lbs.
Pepper—Plant	May and June.	Broadcast.	Broadcast.	10,000 to 14,000.	July and Aug.	60 lbs.
Potatoes Irish—Early	Mch. and Apr.	2 1/2 to 3 feet.	15 to 18 inches.	8 to 12 bushel.	June and July.	60 lbs.
Potatoes Irish—Late	June and July.	2 1/2 to 3 feet.	15 to 18 inches.	8 to 12 bushels.	Oct. to Nov.	60 lbs.
Potatoes—Sweet Plants	May to July 15.	3 feet.	18 to 24 inches.	7,000 to 8,000.	September.	60 lbs.
Pumpkin	May and June.	8 to 10 feet.	8 to 10 feet.	20 lbs.	October.	60 lbs.
Radish	Feb. to May and Aug. and Sept.	Broadcast.	Broadcast.	20 lbs.	24 to 40 days.	56 lbs.
Rape	Feb. to Oct.	Broadcast.	Broadcast.	10 to 12 lbs.	6 to 8 weeks.	56 lbs.
Rye	Aug. to Dec.	Broadcast.	Broadcast.	60 to 80 lbs.	June.	56 lbs.
Salsify	Mch. to May 10th.	11 to 2 feet.	3 to 4 inches.	6 to 8 lbs.	October.	50 lbs.
Sorghum—For sets	May and June.	Broadcast.	Broadcast.	75 to 100 lbs.	September.	50 lbs.
Sorghum—(In drills)	May and June.	3 feet.	4 to 6 inches.	20 lbs.	November.	50 lbs.
Spinach—In drills)	Feb., Mch., Apr. & Aug. to Nov.	15 to 18 inches.	2 inches.	20 lbs.	60 days.	60 lbs.
Spinach—(Broadcast)	Feb., Mch., Apr. & Aug. to Nov.	Broadcast.	Broadcast.	40 lbs.	60 days.	60 lbs.
Squash	Apr., May, June.	4 feet.	4 feet.	3 lbs.	Aug. to Oct.	60 lbs.
Teosinte	May and June.	3 to 3 1/2 feet.	8 to 10 inches.	3 to 3 1/2 feet.	Aug. to Oct.	60 lbs.
Tobacco—Plants	May and June.	3 to 4 feet.	2 to 3 feet.	4,000 to 5,000.	Sept. to Oct.	60 lbs.
Tobacco—Seed	Feb. to June.	Broadcast.	Broadcast.	6 ounces.	June 20 until frost.	60 lbs.
Tomato—Plants	May to July.	3 feet.	2 to 3 feet.	2,000 to 4,000.	June 20 until frost.	60 lbs.
Turnip	July 1 to Sept. 15.	2 feet.	4 inches.	1 to 1 1/2 lbs.	11 to 2 months.	60 lbs.
Turnip—(Broadcast)	July 1 to Sept. 15.	Broadcast.	Broadcast.	2 lbs.	11 to 2 months.	60 lbs.
Vegetable—Winter Field	Sept. to Nov.	Broadcast.	Broadcast.	50 lbs.	May of next year.	60 lbs.
Wheat	Sept. to Nov. 15	Broadcast.	Broadcast.	75 to 100 lbs.	May 20.	60 lbs.



ASPARAGUS



CULTURE.—When it is desired to grow Asparagus from seed it should be sowed outside in March or April as soon as the spring weather opens. Sow from 1 to 2 ounces of seed to 100 feet of row, and thin plants to 12 inches apart in the row. When it is up give frequent cultivations until the plants are one year old, when they should be transplanted to permanent beds. Turn & double furrow, leaving a trench 8 to 10 inches deep; fill trench one-half full of good barn manure and cover with good loam soil, then set the roots 16 to 18 inches apart in rows 3 feet apart and cover 3 inches with loam. When the shoots break through the ground cover again with a liberal quantity of manure, and gradually fill in with earth and manure until level with the surface. Cultivate well throughout the summer and keep down all weeds. When the tops die in November cut off and apply more manure. Continue applying manure yearly, and use your best soil, as you cannot get it too rich, or can you use too much manure on Asparagus. Cut it lightly until the second year; after that cut freely. One hundred roots will supply a family of four.

PALMETTO.—This is the favorite and the earliest variety grown in the South. It is becoming more popular every year with both market and home gardeners. It is adapted to all sections where Asparagus can be grown. It grows to a large size and is very productive. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25 cts.; lb. 70 cts. postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 60 cts.

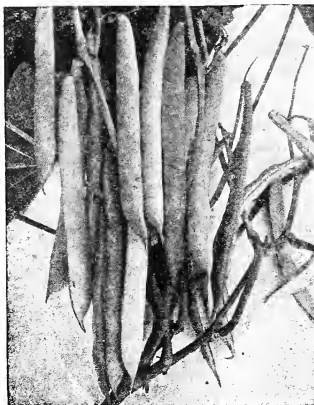
GIANT ARGENTIEUL.—One of the largest French sorts, and is very popular in trucking sections where it has been grown. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25 cts.; lb. 75 cts. postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 65 cts.

ASPARAGUS ROOTS.—The quickest, most satisfactory way to grow Asparagus is from the roots. \$1.35 per 100, postpaid. Not postpaid, \$1.60 per 100; \$7.50 per 1,000.

ASPARAGUS KNIVES.—Very handy and useful for cutting Asparagus. Each 40 cts. (postpaid 45 cts.).

BUSH SNAP BEANS

CULTURE.—These can be planted any time from April 1st (or after danger of late frost is past) to September 1st. They thrive best in good light, loamy soil, as they have a tendency to rust if planted in stiff or heavy soil. Plant in rows $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 feet apart and 3 to 4 inches apart in the rows. Cover $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches deep. Give only light cultivation after plants are 6 inches high. About 2 pounds is required to plant 100 feet of row, and from 30 to 60 pounds to the acre.

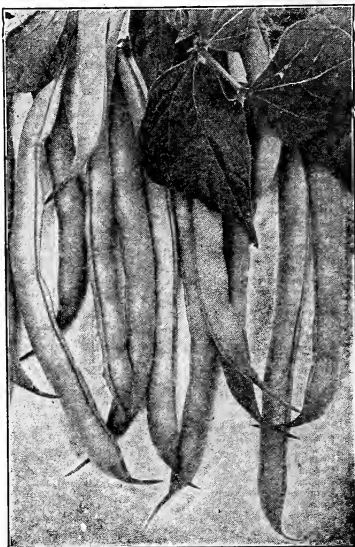


Longfellow.

Green-Podded Varieties

BURPEE'S STRINGLESS GREEN POD.—This is absolutely a stringless bean, and this quality alone puts it ahead of most table beans. The pods break as short and as free as pipe stems. It is also extra early and of splendid table qualities. One of the best sorts for market gardeners and home use. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 35 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 25 cts.; 5 lbs. 90 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.75; 50 lbs. \$7.50.

D. & B.'s IMPROVED RED VALENTINE.—This is decidedly the most popular bean grown in this section for market gardeners and family use. They are ready to pick seven weeks after planting. The pods are round, thick and fleshy, of good quality and flavor. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 35 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 25 cts.; 5 lbs. 85 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.50; 50 lbs. \$6.75.



Burpee's Stringless Green Pod.

Fairview Farm, Kapns Mill, N. C., Jan. 23, 1922.
Gentlemen:—I have ordered Seeds from you for several years, and find them entirely satisfactory in every respect, and have referred others to you as being a perfectly reliable Seed House.
Yours very truly,
J. R. NORMAN, Prop.



D. & B.'s Improved Early Red Valentine Beans.

Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 35 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 25 cts.; 5 lbs. 95 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.80; 50 lbs. \$8.

DAVIS KIDNEY WHITE WAX.—A desirable variety for market gardeners. Early, productive, ripen uniformly; attractive, clear, yellow pods; also good shell bean to use dry. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 35 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 25 cts.; 5 lbs. 85 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.60; 50 lbs. \$7.00.



Pencil Pod Black Wax

BLACK VALENTINE.—An extra-early variety, being a week earlier than the Red Valentine. It is black-seeded with round pods, very prolific, and hardy. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 35 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 25 cts.; 5 lbs. 95 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.80; 50 lbs. \$8.

FULL MEASURE.—A comparatively new prolific stringless green pod bean, of splendid quality. The pods are long, round, firm and tender, and remain fit for use a number of days after maturity. We consider this a valuable variety. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 35 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 25 cts.; 5 lbs. 85 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.50; 50 lbs. \$6.75.

BOUNTIFUL.—This is one of the first early varieties and continues in bearing through a longer season than most other sorts. The pods are deep green, extra long, thick and meaty, with very few strings. Is a hardy bean and if left to ripen, makes a good dry shell bean for winter use. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 35 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 25 cts.; 5 lbs. 85 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.60; 50 lbs. \$7.00.

LONGFELLOW.—A valuable green round-podded variety of the Valentine type, but with longer and straighter pods, very prolific and hardy. It is extra early and a popular sort. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 35 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 25 cts.; 5 lbs. 85 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.50; 50 lbs. \$6.50.

LONG YELLOW SIX WEEKS.—An extra-early, vigorous and hardy variety for earliest plantings; long, full-meated, flat pods, of good quality. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 35 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 25 cts.; 5 lbs. 85 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.50; 50 lbs. \$6.75.

REFUGEE, or ONE THOUSAND TO ONE.—Pods are perfectly round and straight; is very hardy and an immense yielder, but is especially recommended for late planting. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 35 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 25 cts.; 5 lbs. 90 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.75; 50 lbs. \$7.50.

Wax-Podded Varieties

PENCIL POD BLACK WAX.—Most popular Wax variety for home use. Pods round, brittle, of buttery flavor when cooked. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 35 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 25 cts.; 5 lbs. 90 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.75; 50 lbs. \$7.50.

IMPROVED DWARF GOLDEN WAX.—Early variety; Rustless; pods rich golden color. Good for home garden. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 35 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 25 cts.; 5 lbs. 95 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.80; 50 lbs. \$8.



Old Homestead.

POLE, SNAP BEANS

CULTURE.—These can be planted after danger of frost is past from May 1st through June in rows 4 feet apart, and in raised hills 4 feet apart in the rows. Plant about 5 beans in a circle around the hill covered 1½ inches, and when 6 inches high thin to 3 plants. Before planting fix firmly in the center of each hill a pole 5 to 8 feet high. About 1 lb. is required to plant 100 ft. of row. These beans may also be planted among the corn, 1 or 2 beans by each stalk of corn, and the vines will run up on the corn.

OLD HOMESTEAD, or IMPROVED KENTUCKY WONDER.—It is very productive. Grows in clusters; has long, crisp, tender pods of a bright green color. The most popular Pole Snap Bean. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 35 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 25 cts.; 5 lbs. 90 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.75; 50 lbs. \$7.50.

WHITE KENTUCKY WONDER.—Similar to the Old Homestead, but is earlier and covers a longer season of productiveness, and a decided improvement on its parent; being white-seeded makes it also a splendid white shell bean. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 35 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 25 cts.; 5 lbs. 90 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.75; 50 lbs. \$7.50.

BEANS BY WEIGHT

The quantity of Beans by weight as compared to the quantity by measure as formerly used is about as follows:

1 pound equals about 1 pint.	10 lbs. equals about 5 quarts.
2 lbs. equal about 1 quart.	15 lbs. equal about 1 peck.
5 lbs. equal about 2½ quarts.	60 lbs. equal about 1 bushel.

POLE LIMA BEANS

CULTURE.—Plant after danger of frost is past in April and May in raised hills 3 feet apart in the row and rows 4 feet apart. Plant 5 beans in a circle around the hill, with the eyes of the seeds downward and cover 1½ inches. When 6 inches high thin to 3 plants to the hill. Fix firmly in the center of each hill a pole 5 to 8 feet high, and when plants show runners help the vines to start by twining them around the pole from right to left. They require only light cultivation after plants are 8 inches high. One-half pound will plant about 150 feet of row.

D. & B.'S IMPROVED POLE LIMA.—Much larger and quite an improvement over the Small Lima and earlier and much more prolific than the Large White Lima. A very popular bean. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 35 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 25 cts.; 5 lbs. \$1.00; 10 lbs. \$1.90; 50 lbs. \$8.75.

SMALL LIMA, or BUTTER BEAN.—Earlier and more productive than the Large Lima. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 35 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 25 cts.; 5 lbs. 90 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.75; 50 lbs. \$8.00.

FORD'S MAMMOTH-PODDED LIMA.—A very large and popular White Lima Bean. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 35 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 25 cts.; 5 lbs. 95 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.75; 50 lbs. \$8.00.

LARGE WHITE LIMA.—The well-known variety; has large beans and pods. A favorite for family use. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 35 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 25 cts.; 5 lbs. 90 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.75; 50 lbs. \$8.00.

DWARF LIMA BEANS

CULTURE.—Plant after danger of frost is past in April, May or June in rows 3 feet apart, and place beans, eyes downward, 15 inches apart in the row, covering them 1½ inches. About 1 pound is required for 100 feet of row; 30 pounds to the acre. If plants show runners, do not think you have planted by mistake Pole Beans, as Bush Beans were bred from Pole Beans, and, therefore, sometimes show a tendency to run, but pinch or clip off the runners, and this is all that will be necessary.

BURPEE'S FORDHOOK BUSH LIMA.—A Bush Lima Bean, bearing large pods with 4 or 5 very large, thick beans crowded in the pod. The beans are unsurpassed in flavor and tenderness. We consider this decidedly the best large Lima Bean offered. Plants grow upright 18 to 20 inches high, holding the beans well off the ground. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 40 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 30 cts.; 5 lbs. \$1.15; 10 lbs. \$2.15; 50 lbs. \$10.00.

BURPEE'S IMPROVED BUSH LIMA.—Of enormous size and 8 days earlier than the old Burpee's Bush Lima, and the beans are larger and thicker. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 40 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 30 cts.; 5 lbs. \$1.10; 10 lbs. \$2.10; 50 lbs. \$9.50.

HENDERSON'S BUSH LIMA.

The original well-known small Bush Lima. It is early, a large yielder and of good flavor. A favorite variety. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 35 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 25 cts.; 5 lbs. 85 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.60; 50 lbs. \$7.00.

WOOD'S PROLIFIC BUSH LIMA.

A very good medium-sized Bush Bean, larger than the Henderson's Bush and not as large as the Burpee's Bush. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 35 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 25 cts.; 5 lbs. 95 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.75; 50 lbs. \$7.75.

BRUSSELS SPROUTS

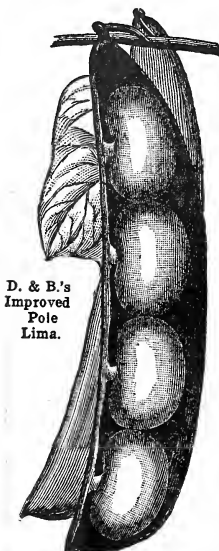
Brussels Sprouts resemble miniature cabbage, which form and grow closely around stalk of plant at axile of leaves, which should be broken down in the fall to give little heads more room. Seed should be sowed in a hotbed and transplanted to rows when ready, any time from April to August, 2 ft. apart, with plants 18 to 24 ins. apart in row. Cultivated and treated in all respects like winter cabbage or kale. One ounce of seed will produce about 1,500 plants. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 60 cts.

COLLARDS

Grown very largely in the Southern States, where it is used as a substitute for cabbage, as it is easier to grow, also hardier, thrives better on poor soil, and is not as susceptible to insects. It is frequently sown in the early spring months, but seems to do best when sowed in June, July or August. Transplant and cultivate like late cabbage, and keep well worked. It is said the flavor is improved by a touch of frost, and makes a splendid dish for fall and winter use. One ounce of seed produces about 1,500 plants.

NORTH CAROLINA SHORT STEM.—Large, spreading leaves; very hardy; good flavor. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 25 cts.; lb. 85 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 75c.

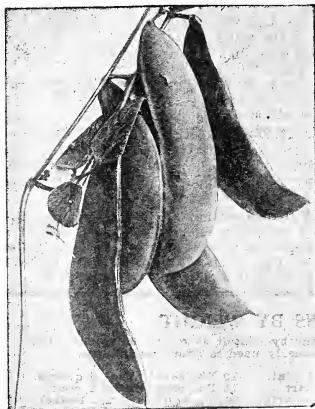
GEORGIA, or SOUTHERN.—A very old and popular variety. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 20 cts.; lb. 70 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 60 cts.



D. & B.'s Improved Pole Lima.



Fordhook Bush Lima.



Prolific Bush Lima.



Georgia Collard.

BEETS

CULTURE.—For very early crop the seed should be sowed in hotbeds or started in boxes in the house in January and February. After danger of frost is past, transplant and set them in rows 2 to 3 feet apart, and 6 to 8 inches apart in the rows. Or they can be sown outside from March to July, as desired, for medium, early or late crop, in drills, covering 1 inch, and plants thinned to 6 to 8 inches. Beets should be grown in light, clean, deep soil, and kept well cultivated. Two ounces of seed will sow 100 feet of row, and about 7 pounds are required to sow an acre.

CROSBY'S IMPROVED EGYPTIAN.—A very early strain of the old standard Egyptian; small tops, good shape; popular with the truckers. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25 cts.; lb. 65 cts. postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 55 cts.

CRIMSON GLOBE.—Early, rich crimson; perfect globe; smooth and clean. Very attractive, and a general favorite. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25 cts.; lb. 65 cts. postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 55 cts.

DETROIT DARK RED.—A fine strain of Blood Turnip, but more uniform in size, smooth, rich red color; tender and remaining so for a long time. Good for both summer and fall use; one of the best for home use. Medium size. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25 cts.; lb. 65 cts. postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 55 cts.

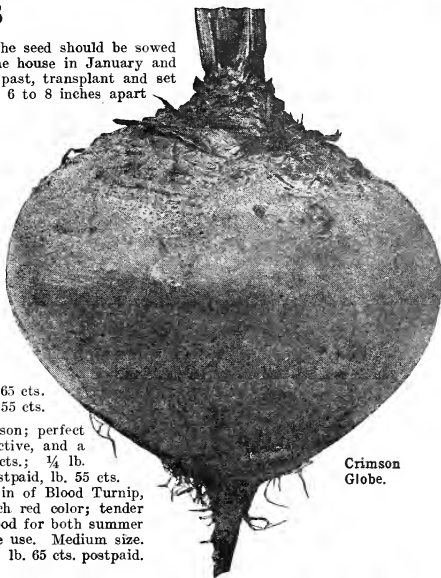
EXTRA EARLY ECLIPSE.—A most popular market beet; globe-shaped, dark and tender; very early. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20 cts.; lb. 60 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 50 cts.

IMPROVED EARLY BLOOD TURNIP.—Dark red, smooth, uniform; a good variety for home use. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c; lb. 60c, postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 50c.

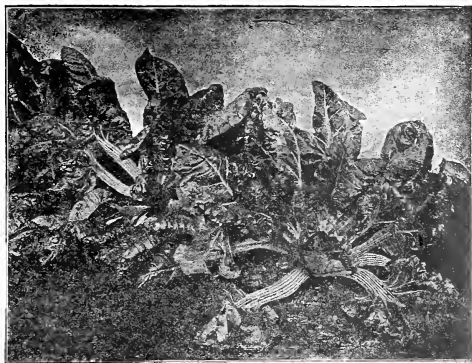
SWISS CHARD, or SILVER-LEAVED BEET.—Grown for its leaves and stems only. Cook the leaves as you do spinach, and the stems like asparagus. Leaves grow from 20 inches to 2 feet in length. Plant is almost perpetual if kept trimmed; also good for poultry greens. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25 cts.; lb. 75 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 65 cts.

Mangel, or Stock Beet

CULTURE.—These can be sowed in April, May and June, drilled in rows 3 feet apart and the plants thinned to 6 or 8 inches apart in the row. They should be well cultivated until they get well started. Sow 1 ounce to about 75 feet of row; 6 pounds to the acre. Stock Beets grow to an enormous size on good land and make splendid food for stock of all kinds.



Crimson Globe.

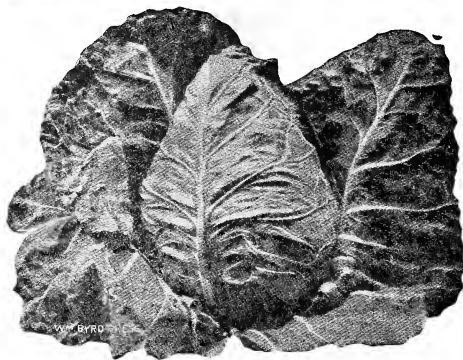


Swiss Chard, or Silver-Leaved Beet.

MAMMOTH PRIZE LONG RED.—This is by far the most popular and satisfactory of the mangels to grow. It is hardy and produces large crops with little care. The roots grow to a large size, some of them weighing 20 lbs. or more. It makes fine rich food for stock. Oz. 5 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 15 cts.; lb. 50 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 40 cts.

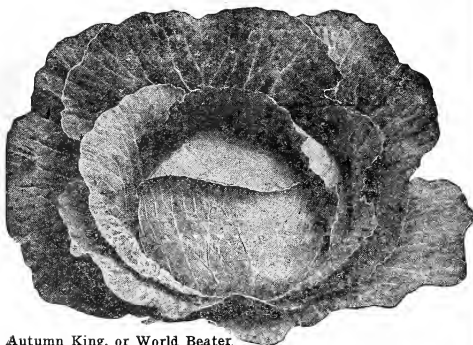
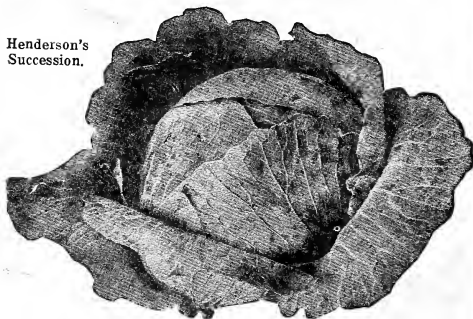
GOLDEN TANKARD.—Rich, yellow, well-shaped; good yielder. Oz. 5 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 15 cts.; lb. 50 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 40 cts.

Mammoth Prize Long Red.



D. & B's Selected Early Jersey Wakefield.

Henderson's
Succession.



Autumn King, or World Beater

WATER CRESS or PEPPER GRASS

Sow Water Cress in the spring along brooks or in mucky land. It makes a desirable and attractive plant along brooks and ponds. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 45 cts.

CABBAGE

CULTURE.—To make an early crop of Cabbage the seed can be sowed in hotbeds or in boxes in the house in January, February and March, or for later crop can be sowed outside from April to June, but to make the earliest Spring Cabbage the seed should be sowed outside about September 15th and then transplanted where they are to remain in November. Cabbage should always be transplanted to good, rich, clean, light soil in rows 3 to 4 feet apart, with plants 16 to 18 inches apart in the row, according to the variety of Cabbage, whether of large, medium or small-size growth. One ounce of seed will produce about 1,500 plants.

D. & B'S EARLY JERSEY WAKEFIELD.—This is the most popular early cabbage grown for both market gardeners and home use. Our strain of this cabbage has for years been carefully bred and grown for us by the most reliable cabbage seed growers in this country. It cannot be improved upon, and is just what is wanted by the most critical truckers and gardeners. They are uniform in size and make firm, pointed heads. Unquestionably this is the best first early cabbage. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 60 cts.; lb. \$2.10, postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$2.00.

LARGE, or CHARLESTON WAKEFIELD.—Not quite as early as Jersey Wakefield, but larger, of uniform size, solid head, and a good shipper. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 60 cts.; lb. \$2.10, postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$2.00.

COPENHAGEN MARKET.—A very early large flat-head Cabbage, maturing with the Charleston Wakefield. On account of its earliness, combined with its large size, it has become a favorite market Cabbage. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; ¼ lb. 80 cts.; lb. \$2.70, postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$2.60.

EARLY FLAT DUTCH.—Medium early, large, flat, solid heads; a reliable and popular variety. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; ¼ lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.85, postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$1.75.

HENDERSON'S EARLY SUMMER.—Solid round heads; comes in just after Charleston Wakefield. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; ¼ lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.85, postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$1.75.

HENDERSON'S SUCCESSION.—One of the largest and most popular early flat-head Cabbage. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 60 cts.; lb. \$2.00, postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$1.90.

AMERICAN DRUMHEAD SAVOY.—Very tender; good flavor; large heads, of superior quality, with curved leaves. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 60 cts.; lb. \$2.00, postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$1.90.

AUTUMN KING, or WORLD BEATER.—This is unquestionably one of the best late Cabbage grown. It has been tested along with other varieties and proven to be not only larger, but more solid, and keeps well. We recommend this Cabbage as an excellent fall variety. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 65 cts.; lb. \$2.10, postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$2.00.

D. & B'S PREMIUM LATE FLAT DUTCH.—One of the most popular winter Cabbages. Has large, solid, flat heads. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 60 cts.; lb. \$2.00, postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$1.90.

LARGE LATE DRUMHEAD.—Resembles Flat Dutch, but more round; large, solid; keeps well. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; ¼ lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.85, postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$1.75.

DANISH BALLHEAD.—A good variety of winter Cabbage; has a short stem, large heads, and is the hardest and heaviest cabbage for its size known. It is very hardy, resisting droughts and wet weather much better than our American Cabbage. It matures quickly and can be planted later than the larger American Cabbage. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; ¼ lb. 70 cts.; lb. \$2.60, postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$2.50.

CHINESE CABBAGE, or PE-TSAI.—Sometimes called Celery Cabbage. This has a mild cabbage flavor, very delicate and delicious. It makes delicious slaw, also a very fine salad; when cooked it makes greens delicately cabbage flavored but without the strong flavor and odor of cabbage. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; ¼ lb. 75 cts., postpaid.

CABBAGE PLANTS.—See page 17.

CARROTS

CULTURE.—Carrots can be sown from March to June in drills 12 inches apart and the plants thinned to 4 or 5 inches apart, covering the seed about $\frac{1}{2}$ inch. They thrive best in light, loamy, deep, rich soil. To keep Carrots in winter, pack well in clean, dry sand and place in a dry, dark cellar. Sow 1 ounce of seed to 100 feet of row; about 4 pounds to the acre.



Chantenay.

25 cts.; lb. 75 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 65 cts.

DANVER'S HALF-LONG.—Rich, dark orange color; good quality. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20 cts.; lb. 75 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 65 cts.

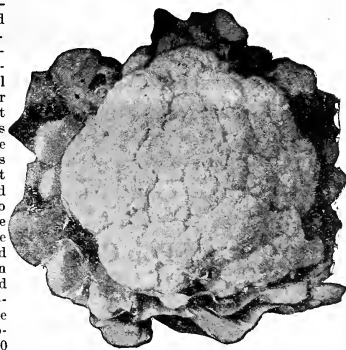
IMPROVED LONG ORANGE.—Long and tapering; deep orange. One of the best for winter use. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25 cts.; lb. 75 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 65c.

CHANTENAY.—One of the best for home or market. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25 cts.; lb. 75 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 65 cts.

SCARLET INTERMEDIATE.—Large uniform, symmetrical; almost without core; very popular for home and market. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb.

CAULIFLOWER

CULTURE.—Cauliflowers should be grown and cultivated in all respects like cabbage (see cultural directions for cabbage), except when the heads form. The loose outer leaves should be brought together and tied over the heads to keep out the light and make them blanch and whiten. Set in moist soil and keep well watered. One ounce of seed will produce about 2,000 plants.



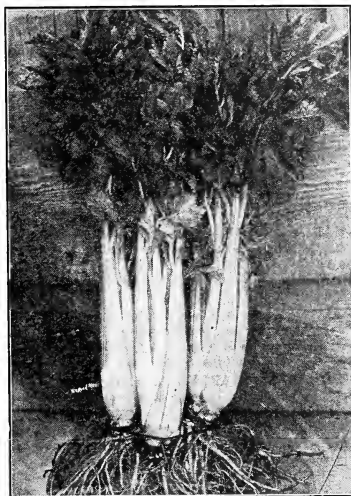
Early Snowball.

EARLY SNOWBALL.—A sure header; large, solid, perfectly white, and good quality; the favorite variety. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 60 cts.; oz. \$2.00.

AUTUMN GIANT.—Valuable late variety; heads large, white, and keeps well. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.50.

CELERY

CULTURE.—Sow in hotbeds or in seed boxes in the house in February or March. Keep well watered and transplant from July to September 15th to rich, moist, mucky soil in rows 12 to 18 inches apart, with plants 6 inches apart in the row. Supply abundance of moisture. As the plants grow heap up the earth around the stalks to whiten them. To protect from severe winter weather, cover the rows with straw and lay boards on the top, or bank the rows with boards when 10 inches tall. One ounce of seed produces 1,000 plants.



Winter Queen Celery.

GOLDEN SELF-BLANCHING.—French grown. Not as early as the White Plume, but is of a heavier and more compact growth. Its stalks are thick, crisp and brittle, with large solid hearts. The quality is superb; good flavor; tender and free from stringiness. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.75.

WINTER QUEEN.—We consider this the best winter Celery it blanches easily, has a crisp, nutty flavor; is hardy and a splendid keeping variety. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60 cts.; lb. \$2.00 postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$1.90.

GIANT PASCAL.—Thick, solid stalks; golden hearts; blanches quickly; keeps well; of a good flavor; one of the most popular varieties. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60 cts.; lb. \$2.00 postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$1.90.

WHITE PLUME.—One of the best for early use; handsome, good quality and blanches easily. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 65 cts.; lb. \$2.35, postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$2.25.

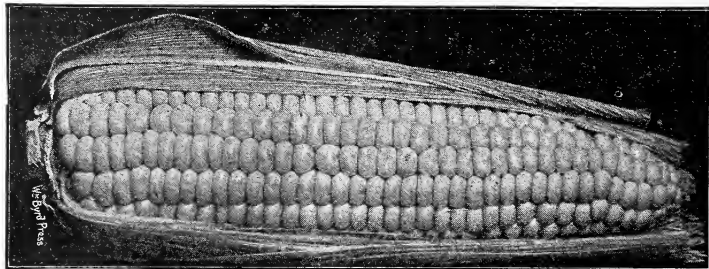
CELERY PLANTS.—See page 17.

CORN SALAD

This makes a good salad. It can be cooked like Spinach or used green like Lettuce. Can be sown in the early spring months in drills 12 inches apart, covering the seed about one-half inch, but is generally seeded in August and September for fall use. Keep well cultivated and water freely; 2 ounces of seed will sow about 50 feet of row. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35 cts.; lb. \$1.00 postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 90 cts.

GARDEN CORN

CULTURE.—Plant 5 or 6 grains $1\frac{1}{4}$ inches deep in hills rounded up with the hoe 3 feet apart in rows 3 feet apart. When plants are 4 inches high pull out all but 2 plants to the hill. For very early Corn the hardest and earliest varieties can be planted the latter part of March, if the weather is mild, but Sweet Corns should not be planted until April, or until the spring weather opens and the ground gets warm, as Sugar Corn has a tendency to rot in the ground if planted too early, or during a continued cold or rainy spell of weather. It should be planted at intervals of every two weeks until July or August, so as to have corn for use during the entire season. One-half pound will plant 150 feet of row; 10 pounds to the acre.



Stowell's Evergreen.

EXTRA-EARLY ADAMS.—This is the earliest white Garden Corn, but has a small ear and stalk. Valuable on account of its extreme earliness. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 25 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 15 cts.; 5 lbs. 55 cts.; 10 lbs. 95 cts.; 50 lbs. \$4.00; per dozen ears, 50 cts.

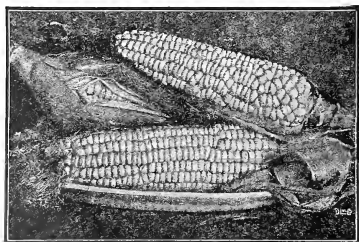
EARLY ADAMS.—About a week later than Extra-Early, but has larger ears, small stalks; earlier and harder than Sugar Corn. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 25 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 15 cts.; 5 lbs. 55 cts.; 10 lbs. 95 cts.; 50 lbs. \$4.00; per dozen ears, 50 cts.

IMPROVED ADAMS EARLY.—An improvement on the old Adams Early, being nearly one-third larger and almost as early. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 25 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 15 cts.; 5 lbs. 55 cts.; 10 lbs. 95 cts.; 50 lbs. \$4.00; per dozen ears, 60 cts.

TRUCKER'S FAVORITE.—A splendid early white corn, coming in directly after Adams Early, but much larger; has a deep white, soft grain. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 25 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 15 cts.; 5 lbs. 55 cts.; 10 lbs. 95 cts.; 50 lbs. \$4.00; per dozen ears, 60 cts.

Sweet, or Sugar Corn

GOLDEN BANTAM.—A distinct variety of Extra-Early Sweet Corn, of golden yellow color; very sweet and tender; is hardy, and can be planted earlier than most sweet corns. Has several ears on the stalk 5 to 7 inches in length. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 30 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 20 cts.; 5 lbs. 70 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.25; 50 lbs. \$5.50.

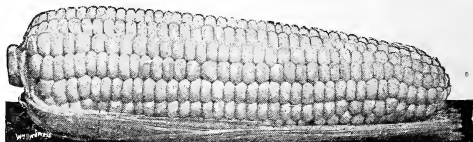


Golden Bantam.

KENDELL'S EARLY GIANT.—The ears measure 8 to 10 inches long. It is very prolific, maturing from 60 to 72 days, and commands quick sale in any market. Also a very good variety for home use. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 30 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 20 cts.; 5 lbs. 70 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.25; 50 lbs. \$5.50.

EARLY WHITE EVERGREEN.—This is a high-bred pure-white type of the ever-popular Stowell's Evergreen. When in the green state both cob and kernel are white as snow. Deep grains; remains tender a long time, which makes it an excellent table and canning variety. One of the best sorts for private gardeners. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 30 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 20 cts.; 5 lbs. 70 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.25; 50 lbs. \$5.50.

COUNTRY GENTLEMAN.—Considered one of the best quality Sweet Corns for table use and canning; has long, deep grains, and yields 2 to 4 ears to the stalk. A general favorite. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 30 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 20 cts.; 5 lbs. 70 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.25; 50 lbs. \$5.50.



Country Gentleman.

STOWELL'S EVERGREEN.—A large-size prolific Sweet Corn, of excellent quality. A favorite for market or home use; also a splendid canning variety. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 30 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 20 cts.; 5 lbs. 65 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.10; 50 lbs. \$4.75; per dozen ears, 75c.

BLACK MEXICAN.—While the seed of this corn is bluish-black when matured, it is unusually white when in the roasting ear state. It is of fine table qualities, tender and sweet, especially recommended for family use. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 30 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 20 cts.; 5 lbs. 75 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.25.

Pop Corn

WHITE RICE.—The most popular variety. Pops pure white. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 30 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 20 cts.; 5 lbs. 70 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.25.

QUEEN'S GOLDEN.—Ears large, handsome yellow; pops white and tender. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 30 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 20 cts.; 5 lbs. 70 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.25.

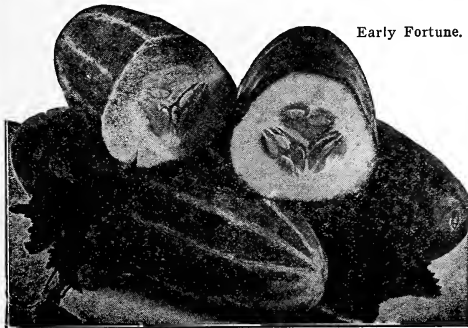
MAPLEDALE PROLIFIC.—Very prolific; pearly grains; pops white and tender. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 30 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 20 cts.; 5 lbs. 70 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.25.

RED BEAUTY.—The red variety of Pop Corn; very good. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 30 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 20 cts.; 5 lbs. 70 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.25.

POP CORN.—For popping. Per lb. 20 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 10 cts.; 5 lbs. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. 65 cts.

CUCUMBERS

CULTURE.—To have very early Cucumbers the seed can be planted in hotbeds or boxes in the house in March or April and transplanted after danger of frost, or for later crop plant outside after the ground is warm, from April to July, in rich, well-manured, raised hills 4 feet apart. Plant 8 to 10 seeds 1 inch deep around the hills. Later thin to 2 or 3 plants to the hill. Hoe or cultivate only until the plants start to vine, then pull weeds by hand. 1 oz. will plant about 50 hills; 2 lbs. to the acre.



Early Fortune.

EARLY FORTUNE CUCUMBER.—An extra-early Cucumber of the White Spine type. A beautiful green, straight variety, especially recommended for early market. Our customers who raise this Cucumber are highly pleased with it. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 30 cts.; lb. \$1.00 postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 90 cts.

ARLINGTON EARLY WHITE SPINE.—A long, well-shaped green variety; one of the best and most popular early market sorts. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 30 cts.; lb. \$1.00, postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 90 cts.



Arlington White Spine.

KLONDYKE.—This variety was introduced several years ago, and is becoming very popular as a market sort. The fruits are long and straight, and hold their deep green color, which makes it a good shipping sort. It is early and very productive. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 30 cts.; lb. \$1.00 postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 90 cts.

IMPROVED LONG GREEN.—An old favorite. Prized for table, market and pickles. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 35 cts.; lb. \$1.20, postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$1.10.

GREEN PROLIFIC.—Very prolific; especially recommended for pickles. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 30 cts.; lb. \$1.00 postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 90 cts.

GHERKIN, or BURR CUCUMBER.—Small, prickly; used for pickles only. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.70, postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$1.60.

EGG PLANT

CULTURE.—Sow in February or March ½ inch deep in hotbeds or boxes inside. When the plants are 2 inches high transplant to pots or good rich soil, after all danger of frost is past, in May. Set out in 3-foot rows, 2 feet apart in the row. The ground should be a good rich loam. Keep well worked. One ounce of seed will produce about 1,000 plants.

BLACK BEAUTY.—This is the earliest and the best of all large-fruited Egg Plants. The large fruits are thick and of the most attractive form. The skin is a rich, lustrous, purplish-black, and it is entirely free of spine or thorns. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.; ¼ lb. \$1.40 postpaid.

EGG PLANTS.—See page 17.



Black Beauty.

GREEN CURLED ENDIVE

Endive is a nice relish and makes a splendid salad for late fall and winter use. It has finely cut leaves, which give it a mossy appearance when blanched. It should be sown in August, ½ inch deep in drills, and plants thinned to 8 inches apart. When nearly grown outer leaves should be tied together over the heart to whiten it. Keep well watered in dry weather. One ounce of seed will sow 100 feet of row. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 40 cts.

HERBS As the seed of most Herbs are very small and delicate, the soil should be carefully prepared and kept entirely clean of weeds. Sow ½ inch deep in drills early in the spring, and transplant when the plants are large enough to rows 16 to 18 inches apart.

SAGE.—Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; ¼ lb. \$1.00, postpaid.

THYME.—Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 75 cts.

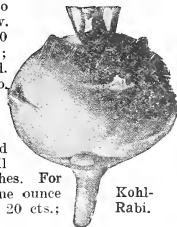
DILL.—Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; ¼ lb. 35 cts.; lb. \$1.10, postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$1.00.

AMERICAN FLAG LEEK

Is mostly used for cooking and for flavoring soups, etc. Is said to be superior to Onions for this purpose. It has large, thick stems of a sweet flavor. Sow in the early spring in rich, light, moist soil in drills, covering the seed about ½ inch. When the plants are 6 inches high transplant to rows 12 inches apart, placing plants 6 inches apart in the row. As the plants grow draw the earth up to them to whiten the necks. Sow 1 ounce of seed to 100 feet of row. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 60 cts.; lb. \$2.10, postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$2.00.



Leek.



Kohl-Rabi.

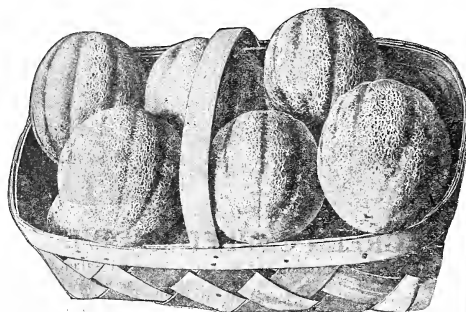
KOHL-RABI

EARLY WHITE VIENNA.—White and tender; the best variety. Sow in April in 18-inch drills, and thin out to 8 inches. For winter use, sow in June and July. One ounce to 200 feet of drill. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 60 cts., postpaid.

CANTALOUPE, or MUSKMELON

CULTURE.—Plant late in April or May, after danger of frost is past. Prepare hills 4 to 6 feet apart. Use a liberal supply of stable manure in each hill. The soil should be light rich loam, moderately dry. Plant about 10 seeds to the hill, and when about 2 inches high pull to 4 plants. Cultivate well until the runners are well started. When the vines begin to blossom the runners should be pinched or clipped off, which will increase the yield of melons. One ounce of seed will plant about 50 hills; 2 pounds to acre.

When 5 Pounds or More are Ordered, We Make a Reduction
of 10 Cents per Pound.



Salmon-Tint Rocky Ford.

SALMON TINT ROCKY FORD.—This is a delicious melon with salmon flesh of the Rocky Ford type, is of uniform shape, slightly oval and is heavily netted. The flesh is firm, fine grained and sweet, green color with gold margin next to the seed cavity. Ships well. The salmon colored melons are becoming more popular each year and we consider this the best variety of this type. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; ¼ lb. 40 cts.; lb. \$1.35, postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$1.25.

KNIGHT.—About a week earlier than the Rocky Ford, and larger, of uniform size; has thick, green flesh, of splendid flavor and appearance. A favorite market variety. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 35 cts.; lb. \$1.25, postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$1.15.

D. & B'S OVAL NETTED GEM.—A large and improved strain of the well-known Netted Gem variety, of most excellent flavor. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 35 cts.; lb. \$1.25, postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$1.15.



Tip Top Cantaloupe.

The Knight.



ROCKY FORD NETTED GEM.—Rust resisting. Small size, nearly round, thickly netted, nutmeg shape. Delicious flavor. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 30 cts.; lb. \$1.00, postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 90 cts.

TIP TOP.—A large, slightly oval Melon with orange-colored flesh, which is thick and firm, which makes it a good shipping and market variety. The flesh is sweet and of good quality, and it is one of the most popular orange-colored flesh Melons. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 35 cts.; lb. \$1.25, postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$1.15.

EMERALD GEM.—This is a splendid cantaloupe for home garden or nearby market, but it does not ship well. The melons are rather small, but ripen close to the rind, and the flesh is firm and delicious. As a cantaloupe for family use it probably has no superior. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; ¼ lb. 40 cts.; lb. \$1.35, postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$1.25.

HONEY DEW MELON.—This Melon, introduced several years ago in the West, has caused very favorable comment wherever grown. It is a Melon of medium size and rather oblong in shape; the color while growing is nearly white and is a creamy lemon-yellow when ripe. It has heavy, thick flesh of light green color; fine grain and of delicious flavor, said to be a mingling of several flavors—Pineapple, Banana and Vanilla. It has a tough, thin rind, and the Melons can be kept until cool weather. The vines are strong growers and productive. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; ¼ lb. 40 cts.; lb. \$1.45, postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$1.35.

BANANA.—Long, shaped like a banana; has a most delicious odor, good flavor. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; ¼ lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.50 postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$1.40.

VINE PEACH, or GLASS MELON, sometimes called VEGE-TABLE ORANGE.—A very small and prolific variety, growing about the size of a lemon; used almost exclusively for pickles and preserves. Pickle factories purchase these in large quantities. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; ¼ lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.50, postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$1.40.

MIXED CANTALOUPE.—As we have frequent calls for Cantaloupe Seed mixed, we offer these in mixture. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 35 cts.; lb. \$1.25, postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$1.15.

WATERMELONS

CULTURE.—Prepare land and cultivate the same as recommended for Cantaloupes, except the hills should be somewhat larger and placed 8 or 9 feet apart. New ground or a broom-straw field is an excellent place in which to grow Melons, as they thrive best on light sandy soils. For a late crop of Melons they may be planted as late as June 1st. One ounce of seed will plant about 30 hills; 3 pounds to the acre.

TOM WATSON.—One of the best and most popular early long green Melons; has a thin but tough rind, which makes it the best market and shipping variety. Flesh is a bright red, firm and very sweet. Has taken the lead over all other shipping Melons, and sells for the highest prices in the Northern markets. Our stock of this Melon is grown for us by an expert Melon grower and the strain cannot be improved upon. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 25 cts.; lb. 50 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 60 cts. Write for special price in large quantities.

KLECKLEY SWEET.—Probably no other Melon has ever attained such popularity for home use and nearby markets. This is a perfect Melon for that purpose, but does not stand shipping well. Its eating qualities leave nothing to be desired. One of the most salable melons on the Richmond market, vines strong and vigorous; Melons oblong, medium to large in size, growing 18 to 24 inches in length, 10 to 12 inches through. Skin a very rich, dark green color; white seeds. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 25 cts.; lb. 70 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 60 cts.

EARLY DARK ICING.—An extra early Melon of medium size, nearly round, dark green rind, thin and brittle. As an early Melon for family use or nearby market it has no equal, but will not stand shipping. The quality is unsurpassed, deliciously sweet and melting. For years this variety has been the first home-grown melon offered on the Richmond markets. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 25 cts.; lb. 75 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 65 cts.

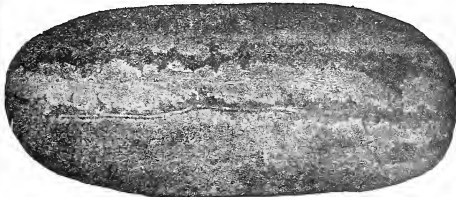
FLORIDA FAVORITE.—A very old, but popular Melon, oblong shape, dark and light green skin, flesh bright crimson, deliciously sweet; is early to mature and a general favorite for family use. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 25 cts.; lb. 70 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 60 cts.

IMPROVED GEORGIA RATTLESNAKE.—One of the oldest and most popular varieties, a long oblong Melon with decided stripes of light and dark green. The rind is thin, but tough, the flesh is bright red and of excellent flavor. Is a good variety either for shipping or home use. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 25 cts.; lb. 75 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 65 cts.

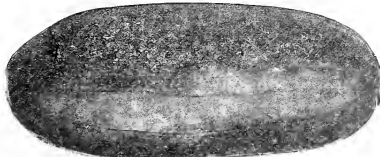
IRISH GREY.—A long, grey-rind Melon of recent introduction; said to be one of the hardiest and healthiest and surest to make a good crop. On account of its color, it does not sunburn as easily as a green-rind Melon. It has a thin but very tough rind, and will keep in good condition a long time after picking, and is therefore a splendid shipping variety. It has bright red flesh, crisp and sweet. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 30 cts.; lb. \$1.10 postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$1.00.

THE JACKSON.—Although a very old variety, it is still very popular in many sections. Early, long, pale green; very tender, crimson flesh, unusually sweet. Splendid for home use, but will not stand shipping. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 25 cts.; lb. 75 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 65 cts.

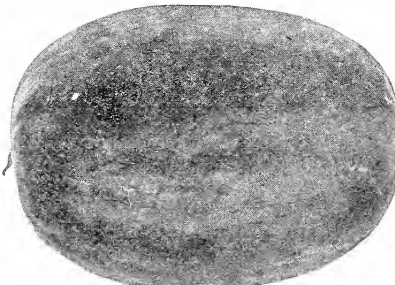
MIXED WATERMELON SEED.—As we have frequent calls for Melon Seed mixed, we offer these in mixture. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 25 cts.; lb. 70 cts. postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 60 cts.



Florida Favorite.



Kleckley Sweet.



Early Dark Icing.

OKRA



Okra.

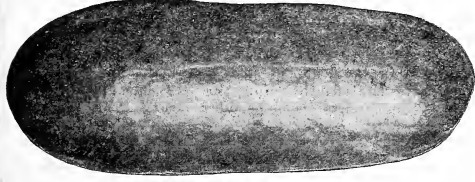
CULTURE.—Sow in April or May, after danger of frost is past and the ground becomes warm, drilled in rows 3 feet apart, covering the seed 1½ inches. Thin the plants to 8 or 10 inches apart. For winter use slice the young pods, string and dry them in the shade. Two ounces of seed will sow 100 feet of row.

PERKIN'S MAMMOTH-PODDED.—Very productive; pods intense green, 8 to 9 inches long. Superior for canning. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 20 cts.; lb. 60 cts. postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 50 cts.

WHITE VELVET.—Pods large, round, white and smooth and very abundant. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 20 cts.; lb. 60 cts. postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 50 cts.

DWARF PROLIFIC.—Plants small but very prolific. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 20 cts.; lb. 60 cts. postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 50 cts.

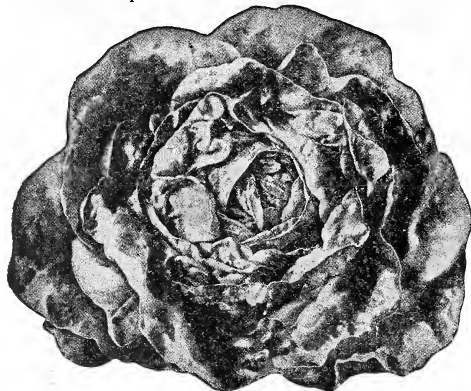
TALL GREEN.—Long pods; grow 4 to 5 feet high. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 20 cts.; lb. 60 cts. postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 50 cts.



Tom Watson.

LETTUCE

CULTURE.—To grow early Lettuce the seed should be sowed in January or February in seed boxes inside or under glass. When large enough harden by exposure to cold weather before setting outside. Transplant to rich mellow soil 8 to 12 inches apart in 18-inch rows, and keep well worked. Lettuce must have rapid growth to succeed. For a succession set every 3 weeks. Seed may be sowed in rows outside in the spring and plants thinned out. For fall use sow in July and August. One ounce will produce about 1,500 plants.



D. & B.'s Big Boston.

D. & B.'S BIG BOSTON.—A favorite variety for market or shipping. Early, large and hardy. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; ¼ lb. 35 cts.; lb. \$1.25 postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$1.15.

WAYAHEAD.—This is the earliest and hardest Lettuce for cold frames or open ground. Is of handsome appearance and good quality. It is not only earlier than the Big Boston, but is also larger than that variety, and the heads are more tightly folded. A favorite with market gardeners. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; ¼ lb. 35 cts.; lb. \$1.25 postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$1.15.

MAY KING.—Is of quick growth, nearly all head, having few outer leaves; grows to a good size, and is of a specially fine, rich, buttery flavor. Is a good shipping Lettuce. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 30 cts.; lb. \$1.00 postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 90 cts.

EARLY WHITE CABBAGE.—Very hardy, large, hard head; a splendid variety and very popular. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; ¼ lb. 40 cts.; lb. \$1.35, postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$1.25.

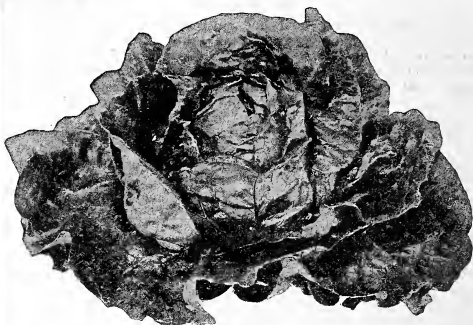
EARLY CURLED SIMPSON.—Heads up loose and very tender. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; ¼ lb. 35 cts.; lb. \$1.10 postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$1.00.

HANSON.—One of the best summer Lettuces. Large, solid, sure header; crisp and tender. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; ¼ lb. 35 cts.; lb. \$1.00 postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 90 cts.

ALL SEASONS.—A favorite summer Lettuce; large, but attractive appearance; crisp and buttery. It is especially recommended for its heat-resisting qualities, preserving its freshness under trying conditions. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; ¼ lb. 35 cts.; lb. \$1.25 postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$1.15.

WHITE PARIS COS.—The best of Celery Lettuces. Forms large, light green, solid, well-formed heads, of upright growth and esteemed for its crispness and mild flavor. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; ¼ lb. 40 cts.; lb. \$1.35 postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$1.25.

LETTUCE PLANTS.—See page 17.



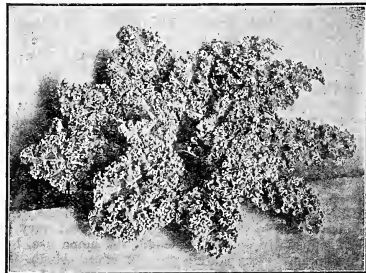
Early White Cabbage.

KALE

CULTURE.—The Spring or Smooth Kale may be sown either in the spring, from February to April, or in the fall, September to November. Broadcast 8 to 10 pounds to the acre. The Siberian and Scotch varieties should be sowed from Aug. 15th to Oct. 15th, though both are frequently sowed in the spring with satisfactory results. When drilled, about 5 lbs. are required for an acre, or if seeded broadcast, 8 or 10 lbs. to the acre.

SPRING, or SMOOTH.—Hardy, quick-growing; best for spring sowing. Sow 10 lbs. to the acre broadcast, or 4 to 5 lbs. in drills. Pkt. 5 cts.; ¼ lb. 10 cts.; lb. 30 cts. postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 20 cts.; 5 lbs. 75 cts.

EARLY CURLED SIBERIAN.—A standard winter variety; bright green with purple tinge; curled. Sow 5 pounds to the acre. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 25 cts.; lb. 75 cts. postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 65 cts.



Early Curled Siberian Kale.

SLOW-SEEDING SIBERIAN KALE.—Similar to Early Curled Siberian, but does not run to seed as early. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 25 cts.; lb. 75 cts. postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 65c.

GREEN CURLED SCOTCH.—Popular for shipping. Light green, nicely curled. Sow 5 pounds to the acre. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; ¼ lb. 35 cts.; lb. \$1.10, postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$1.00.

LONG SEASON.—A distinct and hardy variety of Kale; grows large; leaves are slightly curled, and it remains longer green without going to seed than any other variety. This Kale can be cut for market long after all other Kales and Turnip Salad have gone to seed. On account of its extreme hardness and lasting qualities it has proven a most profitable market variety. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; ¼ lb. 35 cts.; lb. \$1.10, postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$1.00.

ONIONS

CULTURE.—Onions are grown from seeds and also from bulbs, called Sets. To grow Onions from seed, plant in the open in the early spring rather thickly, $\frac{3}{4}$ inch deep in rows 18 inches apart, and later thin the plants to from 3 to 5 inches apart, and keep well cultivated. When grown this way 1 ounce of seed will sow 100 feet of row; 6 pounds to the acre. If Sets for planting the following spring are desired, sow the seed in March or April in wide rows, 20 to 40 pounds to the acre. When the tops die in the summer remove and store only the small Sets, spreading them thinly in a dry place, using the larger size for eating or pickling purposes. Onions require rich soil, and a liberal supply of manure from the poultry-house is very beneficial. But probably the most satisfactory way for the small home gardener to grow early green onions is from the Sets. These may be put out in the spring, in March or April, or in the fall, in September and October, 3 inches apart in rows 1 foot or more apart. One pound will set about 75 feet of row. Fertilize well and keep well cultivated.

EXTRA-EARLY WHITE PEARL.—Large, pearly white, tender, mild, excellent flavor; grows quickly; white skin. The best variety for fall setting to make early spring onions. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60 cts.; lb. \$2.10, postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$2.00.

PRIZE TAKER, or SPANISH KING.—Very large and solid; skin rich yellow; flesh pure white; sweet, mild, tender. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.60, postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$1.50.

YELLOW STRASBURG.—A very popular, long-keeping yellow onion. Bulbs are quite flat and of good size; skin darker yellow than the Danvers; white flesh; mild flavor; used largely for growing sets. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.60, postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$1.50.

SILVER SKIN.—Pure white, of mild flavor; best for growing sets. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.85, postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$1.75.

LARGE RED WETHERSFIELD.—Medium early; skin purplish-red, and flesh purplish-white. A general favorite. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.60, postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$1.50.

YELLOW GLOBE DANVERS.—Grows large; keeps well; the standard for main crop. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.60, postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$1.50.

ONION SETS

One Pound Equals About One Quart

SILVER SKIN.—Per lb. 30 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 20 cts.; 5 lbs. 70 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.25.

YELLOW DANVERS.—Per lb. 25 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 15 cts.; 5 lbs. 60 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.00.

RED WETHERSFIELD.—Per lb. 25 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 15 cts.; 5 lbs. 60 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.00.

EXTRA-EARLY WHITE PEARL.—For Fall planting, ask for price in September.

BERMUDA.—For Fall planting, ask for price in September.

MUSTARD

CULTURE.—Sow from February to April for early crop, or in September and October for late use. It may be sown in drills 6 to 8 inches apart, covering the seed $\frac{1}{2}$ inch. One ounce of seed will sow about 75 feet of row in this way, or it can be sown broadcast, when 5 or 6 pounds to the acre are required.

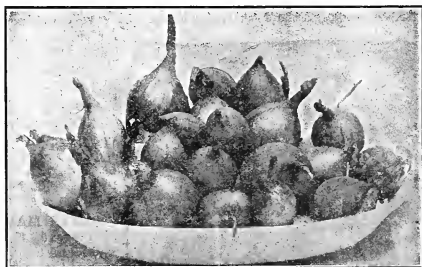
SOUTHERN GIANT CURED.—A favorite in the South; succulent, pungent and sweet. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25 cts.; lb. 75 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 65 cts.

BLACK, or BROWN.—For salad. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20 cts.; lb. 65 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 55 cts.

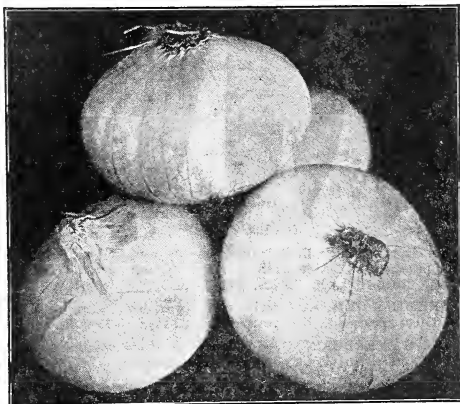
WHITE.—Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20 cts.; lb. 65 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 55 cts.



Prize Taker, or Spanish King.



Onion Sets.



Extra-Early White Pearl.

GARDEN, or ENGLISH PEAS

CULTURE.—The Extra-Early or Smooth varieties are very hardy, and can be planted as early in the spring as the ground can be cultivated, while the Wrinkled varieties should not be planted until later. Peas thrive best when planted in light, rich, loamy soil. Plant in rows about 3 feet apart, and cover 3 to 4 inches. Keep well cultivated until 6 inches high, then stake the tall-growing varieties with brush. Peas should be planted at intervals of two weeks to give a continuous crop. One pound will sow about 100 feet of row; about 100 pounds to the acre.



Thomas Laxton.

D. & B.'s SELECTED EXTRA EARLY.—This is the earliest Pea on our list. Many of our customers who grow for market consider it is the best Early Pea they have ever grown. It is very productive; grows to a height of 2 feet. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 30 cts. postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 20 cts.; 5 lbs. 85 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.50; 50 lbs. \$6.50.

ALASKA.—One of the best Extra-Early Peas; very productive and salable; desirable for canning on account of its pale green color. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 30 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 20 cts.; 5 lbs. 75 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.30; 50 lbs. \$5.50.

AMEER, or LARGE-PODDED ALASKA.—A large and prolific strain of the well-known Alaska Pea. The size and color of the peas and pod make a very desirable market variety; is very hardy and prolific. Much in demand with market gardeners. Height 2 feet. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 35 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 25 cts.; 5 lbs. 90 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.60; 50 lbs. \$7.25.

WHITE MARROWFAT.—Strong, hardy, late variety, with broad, thick pods; good quality. Height 4 feet. Abundant bearer. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 30 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 20c; 5 lbs. 75c; 10 lbs. \$1.30; 50 lbs. \$5.50.

Wrinkled Varieties

ECLIPSE.—The earliest and hardiest Wrinkled variety, and as it is much better quality than the Extra-Early Smooth Peas, make it about the best Early Pea for family use; has stout vines about 2 feet high and very prolific. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 35 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 25 cts.; 5 lbs. \$1.00; 10 lbs. \$1.85; 50 lbs. \$8.50.

THOMAS LAXTON.—An early variety of large-podded pea. Very hardy and strong grower, producing pods in abundance, and the quality is delicious. This variety will mature as early as many of the Smooth Extra-Early Peas. Height, 3 ft. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 35 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 25 cts.; 5 lbs. \$1.00; 10 lbs. \$1.75; 50 lbs. \$8.00.

LITTLE MARVEL.—A comparatively new pea but said to be of exceptional merit. It is a wrinkled dwarf variety,

the pods averaging a little longer than the well known Premium Gem, more attractive in color and shape, and peas are of better quality. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 35 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 25 cts.; 5 lbs. \$1.05; 10 lbs. \$1.90; 50 lbs. \$8.75.

PREMIUM GEM.—A favorite early dwarf pea; bears well; good quality. Height 18 inches. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 35 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 25 cts.; 5 lbs. 95 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.70; 50 lbs. \$7.50.

BLISS EVERBEARING.—Good variety; continues in bearing long time. General favorite. Height 3 ft. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 35 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 25 cts.; 5 lbs. 95 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.70; 50 lbs. \$7.50.

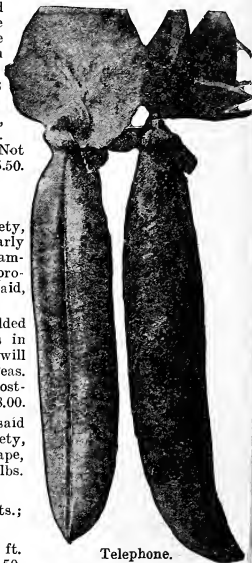
D. & B.'s IMPROVED DARK GREEN TELEPHONE.—Productive, sugary; pods contain 6 or 7 peas; late. Height, 4 feet. One of the most popular sorts for main crop. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 35 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 25 cts.; 5 lbs. \$1.00; 10 lbs. \$1.85; 50 lbs. \$8.50.



D. & B.'s Selected Extra Early.



Gradus.



Telephone.

PEPPER

CULTURE.—To make early pepper sow in boxes inside or under glass in February or March, and transplant, after danger of frost, in rows 3 feet apart, setting plants 18 inches apart in the row, or for later, seed can be sowed outside and transplanted as above.

Pepper should be well cultivated and fertilized freely. 1 oz. of seed will produce about 1,200 plants.

ROYAL KING.—Bright ruby red, very mild and pleasant. A splendid Pepper, and a great improvement over Ruby King; makes a stronger and more vigorous plant, and produces peppers abundantly, large and solid, uniform in shape and very sweet. A splendid Pepper for salad and stuffing. Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c; ¼ lb. \$1; lb. \$3.00 postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$3.50.

CHINESE GIANT.—This is the largest

est and finest mild red Pepper, being double the size of the Ruby King. It is very productive, plants are vigorous in growth, of stocky habit, about 2 feet high, well branched and thickly set with fruit, which hangs in clusters. The flesh is extremely mild, as sweet as an apple, and very thick. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 45 cts.; ¼ lb. \$1.60.

PIMENTO.—This is the mildest-flavored of all Peppers, is entirely free of the pungent flavor which so many consider undesirable; it is heart-shaped, perfectly smooth, bright scarlet color and very productive. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; ¼ lb. \$1.00.

RUBY KING.—Bright, ruby red; very mild and pleasant, and can be used as salad. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.; ¼ lb. \$1.30.

LONG RED CAYENNE.—Long, bright red pods; hot; the most popular for seasoning. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; ¼ lb. 90 cts.

PEPPER PLANTS.—Listed on this page.

PARSNIP

IMPROVED SUGAR, or HOLLOW CROWN.—This is the standard and best variety; grows smooth, is tender and of good flavor. Can be sown from early spring until the middle of June in rows 18 inches apart and plants thinned to 5 inches. Parsnips should be grown in rich, deep, sandy loam soil. One ounce will sow about 200 feet of row; 5 pounds to the acre. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.;



Improved Sugar Parsnip.

PARSLEY

CULTURE.—Sow in March or April in drills 12 ins. apart, covering the seed about ¼ inch. As the seed are slow to come up, they should be soaked for a few hours before sowing to hasten germination. One ounce will sow about 150 feet of row.

CHAMPION MOSS CURLED.—Leaves of this variety are beautifully curled and crimped. Best for garnishing, and also makes fine borders. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 25 cts.; lb. 75 cts. postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 65 cts.

PLAIN PARSLEY.—This is harder than the Curled variety, and stronger flavored, dark green; used for flavoring soups, etc. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 25 cts.; lb. 75 cts. postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 65 cts.



Curled Parsley.

VEGETABLE PLANTS

Plants can rarely be shipped the day order is received, as we have to get them in from the gardens. We never ship plants the last of the week unless especially requested to do so, as they would likely be in transit through Sunday. Do not order plants shipped by freight, and do not order them sent by mail if it can be avoided. We exercise care in packing all orders and ship only freshly drawn plants, but on account of their perishable nature we cannot guarantee safe arrival, and all orders are forwarded at purchaser's risk. Should we be sold out of the varieties ordered, we will send the nearest similar variety.

CABBAGE PLANTS.—Early varieties ready in March, April, May and November. Varieties: Early Wakefield and Succession. 50 cts. per 100 postpaid. Not postpaid, 40 cts. per 100; \$3.50 per 1,000. Late Varieties: Late Flat Dutch, Autumn King, Drumhead Savoy. Ready June, July and August. 45 cts. per 100 postpaid. Not postpaid, 35 cts. per 100; \$3.00 per 1,000.

LETTUCE PLANTS.—Ready March, April, May, October and November. Varieties: Early White Cabbage and Big Boston. Price, 45 cts. per 100, postpaid. Not postpaid, 35 cts. per 100; \$3.00 per 1,000.

TOMATO PLANTS.—Ready in May, June and July. Varieties: Beauty, Bonny Best, Stone, John Baer, Brimmer, Ponderosa. 25 cts. per doz.; 75 cts. per 100 postpaid. Not postpaid, 15 cts. per doz.; 50 cts. per 100; 500 at 45 cts. per 100. Transplanted plants above varieties, 35 cts. per doz.; \$1.40 per 100, postpaid. Not postpaid, 25 cts. per doz.; \$1.25 per 100.

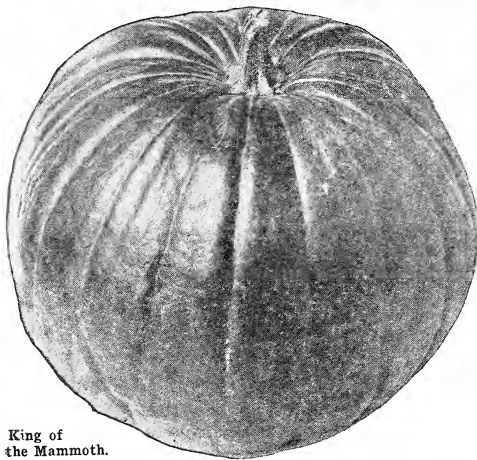
EGG PLANTS.—Variety: Black Beauty. Ready May and June. Price, 40 cts. per doz.; \$1.65 per 100 postpaid. Not postpaid, 30 cts. per doz.; \$1.50 per 100.

PEPPER PLANTS.—Ready May and June. Varieties: Royal King, Long Red Cayenne, Pimento. Price, 35 cts. per doz.; \$1.35 per 100 postpaid. Not postpaid, 30 cts. per doz.; \$1.25 per 100.

CELERY PLANTS.—Varieties: Winter Queen, Giant Pascal, White Plume, Self Blanching. Ready July and August. 70 cts. per 100, postpaid. Not postpaid, 60 cts. per 100; \$5.00 per 1,000.

SWEET POTATO PLANTS.—Ready May and June. Varieties: White Yam, Hanover Yellow. 55 cts. per 100, postpaid. Not postpaid, 45 cts. per 100; \$3.50 per 1,000. Varieties: Porto Rico, Nancy Hall, 60 cts. per 100, postpaid. Not postpaid, 50 cts. per 100; \$4.00 per 1,000.

PUMPKIN



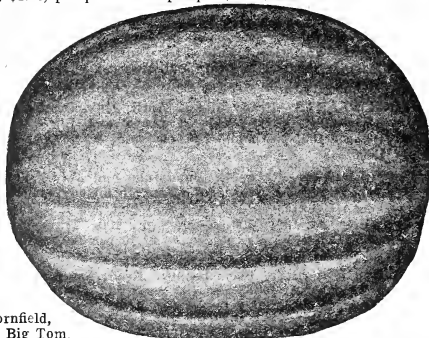
King of the Mammoth.

Pumpkins are easy to raise and are very valuable for hogs and cattle, as well as for table use, and should be more generally grown. When properly cared for will keep for months. Every farmer should grow pumpkins.

Plant in May and June in rich hills 8 feet apart. When vigorous thin to three plants to the hill. May be planted in corn. One ounce to 20 hills; 3 pounds to the acre.

SMALL SUGAR.—A small but prolific variety, of a yellowish-red color; used mostly for table purposes. Oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 30 cts.; 1 lb. \$1.00, postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 90 cts.

KING OF THE MAMMOTH.—A very large variety, of golden yellow color, and a splendid keeper. Oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 35 cts.; 1 lb. \$1.10, postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$1.00.



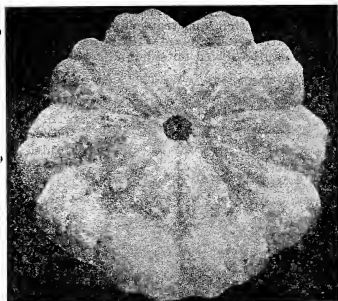
Cornfield, or Big Tom

TENNESSEE SWEET POTATO.—An oblong, medium-size pumpkin of good table quality; has a small seed cavity. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; ¼ lb. 40 cts.; 1 lb. \$1.35, postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$1.25.

CORNFIELD or BIG TOM.—The old standard for table and stock. Oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 25 cts.; 1 lb. 70 cts. postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 60 cts.

GOLDEN CUSHAW—CROOKNECK.—Golden yellow, rich flavor and yields well; a good variety for either table use or stock feeding. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; ¼ lb. 40 cts.; 1 lb. \$1.40, postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$1.30.

SQUASH or CYMBLING



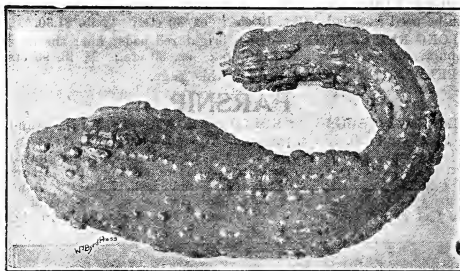
D. & B.'s Early White Bush.

CULTURE.—Plant in hills in rich, soft, loamy soil, after danger of frost is past. The hills should be well fertilized and 8 to 10 seeds planted to the hill and later thinned to three plants. The Bush varieties should be planted 5 feet apart and the Running varieties 8 feet. One ounce will plant about 25 hills; 3 pounds to the acre.

EARLIEST PROLIFIC.—This is the earliest squash we know of; it is of bush growth and fully 10 days earlier than the Early White Bush. The favorite variety with market gardeners for shipping to northern markets. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; ¼ lb. 45 cts.; 1 lb. \$1.50, postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$1.40.

D. & B.'s EARLY WHITE BUSH.—Early, cream color, very prolific; nice size; good shipper; the most popular variety. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 30 cts.; 1 lb. \$1.10 postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$1.00.

MAMMOTH WHITE BUSH.—Larger and more uniform than the Early White Bush, but later; waxy-white color. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 30 cts.; 1 lb. \$1.10, postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$1.00.



Giant Summer Crookneck.

GIANT SUMMER CROOKNECK.—Bush, very prolific; profusely warted; bright yellow squash of good flavor. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 35 cts.; 1 lb. \$1.25, postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$1.15.

HUBBARD SQUASH.—A running winter Squash, of first-class quality and a splendid keeper. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; ¼ lb. 40 cts.; 1 lb. \$1.35, postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$1.25.

BOSTON MARROW.—Oval; flesh orange color, fine-grained; cooks rich and dry; keeps well. Running variety. One of the best for winter. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; ¼ lb. 40 cts.; 1 lb. \$1.35, postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$1.25.

RADISH

CULTURE.—Sow in drills very early in the spring, and later for a succession at intervals of ten days. Must have very rich soil, plenty of moisture, light and ventilation to insure quick, rapid growth. For very early, sow in hotbeds. One ounce to 50 feet of row; 10 pounds to the acre.



D. & B.'s Early White-Tipped Forcing.

EARLY FORCING SCARLET GLOBE.—The earliest Radish, and one of the best for forcing. Has a very small top, bright red in color, and a very beautiful variety. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 25 cts.; lb. 75 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 65 cts.

EXTRA-EARLY SCARLET, or RED TURNIP.—Small, round, crisp, tender; tops small; grows very rapidly. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 25 cts.; lb. 75 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 65 cts.



Extra Early Scarlet.

¼ lb. 25 cts.; lb. 75 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 65 cts.

LONG WHITE ICICLE.—A beautiful, long white Radish; crisp, clean and tender. A good variety for family use. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 25 cts.; lb. 75 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 65 cts.

FRENCH BREAKFAST.—A white-tipped, olive-shaped sort, and one of the earliest forcing varieties, but should be used while young. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 25 cts.; lb. 75 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 65 cts.

D. & B.'s EARLY WHITE-TIPPED FORCING.—This Radish is extremely popular, both for gardeners and private use. The outer skin is of bright crimson color with white tip. Our strain is superior to most stocks offered, making a nice turnip-shaped, clean root. On account of its small top, it is largely used for forcing, and very satisfactory for earlier use outdoors. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 25 cts.; lb. 75 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 65 cts.

CRIMSON GIANT GLOBE.—A large, early variety; foliage is small, and can be planted close. Valuable for the early market. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 25 cts.; lb. 75 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 65 cts.

LONG SCARLET SHORT TOP.—Long, bright scarlet; fine for forcing. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 25 cts.; lb. 75 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 65 cts.

WHITE STRASBURG.—Large, long, solid; one of the best for summer use. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 25 cts.; lb. 75 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 65 cts.

ROSE CHINA WINTER.—Rose-colored; flesh white; cylindrical; one of the best winter Radishes. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 25 cts.; lb. 75 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 65 cts.

LONG BLACK SPANISH.—A large, long, black-skin Radish, with pure white flesh. A hardy fall and winter variety. Flesh is firm and keeps well. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 25 cts.; lb. 75 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 65 cts.

RHUBARB ROOTS

Set out in the early spring or fall in deep, well-worked soil, 4 feet apart each way. Mulch freely with manure or coarse litter. It is best not to use the stalks the first year, but after the first year they may be used freely and will last for years. A dozen roots will be ample for a large family. 20 cts. each; \$1.50 per dozen postpaid. Not postpaid, 15 cts. each; \$1.25 per dozen; \$8.00 per 100.

RHUBARB SEED.—Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; ¼ lb. 40 cts.; lb. \$1.35, postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$1.25.

SALSIFY, or OYSTER PLANT

MAMMOTH SANDWICH ISLAND.—The largest and best variety. Sow in March or April in 18-inch drills. Thin to 6 inches apart. Soil must be deep, light, rich and fine. One ounce to 50 feet; 8 pounds to the acre. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; ¼ lb. 40 cts.; lb. \$1.50, postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$1.40.

SPINACH

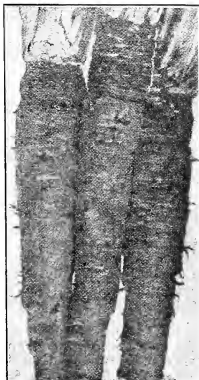
CULTURE.—For summer use sow early in the spring in good fertile soil in drills 18 inches apart, covering the seed 1½ inches. For winter and spring use sow in September or October. One ounce of seed will sow 100 feet of row; 20 pounds to the acre.

NORFOLK SAVOY, or BLOOMSDALE.—This is decidedly the most popular variety for both spring and fall sowing. Very early hardy curled leaves. Oz. 5 cts.; ¼ lb. 15 cts.; lb. 55 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 45 cts.

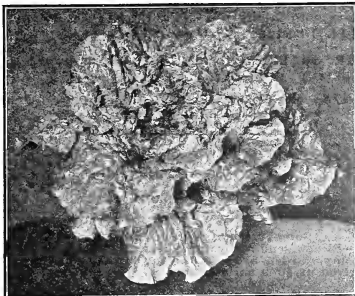
LONG STANDING.—Leaves thick and fleshy; does not run to seed quickly. Oz. 5 cts.; ¼ lb. 15 cts.; lb. 55 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 45 cts.

NEW ZEALAND.—This is an all-summer variety, growing luxuriantly in the hottest weather. It can be cut, and it comes again.

A few plants furnish the finest flavored "greens" all summer for an average family. Sow seed in March or April where the plants are to remain. This variety should be in every Southern garden, as an all-summer vegetable. Oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 30 cts.; lb. 90 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 80 cts.



Sandwich Island Salsify.



Norfolk Savoy, or Bloomsdale Spinach.

TOMATO

CULTURE.—To have plants ready for setting as soon as danger of frost is past, sow the seed inside in boxes or under glass about 6 weeks before the time desired to set them out. After the weather turns warm, transplant and set in raised hills about 3 or 4 feet each way. Fertilize well and cultivate as long as possible. To make very early Tomatoes, grow the plants in small pots and transplant to larger pots as the plants grow, until the weather is warm enough to set outside. One ounce of seed will produce about 1,500 plants.

JOHN BAER.—An extra-early, large and smooth, solid, bright red Tomato. This is the earliest large, solid Tomato grown, and has proven a most profitable early market variety. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 35 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.50 postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$3.40.

JUNE PINK.—Very early, of a good size, smooth and prolific. A beautiful pink color. A profitable early sort for market gardeners, but not as good for a main crop as some other varieties. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 85 cts.; lb. \$3.10, postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$3.00.

BONNY BEST.—An extra-early, large, smooth, bright red Tomato; a heavy yielder; good market variety. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 85 cts.; lb. \$3.10 postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$3.00.

LIVINGSTON'S BEAUTY.—Large, solid, smooth, purplish-pink; an old favorite. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 80 cts.; lb. \$3.00 postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$2.90.

GREATER BALTIMORE.—A very large red tomato, smooth and solid; somewhat similar to the Red Rock and Stone. It is largely used for canning, and considered by many canners superior to other sorts for canning purposes. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 80 cts.; lb. \$3.00 postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$2.90. Special prices in large quantities on request.

THE BRIMMER.—This Tomato is similar to the well-known Ponderosa, but is even larger than that variety. It has strong, healthy vines and is very productive. It is not an early variety, but its flesh is solid and meaty, and has very few seed. A splendid Tomato for family use, but most too large for a profitable market sort. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.75; lb. \$5.00 postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$4.90.

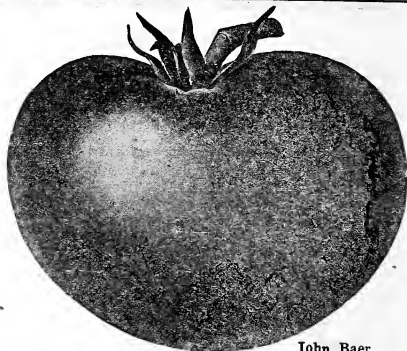
RED ROCK.—A most desirable and profitable variety for truckers and canners. It is an immense yielder, smooth as an apple, very red, heavy and an excellent shipper. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75 cts.; lb. \$2.50 postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$2.40.

LIVINGSTON'S STONE.—Large, bright scarlet, firm, uniform, hardy; an excellent shipper; one of the best for the late crop and canning purposes. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 65 cts.; lb. \$2.35, postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$2.25.

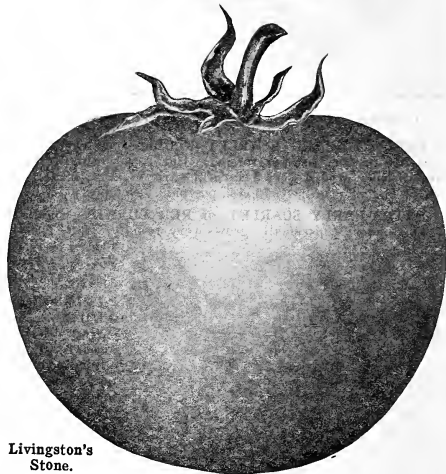
PONDEROSA.—A very large and handsome bright red Tomato, and especially adapted to family use. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.25; lb. \$4.50 postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$4.40.

YELLOW PEAR SHAPED.—Small fruit used for preserves. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 40 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.25.

TOMATO PLANTS.—See page 17.



John Baer.



Livingston's Stone.



Brimmer.

Vance County, N. C., March 21, 1921.
Gentlemen:—I have been using your Seed for more than ten years, and have always gotten splendid results from them.
Very truly yours,

WM. J. SMITH.

Sumner County, Tenn., Jan. 17, 1921.
Gentlemen:—Please send me your catalog for 1921, as I wish to order my Garden Seed from your house, as they have always given us such satisfaction.

Respectfully,

MRS. J. S. WALLACE.

TURNIP

CULTURE.—Sow Rutabagas from June to August in drills 3 feet apart; thin out to 6 ins. Sow Turnips from July to October for Turnips and Salad; 1 to 1½ pounds per acre in drills, 1½ to 2 pounds broadcast. For Salad 3 to 4 pounds broadcast. Can be sown in spring for summer use.

IMPROVED AMERICAN RED-TOP WHITE GLOBE.—The most popular Turnip for market and table use. Many Turnips have been produced from our seed weighing over 8 pounds each. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 20 cts.; lb. 60 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 50 cts.

LARGE WHITE NORFOLK—Popular for stock for market and for salad. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 8 cts.; ¼ lb. 15 cts.; lb. 50 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 40 cts.

POMERANIAN WHITE GLOBE.—A large white globe-shaped variety for main crop. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 8 cts.; ¼ lb. 15 cts.; lb. 50 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 40 cts.

WHITE EGG.—Oval, pure white, thin skin; grows rapidly. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 20 cts.; lb. 60 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 50 cts.

LONG WHITE COWHORN.—A good variety for the table and stock feeding. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 20 cts.; lb. 55 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 45 cts.

EARLY RED, or PURPLE TOP (Strap Leaf).—A desirable early variety for home or market. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 8 cts.; ¼ lb. 15 cts.; lb. 50 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 40 cts.

EARLY WHITE FLAT DUTCH (Strap Leaf).—Pure white flat-growing variety. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 8 cts.; ¼ lb. 15 cts.; lb. 50 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 40 cts.

LARGE YELLOW, or AMBER GLOBE.—Reliable main-crop variety for stock or market. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 8 cts.; ¼ lb. 15 cts.; lb. 50 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 40 cts.

YELLOW ABERDEEN.—A splendid yellow flesh turnip for winter, as it keeps well; hardy, tender and sweet. A good turnip for stock. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 8 cts.; ¼ lb. 15 cts.; lb. 50 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 40 cts.

SOUTHERN PRIZE.—Very hardy, stands cold; especially recommended for salad or stock. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 8 cts.; ¼ lb. 15 cts.; lb. 50 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 40 cts.

SEVEN TOP.—Recommended for salad only, roots being of very little value; very hardy. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 8 cts.; ¼ lb. 15 cts.; lb. 50 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 40 cts.

Warren County, N. C., July 19, 1921.

Gentlemen:—Enclosed find \$1.00, for which please send me its value in your D. & B.'s Improved Purple Top Rutabaga. I ordered some of this seed from you two years ago—they made a splendid crop, so I am ordering from you again.

Yours truly,

J. J. CRINKLEY.

Louisa County, Va., July 26, 1921.

Gentlemen:—Please send me the following order for Turnip seed. I had 100 lbs. of Turnips from the seed I bought from you last year, and the finest Turnip Salad this spring, enough for all my neighbors.

Sincerely,

MRS. ALICE SEAY.



Early White Flat Dutch
Amber, or Yellow Globe.

Early Red, or Purple Top.

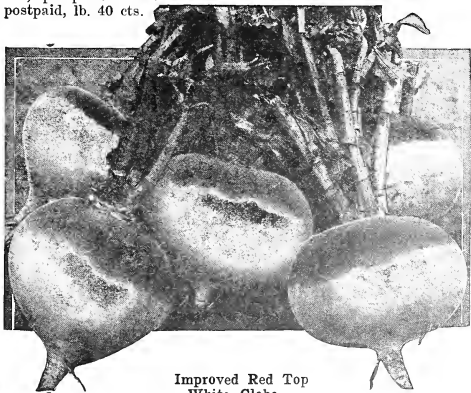
Pomeranian White Globe.
Improved Red-Top White Globe.

IMPROVED AMERICAN PURPLE-TOP YELLOW RUTABAGA.—Best Rutabaga for both table and stock feeding. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 20 cts.; lb. 60 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid lb. 50c.

MIXED TURNIP SEED.—As many of our customers prefer to sow Turnips of several varieties mixed together, we offer these in mixture of the best and leading varieties. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 8 cts.; ¼ lb. 15 cts.; lb. 50 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 40 cts.



Improved Yellow Rutabaga.



Improved Red Top
White Globe.

FLOWER SEEDS

ALL FLOWER SEEDS PRICED AT 5 CTS. PER PACKET ARE 6 FOR 25 CTS., OR 25 PACKETS FOR \$1.00; 10-CENT PACKETS ARE 3 FOR 25 CTS., OR 13 FOR \$1.00, POSTPAID—YOUR OWN SELECTION

We have endeavored to make our list of Flower Seed as complete as possible by a judicious selection of the best sorts, so that our customers would not get bewildered among a labyrinth of varieties, many of which are of no special merit.

We do not index our different varieties of Flower Seeds, but all varieties are arranged alphabetically, and can, therefore, be easily found. The letter "A" after the name of the Flower indicates that the Flowers are annuals and blossom only the first year it is planted, and the seed should be planted each year. The letter "P" indicates that the variety is a perennial and comes up and blossoms for several years after sowing. Cultural directions are printed on each package. For CLIMBING VINES AND FLOWERS, see page 29.

ACROCLINIUM—Everlasting (A)

A very pretty, half-hardy annual, producing white and rose-colored double daisy-like flowers, about 1½ inches in diameter. These are the "Immortelles," so desirable for wreaths and winter bouquets. Height 15 ins. Mixed colors. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 60 cts.

ALYSSUM (A)

A hardy annual, which begins to flower when very young, and is literally covered almost all the season with its sweet white flowers. It is especially adapted to borders or for rock work in the summer, and may be used effectively in window boxes for winter blooming.

Little Gem.—This is the prettiest variety, being so dwarf and full of bloom that it has been aptly named "The Carpet of Snow." Four inches high. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 60 cts.; ¼ lb. \$1.65.

Sweet.—The old garden favorite familiar to all. Being of trailing habit, it is better than the little Gem for rockeries or window boxes. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; ¼ lb. \$1.00.

AMARANTHUS (A)

These plants afford brilliant contrasts of color, being useful for tall borders and groups, also where foliage effects are desired. The leaves and stems are of different shades of red, blended with green. Two to 3 feet high.

Caudatus (Love Lies Bleeding).—Light yellowish-green foliage; long, drooping crimson flower spikes. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 20 cts.

Tricolor (Joseph's Coat).—A hardy annual with leaves of red, yellow and green; especially brilliant if grown in poor soil. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 60 cts.

AGERATUM (A)

A beautiful hardy annual. The flowers are borne in dense clusters, and are very useful for bouquets. The plants are very attractive in the garden, being covered with bloom nearly all summer. Mixed colors. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 50 cts.

ANEMONE—Wind Flower (P)

St. Brigid.—These are hardy perennials, blooming in the spring or fall, producing semi-double, large poppy-shaped flowers (2 to 3 inches across) in attractive colors. Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. \$1.40.



Sweet Alyssum.

ANTIRRHINUM—Snapdragon (A)

Well known, showy and useful border plants, producing flowers of a great variety of brilliant and handsome colors. Very effective in beds, succeeding in any good garden soil. They are also very desirable for cutting, as the spikes of bloom are borne well above the dark glossy leaves, and keep fresh for a long time. Mixed. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 75 cts.

AQUILEGIA—Columbine (P)

Grows about 2 feet high and bears a great variety of colors on long, smooth stems. Easy to grow. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 65 cts.

BACHELOR'S BUTTONS—

Globe Amaranth (A)

A well-known and popular everlasting flower, which forms bushy plants about 2 feet high and bearing sometimes hundreds of flowers. Excellent as border plants, and very useful for winter decorations. If cut when well matured will retain their beauty throughout the winter. Mixed. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; ¼ lb. 75 cts.

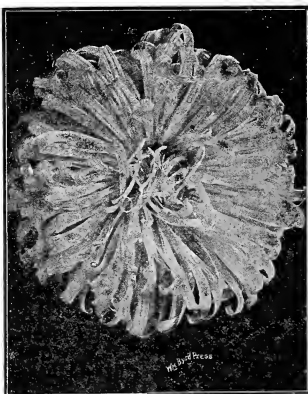
ASTERS (A)

These well-known, beautiful and popular annuals are very desirable for bedding, being in bloom when most other plants are over. Very useful for cut flowers and bouquets.

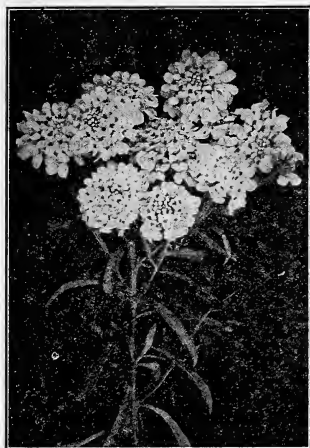
Victoria Mixed.—Beautiful and popular annuals, desirable for bedding, being in bloom when most other plants are over. Very useful for cut flowers and baskets. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. \$1.00; ¼ lb. \$3.75.

German Quilled (China Aster).—The familiar double Aster with quilled petals. Exceedingly showy and excellent for cutting for vase decorations. The large, brilliant, daisy-like flowers with yellow centers are produced in profusion. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 60 cts.; ¼ lb. \$1.75.

Comet Mixed.—A carefully proportioned mixture of various colors, the petals of which are very long and recurved, having the effect of the finest Chrysanthemums. They are varied and beautiful colors and one of the most popular sorts. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 85 cts.; ¼ lb. \$3.00.



Comet Aster.



Candytuft.

BALSAM—Touch-Me-Not (A)

Also known as "Lady Slipper." A tender annual with brittle stems and foliage, grows about 12 inches high. Flowers both single and double, in bright colors and variations; are waxlike and very attractive. No flower is more easily cultivated, and it succeeds in most any good soil.

Double White.—Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 60 cts.
Double Mixed.—Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 40 cts.
¼ lb. \$1.40.

CALENDULA—Pot Marigold (A)

Very hardy annual, one foot high. Has showy flowers, blooming until frost and producing a fine effect in borders. Of easy culture and is desirable for rather inferior soils, where less sturdy flowers do not thrive.

Mixed Varieties.—Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 25 cts.

CARNATIONS (P)

These well-known flowers are easily grown from seed, and very free blooming, the flowers being bright-colored and with a most delicious clove-like fragrance. Excellent bloomers in the garden or for winter flowering.

Marguerite.—An extra-vigorous race, especially adapted for out-of-door culture. The plants are trim in habit, perpetual and flower abundantly in 5 months from sowing the seed. Highly fragrant, beautiful double flowers. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. \$1.00; ¼ lb. \$3.50.

Double Mixed.—A mixture of all colors and types. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. \$1.50.

CANDYTUFT (A)

Popular favorites, flowering profusely the whole summer. Very valuable for edgings and borders, fairly covered with masses of white and various colors. Height 1 foot. Of easy culture.

White.—Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 15 cts.
Fancy Mixed.—Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 60 cts.

BEGONIA (P)

Finest Mixed Varieties.—Beautiful plants for summer bedding, bearing beautiful waxy flowers through the entire summer. Our mixture contains a great variety of colors, both in flowers and foliage. Pkt. 20 cts.

CALLIOPSIS, or COROEOPSIS (A)

Finest Mixed Varieties.—Beautiful, showy summer bedding annuals, with large, bright flowers of golden yellow, variegated with rich brown. Excellent for cutting and decorations. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 25 cts.

CANTERBURY BELLS—Campanula, Cup and Saucer (A)

A handsome, hardy biennial of stately growth, rich color and profuse bloom. Succeeds best in light, rich soil, and in the fall should be transplanted or thinned to 18 inches or 2 feet apart and given some protection in severe winter weather. Has large bell-shaped flowers, which are strikingly effective. Colors white and various shades of violet, rose, lilac and blue. Height 2 to 4 feet. One of the wild forms of Campanula is the "Blue Bells of Scotland." Pkt. 5 cts.; ¼ oz. 25 cts.; oz. 75 cts.

CANNA (P)

Stately, ornamental plants, producing clusters of large flowers of the most intense, varied and brilliant colors. Very desirable for greenhouse or bedding outdoors. Plant the seed in February, first soaking them for a day in warm water. In August the plants will come into bloom and continue to flower very freely until cut down by frost. Store roots in cellar in winter.

Tall Mixed.—Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 60 cts.

Crozy's Dwarf Mixed.—Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; ¼ lb. 75 cts.

Canna Roots.—See page 28.

CENTAUREA, GYMNOCARPA—Dusty Miller (A)

Valuable because of its silvery foliage and graceful drooping habit of growth. Half-hardy perennial. One-half to 2 feet high. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 60 cts.; ¼ lb. \$2.00.

CELOSIA—Cock's Comb (A)

A half-hardy annual, growing 6 to 8 inches high, bearing a wide wavy blossom that resembles a cock's comb. Fine for massing or border work.

Mixed varieties.—Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 40 cts.
Crimson.—Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. \$1.25.

CHRYSANTHEMUM (A)

These annual Chrysanthemums have a charm of their own. The blooming season is from very early summer until frost, and their gay colors make beds or borders attractive during those hottest weeks of summer when flowers are apt to be scarce.

Double mixed varieties.—Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 30 cts.

COLEUS (A)

Probably the best known and most popular of ornamental foliage plants. The leaves are of many shades of color and have a rich velvety appearance of extraordinary beauty. No lawn should be without these decorative plants. Tender perennial. Mixed. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. \$6.00.

COSMOS (A)

These well-known flowers are of easy culture and are almost indispensable for cutting and garden decorations, their lovely blossoms being produced in greatest profusion after most other flowers have succumbed to frost. Few flowers have grown more into popularity in late years than the Cosmos, and we recommend them to all wanting large plants in their gardens.

Mammoth Mixed.—The flowers are double the size of the old, large-flowering Cosmos, measuring from 3 to 4 inches across. The petals are large, overlapping, forming perfectly round flowers, deeply ribbed and of good substance. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 40 cts.; ¼ lb. \$1.40.

DAHLIA (A)

The Dahlia has always been a favorite for autumn flowering. The flowers are so symmetrical and perfect and the range of colors so large and varied that they will always be popular where display is wanted. Both the single and double strains of this popular flower may be had in the greatest variety and beauty from seed. If planted early and given protection in the spring they can be made to flower the first season. During the winter the roots can be taken up and stored out of reach of the freezing weather and replanted the following spring.

Cactus.—Is one of the prettiest types, with twisted and curled petals. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. \$1.50.

Double Mixed Varieties.—Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. \$1.50.

Single Mixed Varieties.—Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 60 cts.

Dahlia Roots.—See page 28.



Cosmos.



Escholtzia—California Poppy.
"The Poppy of Flanders Field."

DAISY (P)

These are charming little plants for edging and borders. The Daisy has been so far improved by selection and careful cultivation that good seed will give at least 80 per cent of double flowers that are as large as any of the named sorts that are propagated by the division of the roots, and are sold at high prices. The plants bloom well in the house and are splendid for early spring and summer flowering when planted in a slightly shaded situation. Tender perennials. About 6 inches high. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. \$2.00.

DIANTHUS, or PINKS (P)

These popular flowers, commonly known as Chinese and Japanese Pinks, have been for a long time very popular, and deservedly so. In diversity of rich and beautiful markings they have but few rivals, and in ease of culture, freedom of bloom and almost certain satisfactory results they stand close to the Nasturtium. Hardy biennials, blooming the first year from seed. So easily grown from seed as to be rarely treated as biennials. Seed may be sown in the open ground any time in May.

D. & B.'s Dianthus Chinensis.—The familiar Chinese or Indian Pink, easily grown and very showy. Our mixture contains an unusually large assortment of varieties and colors. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; ¼ lb. \$1.50.

Plumarius.—The old-fashioned garden favorite. All the single-flowered varieties in one mixture. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; ¼ lb. \$1.50.

Dianthus Heddwigi.—Large flowering, single mixed. A splendid mixture of single flowers of the best shades and beautifully marked. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; ¼ lb. \$1.50.

DIGITALIS, or FOX GLOVE (P)

A stately, old-fashioned border plant, affording dense spikes of brilliant-colored flowers, which are terminal and half as long as height of the plant. Colors white, lavender and rose. Does not usually bloom until the second year. Thrives best in cool, shady locations. Fine mixed. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 75 cts.

ESCHOLTZIA—California Poppy (A)

The beautiful State flower of California. Also known as the "Poppy of Flanders Field" it blooms almost continuously throughout the season. A bed of these in full bloom gives a brilliant color effect. The foliage is finely cut and has a bluish tinge, delicate and very attractive. They are of the easiest culture. Can be sown in any soil, but the better the soil the larger the plants and blossoms. It is best to sow the seed in the garden where the plants are to remain, as they do not transplant easily. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 30 cts.

EUPHORBIA—Snow on the Mountain (A)

Easily grown annual with beautiful ornamental foliage, prettily veined and margined with white. Very showy. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 50c.

FORGET-ME-NOT—Myosotis (P)

The favorite old border plant that succeeds best in moist situations.

It comes into blooming early and the little star-shaped flowers appeal to every heart. Hardy perennials. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 75c.

FOUR O'CLOCK—Marvel of Peru (A)

A well-known favorite plant, bearing freely funnel-shaped white, red and striped flowers which open about four o'clock in the afternoon, remaining open all night; and usually are closed before noon the next day. Sow seed in spring in open ground in any good garden soil. The plants should be given plenty of room, about three feet apart. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; ¼ lb. 50 cts.

GAILLARDIA (A)

A very showy, hardy, garden plant, with brilliant flowers in scarlet and yellow, blended and shaded. Blooms freely from early summer till autumn. Grows one and one-half to two feet high, and the blossoms are borne on long, slender stems.

Grandiflora Mixed.—Single perennial variety of varying shades of reddish brown, scarlet and orange. The largest of these species, excellent for cutting. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 40 cts.

HELIOTROPE (P)

The delicately tinted and fragrant blossoms of this beloved little flower are so well-known that any attempt at description would be superfluous. It is adapted to both bedding and house culture, requiring little attention. By sowing indoors early in the spring and transplanting into small pots the plants may be made so strong and stocky that they will be in full bloom soon after being set in the garden.

Mixed Varieties.—Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. \$2.00.

HOLLYHOCK (P)

For a background to a flower garden, nothing is better than this tall, old-fashioned garden favorite. The large, richly colored blossoms, about 3 inches across, ranging from deep yellow and red to pure white, are set as

rosettes around the strong growing flower stalk. The Hollyhock of to-day is entirely different and more beautiful than the plant of years ago, being much more compact in growth, the flowers larger, more richly colored and of better form. Sow the seed in May or June, in open ground, and in the autumn, when the plants have made five leaves, transplant to permanent position 2 or 3 feet apart. The following summer they will bloom.

They grow to a height of 5 ft., and if the stalks show a disposition to fall, tie the stakes to them to hold them up. The Double Hollyhock are the most desirable.

Double Mixed Varieties.—Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. \$1.00; ¼ lb. \$3.75.

HIBISCUS (A)

Africanus—A free blooming flower of easy culture, producing flowers of large size, 3 to 4 inches across. Creamy yellow with purple center; very desirable for mixed beds or borders. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 50 cts.

ICE PLANT (A)

A pretty little trailing flower for baskets or boxes, grows about 6 inches; flowers white or pink. The leaves are covered with crystal like drops, shining brightly in the sun; its foliage is remarkable. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 60 cts.

LARKSPUR (A)

The Larkspur is one of the handsomest and most useful of plants. The colors are extremely beautiful and in mixed borders its profuse masses of purple, white and red show splendidly, and for large gardens is invaluable. Height 12 inches.

Double Dwarf Varieties Mixed.—Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 40 cts.

Double Tall Mixed.—Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 40 cts.



D. & B.'s Dianthus Chinensis.



Dwarf Nasturtium.

LOBELIA (A)

Profuse blooming little plants, of great value for edging, hanging baskets or vases. It is completely covered with flowers for a long time. If given plenty of water they may be kept in flower all summer.

Mixed Colors.—Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. \$1.25.

LOVE-IN-A-MIST—Nigella (A)

A hardy annual, one foot high, with finely cut foliage. Oddly shaped blossoms in blue and white, and curious seed pods. Of easy culture. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 25 cts.



Single Mixed Petunia.

MARIGOLD (A)

A hardy annual, shrubby plant, in dwarf and tall varieties, growing from 6 inches to 3 feet high. Foliage bright green, deeply cut, and graceful. The flowers are various shades of yellow and brown. The tall varieties are very valuable for large bedding or background work, and the dwarf varieties for borders. No flower garden seems complete without this fine old-fashioned plant.

African Mixed.—The best tall varieties, with large double blossoms. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; ¼ lb. \$1.00.

Tall French, Double Mixed.—Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; ¼ lb. \$1.00.

MIGNONETTE (A)

This popular little flower is well-known as one of our most fragrant plants, and a universal favorite. If sown at intervals in spring and early summer it will bloom until killed by frost. Thrives best in a cool temperature.

Golden Queen—Very fragrant, with golden yellow flowers. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 50 cts.

Sweet—This is the familiar old variety. It has spikes of medium size, so fragrant that a bed will perfume the whole atmosphere around it, and every garden should have a corner or bed devoted to it. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; ¼ lb. 60 cts.

Machet—A compact-growing variety, with medium long, thick spikes of yellow flowers. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 75 cts.

NASTURTIUM (A)

Probably the most popular and easily grown flower in our list, and remains longer in bloom. In favorable soil the flowers are produced in abundance during the season. Nasturtiums prefer dry, rather rocky soil, such as we usually call "poor" soil, and bear their flowers in such locations in greater profusion than in a rich garden, where they run too much to leaves.

Dwarf Varieties Mixed—This mixture contains all of the choicest and prettiest flowers of the Dwarf variety. The plants form a small, round bush, 12 to 16 inches high, which is a mass of blossoms all summer. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 30 cts.; lb. 85 cts. postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 75 cts.

Tall Varieties Mixed—This mixture contains all of the choicest and prettiest flowers of the tall variety, are of quick growth, covering a whole hedge or trellis in a short time. The brilliant blossoms almost cover the plant from top to bottom. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 30 cts.; lb. 75 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 65 cts.

NICOTIANA—Flowering Tobacco (A)

Sylvestris—A very ornamental plant, having handsome foliage and very fragrant flowers; it grows 3 to 5 feet, and is desirable for center of beds or planting in shrubbery; flowers are pure white and star-shaped. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 65 cts.

PANSY (P)

No description is needed of these little favorites, and it would be hard to find a garden whose charm is not in a large measure dependent upon their marvelous coloring.



D. & B.'s Superb Pansies.

D. & B.'s Superb Pansy Mixture.—This is a mixture of all the giant flowering varieties, all the plain colors, faced sorts, ruffled edged and rare sorts, also the varieties exquisitely striped. The seed is saved from the most famous pansy gardens, from exhibition flowers. These pansies are wonderfully beautiful in every way and the very best there are. The small difference in the cost of this seed over the other seed is covered one hundred-fold in satisfactory results to the grower. Pkt. 25 cts.; oz. \$4.50.

Finest English Prize Mixed—This mixture is of magnificent varieties, containing the so-called faced varieties, and is in every respect equal to the higher priced named Pansies. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. \$2.00.

Large Flowering Mixed Pansy—This seed is saved from very good garden varieties, the flowers are small in comparison with the fine sorts, but the colors are good. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. \$1.75.

WILD FLOWER GARDEN MIXTURE

This mixture is not really made up of wild flowers, but is a combination of a great many free-blooming, hardy-flowers, listed in this catalogue, which can be offered at a much lower price than when sold in separate packages. Those who cannot give the constant care necessary for finely-arranged flower beds will find our "Wild-Flower Garden Mixture" a delightful substitute, with its constant and ever-varying bloom. Such a flower bed is a continual surprise and pleasure, as new varieties and the old garden favorites flower successively throughout the season. Thin out where the plants are crowded and keep clean of weeds. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; ¼ lb. 50 cts.



D. & B.'s Grandiflora Mixed Phlox.

PETUNIA (A)

There is no bedding plant of easier culture than the Petunia, and few that make a gayer appearance when in full bloom. They are easily grown and very popular for bedding. They thrive best in a warm, sunny location. The shape of the flower is similar to that of the Morning Glory. Sow the seed thinly where the plants are to remain, or for early blooming sow in the house in boxes.

Single Mixed.—Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 75 cts.; ¼ lb. \$2.25.

PHLOX DRUMMONDII (A)

One of the prettiest and most popular of garden annuals. Makes very attractive beds, and continues to bloom throughout the summer. Sow in April in open ground, or can be started earlier indoors.

D. & B.'s Grandiflora Extra Large Flowering Mixed—A great improvement on the common type, both heads and florets being nearly twice as large. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. \$1.00; ¼ lb. \$3.75.

POPPY (A)

Hardly any class of plants afford the same brilliant colorings and showy display. They are of easy culture, the seed being sown where they are to remain. Thin the plants 6 to 12 inches apart.

Oriental—A large gorgeous scarlet blossom; base of petals black. One of the most striking and showy of the garden perennials. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. \$1.00.

Shirley—These beautiful Poppies are very free-flowering and remarkably brilliant colors, from pale rose to deep crimson. Many of the flowers have crimped or wavy petals; all are of fine silky texture, but of good substance, and not surpassed by any for 75 cts.

Single Mixed—All the fancy and named single varieties mixed. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 25c.

Double Mixed—All the fancy and named double varieties mixed. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 25c.

PORTULACA (A)

Low-growing or creeping tender annual. 6 to 8 inches high, and bearing glossy, cup-shaped blossoms in very brilliant and gorgeous colors. The seed germinates slowly and should be started under glass or when the weather is hot. These flowers love the sunshine and do best on rather dry ground.

Single Mixed—This is an extra fine strain with very large blossoms and splendid colors. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 60 cts.; ¼ lb. \$2.00.

Choice Double Mixed—From 50 to 60 per cent of the flowers will come double. These are especially beautiful and showy. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 65 cts.; oz. \$2.00.

PRIMROSE (A)

Green-house or pot plants, bearing trusses of large single or double blossoms in bright colors, as well as soft tints. Sow the seed in April or May for winter blooming.

Large Flowering Hybrids—The choicest varieties mixed. Pkt. 20 cts.

RICINUS—Castor Oil Plant (A)

Luxuriant rapid-growing annuals with palm-like leaves. Excellent for background or center of beds of foliage plants, the effect being especially striking after the brilliantly colored fruit is formed. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 25 cts.

SALVIA SPLENDENS—Scarlet Sage (A)

A well-known favorite bedding plant which bears magnificent spikes of scarlet flowers from July to October. Although perennial, it blooms the first year from seed, and there is really no flower than can rival it in splendid color. Excellent for cutting. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. \$1.75.

Snap Dragon—See Antirrhinum.

SMILAX (A)

A charming, delicate and graceful indoor climber, running 6 feet or more and very useful for decorations. A very desirable window vine. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 60 cts.

SWEET WILLIAM (P)

A beautiful class of hardy free-blooming plants of extreme richness and diversity of colors. Produces a fine effect in beds or mixed flower borders.

Single Varieties Mixed—Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 40 cts.

Double Varieties Mixed—Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 75 cts.

SENSITIVE PLANT—Mimosa (A)

Curious and interesting little plants with pinkish white flowers. The leaves close and droop when touched. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 40 cts.

SCABIOSA—Mourning Bride or Sweet

Scabious (A)

Have perfectly double flowers, are useful for cutting, and they are gracefully borne upon long tender stems well above the foliage, and makes a beautiful cut-flower; height 2 feet. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 50 cts.

SUNFLOWER (A)

Red Sunflower—A new variety growing about 6 feet high with well shaped dark-centered flowers of bright chestnut red, merging to yellow at the tips of the petals; branches freely. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.

Mammoth Russian—The well known old-fashioned giant Sunflower. Pkt. 5 cts.



Salvia Splendens (Scarlet Sage).

STOCKS, DWARF GERMAN—Ten Weeks

(A) Desirable for bedding or pot culture. They bear an immense quantity of fragrant blooms, each plant forming a perfect bouquet, and are splendid for cutting. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 85 cts.

VERBENA (P)

These well-known flowers are splendid for beds or massing. Flowers of most brilliant colors, blooming from early summer till late in the fall. Verbenas grown from seed are always thrifty and do not rust. Sow early in house, or out of doors in April.

Mammoth Flowered Mixed—This strain produces blooms of the largest size and most brilliant colors. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. \$1.

Mixed Colors—The individual flowers are most perfect and the plants remarkably vigorous. A splendid mixture from named sorts, comprising nice, beautiful colors. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 75 cts.

VIOLETS (P)

Although these flowers do best when grown from cuttings, they grow readily from seed and produce very fragrant blossoms.

Blue—Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. \$2.50.

Mixed—Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. \$2.75.

WALLFLOWER (P)

This is a fine bedding plant, but it is more often grown as a pot plant and for this purpose is well adapted. The flowers are very fragrant and usually of various shades of yellow, brown and reddish brown. An old-fashioned flower—always popular. Sow early in the year in boxes and transplant.

Single Mixed Colors—Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 35 cts.; ¼ lb. \$1.25.

Double Mixed Colors—Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. \$2.

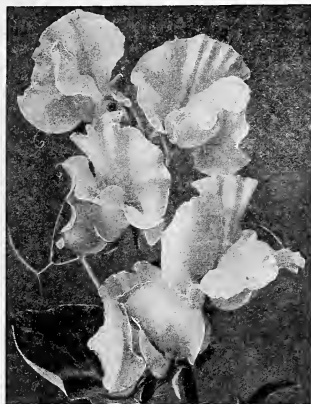
ZINNIA (A)

For gorgeous summer and fall display the Zinnia is unsurpassed, the flowers are perfectly double, resembling Dahlias, and almost every shade of color. For bedding and massing they are particularly suitable.

Tall Double Mixed Colors—Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 40 cts.; ¼ lb. \$1.25.

Dwarf Double Mixed Colors—Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 60 cts.

SWEET PEAS



Emily Henderson.

These beautiful and fragrant flowers are becoming more popular each year, and should be grown in every vegetable and flower garden. They are hardy and easy to

grow, and bloom profusely for many weeks if properly cultivated.

Sow in the spring as early as the ground can be worked, in rows 3 feet apart, and to get the best results they should be staked. As they grow about 4 feet high, for very early blossoms sow in September or October and cover with straw or litter during the winter.

D. & B.'s SPENCER SWEET PEAS

The Spencers are a race or type of sweet peas with extra large flowers, fully double the size of the older forms under good cultivation. The Spencers have very long stems, and wavy and fluted-edged petals, which with their rich coloring give an almost orchid-like appearance. The Spencer type will not stand careless cultivation, but if you give them careful cultivation they will fully repay you for the extra trouble by their exceptional size and beauty.

All Spencer Varieties.—Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; ¼ lb. 75 cts.; lb. \$2.60 postpaid.
King Edward Spencer.—Pure red.
Masterpiece Spencer.—Lavender.
Countess Spencer.—Pure pink.
Pure White Spencer.—Beautiful white.
Royal Purple Spencer.—The best purple.
Flora Norton Spencer.—Very fine blue.
Othello Spencer.—Beautiful deep pure maroon very large.

D. & B.'s Spencer Mixed—This is a splendid, well-blended mixture of all true Spencer types. All colors, mixed, Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 60 cts.; lb. \$2.10 postpaid.

NAMED SWEET PEAS

In Separate Colors.

We offer the following, all of which are selected from the finest named varieties, and the choicest of its kind. Each variety, pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 35 cts.; lb. \$1.25 postpaid.

America—Bright red and white striped.
Blanche Burpee—A very large beautiful snow white.

Blanche Ferry—Rose and white.

Flora Norton—Bright blue.

King Edward VII—Brilliant red.

Lady Grisell Hamilton—A beautiful pale lavender.

Hon. Mrs. Kenyon—Large, rich primrose.

Lovely—Deep pink, shaded to light pink.

Navy Blue—Indigo blue and violet.

Prima Donna—A most beautiful pure pink.

Othello—Very dark maroon.

Aurora—Orange, rose and white.

Helen Pierce—Mottled blue on white.

D. & B.'s Superb Mixed—This is the best possible mixture that can be made, combining carefully considered proportions. It comprises all of the finest new and large flowering varieties of every shade and color from pure white to dark maroon. Each is the very choicest of its class, grown separately and mixed by ourselves. It is the finest mixture possible and cannot be surpassed at any price. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 35 cts.; lb. \$1.25 postpaid.

GENERAL LIST OF VINES, or CLIMBERS

This List Comprises Varieties Which Attain Perfection the First Season. A Few of Them Require Starting in the House, but the Majority Can Be Sown Where They Are to Grow.

AMPELOPSIS VEITCHII—Boston Ivy (P)

The popular Ivy which covers so many buildings. It clings to brick and wood without support. It is a rapid grower, with beautiful star-shaped foliage of light and dark green, changing with the seasons. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 40 cts.

BALLOON VINE—Love-in-a-Puff (A)

A rapidly-growing climber of attractive foliage, and remarkable for the inflated membranous capsule seed pod from which the name Balloon Vine is derived. This peculiarity also suggests its other name of "Love-in-a-Puff." The flower is white and inconspicuous. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 65 cts.

BALSAM APPLE (A)

A very desirable climber, bearing large, prickly, pear-shaped yellow fruit, the flesh of which when kept in whiskey or alcohol make a most effective pain-killer and healer of cuts, bruises, etc. Height 10 feet. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 30 cts.

BALSAM PEAR (A)

There is little difference between this and the Balsam Apple, except in the shape of the fruit. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 30 cts.

CLEMATIS HYBRIDA—Large Flowering Mixed (A)
A climatic climber with many colored flowers. Soak the seed for 24 hours or more before sowing them. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. \$1.25.

CYPRESS VINE (A)

A tender, climbing annual, with soft fern-like foliage and small star-like flowers in red and pink or white which contrast most effectively with the graceful foliage. Height about 15 feet.

Mixed Varieties—Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; ¼ lb. \$1.00.

DOLICHOS, HYACINTH or JACK BEAN (A)

A tender, climbing annual. Grows rapidly and is splendid for covering a trellis. Flowers in purple, or white; are borne on long stems, the individual blossoms resembling the bean flower, and the ornamental pods resemble bean pods. Sow seed in open ground late in April. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 25 cts.

COBEA SCANDENS (A)

This is one of the best climbers of rapid growth, with fine foliage and large bell-shaped flowers of a beautiful violet hue. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 75 cts.

HUMULUS JAPONICUS—Japanese Hop Vine (A)

A rapid growing, hardy climbing annual with dense, bright green foliage. Will grow 20 to 30 feet high in a season, and is very valuable for covering a trellis or unsightly objects and for shading verandas. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 30 cts.

MOON FLOWER or EVENING GLORY (A)

Beautiful rapid climbers, bearing large white flowers, 4 to 6 inches in diameter, which open in the evening and on cloudy days. Start the seed in the house and transplant when the weather is warm. Before planting it is best to file a small hole in one end through the outer hull and soak for 36 hours in warm water to hasten germination. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; ¼ lb. \$1.75.

MORNING GLORY (A)

Imperial Japanese Morning Glory—These are much the handsomest flowers in Morning Glories, of gigantic size and in colors ranging from snow white to carmine, through every shade of blue and purple to nearly black, also marble, striped and splashed sorts. The vine is not quite so vigorous a climber as the old-fashioned Morning Glory. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 60 cts.

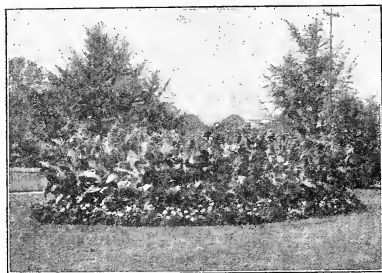
Mixed Varieties—No climber is more popular than is the Morning Glory for covering trellis or unsightly back fences. They grow 15 feet high and bear very abundantly brilliant flowers of various colors. Soak the seed for two hours in warm water to hasten the germination. Of easy culture. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 30 cts.

CLIMBERS MIXED.—Many of our customers prefer a mixture of several kinds of climbers. We therefore offer these in mixture. Large pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.

SUMMER FLOWERING BULBS FOR SPRING PLANTING

CANNA ROOTS

We are listing only what we regard as the best and most successful varieties. They are grown especially for us by an expert of Cannas and we consider each of the following the finest and most satisfactory variety of its kind.



A Bed of Cannas.

KING HUMBERT VARIETY—15 cts. each; \$1.25 doz.; \$7.50 100, postpaid. Not postpaid, 10 cts. each; \$1.00 doz.; \$7.00 100.

ALL OTHER VARIETIES—12 cts. each; \$1.00 doz.; \$6.00 100, postpaid. Not postpaid, 8 cts. each; 85 cts. doz.; \$5.50 100.

KING HUMBERT—This is claimed by many to be the finest Canna that grows. It has large bronze foliage and flower of enormous size. The plants are crowned with immense heads of orchid-like, velvety orange-scarlet, rose tinted blossoms margined at the base; a combination of leaf and blossom incomparably beautiful. Where the foliage effect is desired, nothing richer can be found. It is broad and massive, 4 feet.

EUREKA—We consider this the best white Canna for all purposes. The large substantial flowers are very freely produced on strong, vigorous plants. 4 feet.

PANAMA—The color of this splendid Canna is unusually bright and attractive—rich orange-red, with a well-defined edge of bright golden-yellow. The flowers are very large, with enormous wide petals. 3 feet.

MADAME CROZY—Flowers brilliant vermilion-scarlet, with narrow edge of bright golden yellow. 3½ feet.

SHENANDOAH—The flowers are salmon-pink borne in large clusters; the foliage is rich ruby-red. 4 feet.

RICHARD WALLACE—Canary-yellow blossoms. Very productive of flowers. One of the best yellows. 4 feet.

CHARLES HENDERSON—This is one of the old favorite varieties. It has green foliage and the flowers are deep crimson-scarlet with flame-yellow throat. Height 4 feet.

TUBEROSES

EXCELSIOR PEARL—This is decidedly the best and most popular Tuberose. Produces a close spike of fine double flowers, delightfully fragrant, and very popular for bouquets. Plant in rich soil 6 inches apart after danger of frost and give plenty of water.

Mammoth Bulbs—10 cts. each; 3 for 25 cts.; 70 cts. per doz. postpaid. Not postpaid, 60 cts. doz.; \$4.00 per 100.

We will issue in September a special list of Selected Hyacinths, Tulips, Narcissus, and other Flowering Bulbs for autumn planting which blossom in the winter and early spring. If you love Flowers,

BE SURE AND ASK FOR IT.



Pearl Tuberose.

CALADIUM BULBS—Elephant's Ear

This is one of the finest and most satisfactory foliage plants grown. A very ornamental plant with immense green leaves. When fully grown they stand 6 to 7 feet high, bearing leaves 2 to 2½ feet wide.

To get the best results they should be well fertilized with manure and given an abundance of water.

Mammoth Bulbs—11 to 12 inches in circumference. 35 cts. each; \$3.00 doz. postpaid. Not postpaid, 25 cts. each; \$2.50 doz.

Second Size Bulbs—9 to 11 inches in circumference. 30 cts. each; \$2.50 doz. postpaid. Not postpaid, 20 cts. each; \$2.00 doz.



Caladium (Elephant Ears).

DAHLIA ROOTS

There are few flowers that compare with the Dahlia in charming diversity of form and wide range of brilliant colors and no other surpass it for autumn display. They are easily grown and do best when planted in light or loamy soil in a sunny situation 3 feet apart in deeply dug, well drained soil.

CLASSIFICATIONS OF DAHLIAS

Cactus—This class embraces the long, narrow-petaled varieties, the petals of which are generally pointed or twisted.

Decorative—This class has large flowers, full centers with broad loose petals.

Peony—Have large broad petals, open center.

Show—The old-fashioned Dahlia, has large full head blooms.

SELECTED NAMED DAHLIAS

35 cts. each; \$2.50 per doz. postpaid. Not postpaid, 25 cts. each; \$2.00 per doz.

Flora (Decorative)—

Large pure white.

John Walker (Show)—

Large pure white.

T. G. Baker (Cactus)—

Canary yellow.

Yellow Duke (Show)—

Pure yellow.

Juliet (Cactus)—Rose

pink.

Queen Emma (Peony)—

Hollyhock pink.

Galliard (Cactus)—

Scarlet.

Red Huzzar (Show)—

Blood red.

Blue Ogan (Decorative)—

Lavender blue.

Manzanita (Show)—

Lavender.

J. H. Jackson (Cactus)—

Dark maroon.

Jamaica (Show)—Gar-

net.

Oban (Decorative)—

Old rose and yellow.

Maiden Lady (Show)—Purple and tinted white.

Mixed Dahlia—Assorted colors. 25 cts. each; \$2.00 per doz.

postpaid. Not postpaid, 15 cts. each; \$1.50 per doz.



Gladiolus

These beautiful flowers stay in blossom for a long time and make very attractive cut flowers. They can be planted after danger of frost is past from April to June.

These are all the finest first size bulbs:

AMERICA—A beautiful dainty lavender pink; large flowers of wax-like texture. 7 cts. each; 60 cts. doz. postpaid. Not postpaid, 6 cts. each; 50 cts. doz.; \$3.75 per 100.

HALLEY—Delicate salmon pink. A most attractive early blooming sort. 7 cts. each; 65 cts. doz. postpaid. Not postpaid, 6 cts. each; 55 cts. doz.; \$4.00 per 100.

AUGUSTA—A beautiful pure white. 7 cts. each; 65 cts. doz. postpaid. Not postpaid, 6 cts. each; 55 cts. doz.; \$4.50 per 100.



Gladioli.

MRS. FRANCIS KING—A most beautiful vermillion red, large flowers; a magnificent variety. 7 cts. each; 60 cts. doz. postpaid. Not postpaid, 6 cts. each; 50 cts. doz.; \$3.75 per 100.

KLONDIKE—Clear primrose yellow with crimson blotch. 7 cts. each; 65 cts. doz. postpaid. Not postpaid, 6 cts. each; 55 cts. doz.; \$4.50 per 100.

BARON HULOT—A deep rich violet blue. 12 cts. each; \$1.20 per doz. postpaid. Not postpaid, 11 cts. each; \$1.10 doz.; \$8.00 per 100.

PRIMULINUS HYBRIDS—Selected, comprising all of the choicest and exquisite colorings. 60 cts. doz. postpaid. Not postpaid, 50 cts. doz.; \$4.00 per 100.

PRICES OF SAVO STEEL ALL-YEAR FLOWER BOXES

Model A—6½ in. high, 6½ in. wide, 23 in. long. Each.....\$3.50

Model B—8 in. high, 9½ in. wide, 29 in. long. Each.....\$4.00

Model C—8 in. high, 9½ in. wide, 35 in. long. Each.....\$4.50

Model D—8 in. high, 9½ in. wide, 41 in. long. Each.....\$5.00

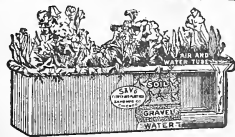
Model E—8 in. high, 12 in. wide, 12 in. long. Each.....\$3.00

Model F—12 in. high, 12 in. wide, 12 in. long. Each.....\$3.50

Model G—Round style box, 12 inches in diameter and with stand is 28½ inches high. Very attractive for ferns, etc. Complete with stand, \$6.00.

Japanese Bulb Bowls—A circular bowl, 2 inches deep, 7 inches in diameter, used for growing bulbs in water; also holds cut flowers erect in water. Each 85 cts. (postpaid, 95 cts.).

THE SAVO STEEL All-Year-Round Flower Box



Patented Jan. 23, 1917

Self-Watering and Sub-Irrigating FOR

Windows, Porches, Sun Parlors, etc.

Perfect Air Circulation and Drainage Leak Proof and Rust Proof

MOST EFFICIENT, DURABLE, ARTISTIC

Six sizes. Beautifully finished

Fill with water only once a week. Move Savo Boxes indoors or out and you can have beautiful flowers and plants continually for many years.

AN ALL - YEAR - ROUND - GARDEN

PLANET JR. GARDEN IMPLEMENTS

The Planet Jr. Tools are the greatest savers of time and labor ever invented for cultivating the garden. They pay for themselves in a single season in larger, better and cleaner crops. We have used these tools ourselves for years, and can personally recommend them in the strongest terms. No matter whether your garden is small or large, you should have a Planet Jr. tool. They will do nearly all the work in the garden, from breaking the ground and sowing the seed to the last working. For complete description and illustration of each tool, ask for Planet Jr. Catalogue.

No. 4 PLANET JR. COMBINED HILL AND DRILL SEEDER, WHEEL HOE, CULTIVATOR AND PLOW—Sows all garden seeds (in drills or hills), plows, open furrows and covers them, hoes and cultivates easily. Price complete, \$19.00.

No. 4 D HILL AND DRILL SEEDER—Same as above less the cultivating attachments. Price, \$15.00.

No. 11 PLANET JR. DOUBLE WHEEL HOE, CULTIVATOR,



PLOW AND RAKE—A single and double wheel hoe in one. Straddles crops till 20 inches high, then works between. Price, \$15.50.

No. 12 PLANET JR. DOUBLE AND SINGLE WHEEL HOE—Same as No. 11, but without the Rakes and one pair of Hoes. The attachments sold with No. 12 are what gardeners use most, and the others can be added as wanted. Price, \$12.00.

No. 16 PLANET JR. SINGLE WHEEL HOE, CULTIVATOR, RAKE AND PLOW—The highest type of single wheel hoe made. Light but strong. Price, \$9.75.

No. 17 PLANET JR. SINGLE WHEEL HOE—Same as No. 16, but without the Rakes and Leaf Lifter. These single wheel hoes have an outfit sufficient for most small garden work. Price, \$8.25.

No. 19 PLANET JR. SINGLE WHEEL HOE—A light, but very strong wheel hoe. Price, \$5.75.

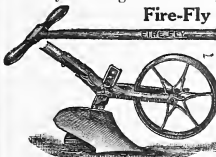
No. 25 PLANET JR. COMBINED HILL AND DRILL SEEDER, DOUBLE WHEEL HOE, CULTIVATOR AND PLOW—A splendid combination for the family garden, onion grower, or large gardener. It is a perfect seeder and combined double and single wheel hoe. Price, \$22.50.

No. 31 PLANET JR. COMBINED DRILL SEEDER AND SINGLE WHEEL HOE—This tool is of great value to gardeners who have never felt able to own either a seed drill or a wheel hoe. It will sow even a small packet of garden seed with great precision. Quickly changed to a splendid wheel hoe. A special machine for the small gardener. Price, \$12.50.

No. 31D SAME AS ABOVE BUT AS A DRILL SEEDER ONLY—Price, \$10.00.

No. 119 GARDEN PLOW AND CULTIVATOR—A tool for those who prefer the extra high wheel on their garden cultivator. Especially suitable where the ground is not so well prepared. An easy running tool. Price, \$5.00.

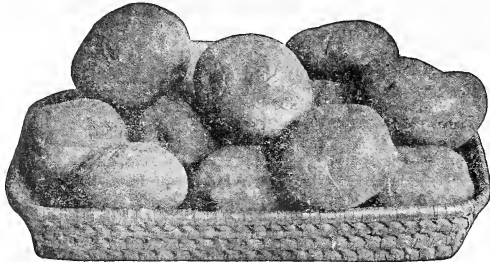
Fire-Fly Garden Plow



This tool is exceedingly useful to owners of small gardens. It will throw a furrow 4 to 6 inches wide and 1 to 3 inches deep, and deeper by going twice. This tool will enable a busy man to do in his spare minutes much of the work of a family gardener. Chicken raisers find it of great advantage in plowing up scratching yards. Price, \$4.00.

IRISH POTATOES

It is well known that the market price of Potatoes is constantly fluctuating, the prices quoted here are the ruling prices when this catalogue is printed in January, they are not binding, but we will be glad to quote or send our current price list of varieties at any time on request.



D. & B's Extra Early Eureka.



Irish Cobbler.

Selected Seed Irish Potatoes is one of our specialties. Our Maine Grown Seed are grown under the personal supervision of the most reliable and experienced growers in Maine and great care is exercised from the selecting and planting of the stock to the harvesting, grading and shipping of the crop. Customers should keep in mind that our Potatoes are Seed stock, grown for planting and should not be confused with ordinary commercial Potatoes offered as seed stock from unreliable sources.

VIRGINIA-GROWN POTATOES

It has been conclusively proven within the last several years that the second crop Virginia Grown Potatoes, raised from Maine Grown Seed, planted in July, make excellent Seed Potatoes. They are generally smaller in size than the Maine Grown Seed and while they are about two weeks later in maturing, they come up well, are hardier and generally make a larger yield under similar conditions. For this reason many of our large truckers much prefer the Virginia Grown Stock. On account of the severe drought last season, the supply of these Potatoes is short this spring and the stock is of smaller size than usual, consequently the price is higher per barrel, but they will not cost the planter as much to plant an acre as Maine Grown Potatoes, as one barrel of these will plant as much land as two barrels of the large size Maine Grown stock. Customers should not hesitate to plant these Potatoes because of the small size, as we have seen a yield of 90 barrels per acre dug from a planting of seed not larger than one inch in diameter.

CULTURE—Irish Potatoes should be planted in the spring as early as the ground can be prepared. In rich soil, rows 3 feet apart, placing cut tubers 15 inches apart in the row. A well balanced Potato Fertilizer should be used, rather than stable manure, which has a tendency to make the Potatoes grow rough with scab.

For late crop, plant from June to August. We recommend sprinkling Powdered Sulphur on Potatoes when they are cut for planting, which is a preventive of blight and scab and also prevents bleeding, which weakens the vitality of the Potato and is in other ways injurious. Many of our largest Potato planters always use Sulphur with the best results—1 pound is sufficient for 1 bushel of Potatoes. For price of Sulphur, see page 49. Potatoes should always be cut several days before planting, as the cut should heal somewhat before putting them in the ground. In the Potato growing sections of Maine, the most successful growers always cut their Potatoes from 4 to 6 weeks before planting.

HOULTON EARLY ROSE.—The old reliable, well-known and popular variety. Our stock of this Potato is absolutely true to name, and should not be compared with the cheap Western-grown stock so generally offered.

Maine Grown—Pk. 70 cts.; bu. \$2.30; 10-peck sack \$5.25.

D. & B'S EXTRA EARLY EUREKA.—This extra early variety is similar in shape and size to the Irish Cobbler, but is much smoother and of far better quality. The firm white flesh is of good flavor when cooked, the skin is of snowy whiteness and the vines resist drought remarkably well. As a first early potato it is considered by many far better than the Irish Cobbler. Potato planters who have grown these potatoes speak of them in the highest praise as a money-maker.

Maine Grown—Pk. 75 cts.; bu. \$2.40; 10-peck sack \$5.50.

Virginia Grown—Pk. \$1.00; bu. \$3.70; bbl. \$8.75.

IRISH COBBLER.—This well-known Potato is more generally grown for early crop than any other variety. It is an extra-early large white Potato, having very few small potatoes in a hill; hardy and vigorous grower; is also largely grown for home use as well as for market.

Maine Grown—Pk. 70 cts.; bu. \$2.30; 10-peck sack \$5.25.

Virginia Grown—Pk. \$1.00; bu. \$3.60; bbl. \$8.50.

SPAULDING No. 4 ROSE.—This potato is similar in color to the well-known old Early Rose, but probably ten days later. It is very smooth, of good table quality, keeps well, is hardy and productive; makes a heavy growth of vine, and resists drought much better than other varieties. We recommend this potato as a second early crop when quality and yield is desired.

Maine Grown—Pk. 70 cts.; bu. \$2.30; 10-peck sack \$5.25.

RED BLISS TRIUMPH.—An extra-early Potato, nearly round, pink skin, white flesh; has long been popular with the Southern truckers who grow Potatoes for shipping to Northern markets. Maine Grown—Pk. 75 cts.; bu. \$2.50; 10-peck sack \$5.75.

Virginia Grown—Pk. \$1.00; bu. \$3.70; bbl. \$8.75.

D. & B'S SNOW.—This Potato is somewhat similar to the Green Mountain and matures at about the same time. It may be used as a second early or late crop potato. It yields abundantly, of large pure white potatoes of unexcelled table qualities, and is also a splendid keeping potato. Many of our customers who have grown this potato consider it the best second early potato they have ever planted, and it brings the highest market prices. It has no superior as a baking potato.

Maine Grown—Pk. 75 cts.; bu. \$2.40; 10-peck sack \$5.50.

Virginia Grown—Pk. \$1.00; bu. \$3.75; bbl. \$9.00.

GREEN MOUNTAIN.—A large, handsome, pure white Potato. for main or late crop; a prolific yielder and invariably of fine table quality, cooking dry and mealy. It has largely superseded other varieties for late planting; is also one of the best varieties for main crop, maturing about 2 weeks later than the Irish Cobbler.

Maine Grown—Pk. 75 cts.; bu. \$2.40; 10-peck sack \$5.50.

Virginia Grown—Pk. 75 cts.; bu. \$2.40; 10-peck sack \$5.50.

IMPROVED WHITE PEACH BLOW.—One of the old standard and popular varieties; very productive; hardy, and one of the best keeping potatoes. Recommended only for late planting. Virginia Grown—Write for price in June or July.

COLD-STORAGE POTATOES

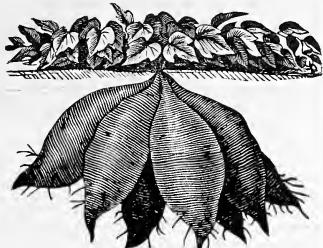
We will have a nice stock of the leading varieties kept in cold storage for late planting in June and July. Ask for prices.

SWEET POTATOES

CULTURE.

These should be planted in hotbeds in April and kept well watered. As soon as the plants are ready and danger of frost is past in May or June they should be transplanted to rows 3 feet apart, setting the plants 16 inches apart in the row. Prices fluctuate very much, frequently from day to day. Write us for prices when ready to plant.

Seed Sweet Potatoes are very perishable, and will not keep very long after being taken out of the cellar, especially in damp or rainy weather. For this reason we cannot carry them in stock for any length of time, but get them in fresh from day to day. We ship only good, fresh, sound Potatoes, in firm condition,



Sweet Potatoes.

but we cannot guarantee safe arrival of anything so perishable, though we are very careful in packing any shipping them while fresh, but under no circumstances will we be responsible for Potatoes which may be in bad condition when received, and only under these conditions will orders for Sweet Potatoes be accepted by us.

PORTO RICO or CUBAN YAM.—This Potato has been grown extensively in the South for many years, and was introduced by us into this section a few years ago. It has golden yellow flesh with pinkish skin, and is the largest yielding potato we know of. It is also by far the best keeping Potato known. The longer it is kept the sweeter it gets. Write for price in season.

HANOVER YELLOW.—The leading Yellow Potato in Hanover County, which is noted for its excellent Sweet Potatoes. It has a rich yellow color, grows to a large size; yields well; cooks dry. Write for price in season.

WHITE YAM.—This is the well-known White Sweet Potato. It grows to a larger size than the Yellow Potatoes and keeps better. Write for price in season.

PUMPKIN YAM, or NANCY HALL.—Has flesh of golden yellow color, hence its name Pumpkin Yam. It cooks soft, juicy and sweet. Write for price in season.

SWEET POTATO PLANTS—See page 17.

TOBACCO

Our Tobacco Seed are grown in the best Tobacco land in the Virginia Tobacco Belt. They are grown under improved scientific methods by reliable men under the supervision of a Tobacco grower of many years' experience. We offer no light, cheap seed—the seed we offer are saved from only the best plants, cleaned of all filth and imperfect seeds, and no pains nor expense is spared to give our customers the very best Tobacco Seed that can be had at any price.

CULTURE.—Sow in February and March in a rich and perfectly clean bed, from which all flies and insects have been destroyed by firing. Protect from flies and transplant about June to highly fertilized soil, $\frac{3}{4}$ to 4 feet each way. Cultivate thoroughly and guard well against suckers and worms.

WARNE.—A splendid variety for bright yellow wrappers. Grows to a large size and holds itself up well. The leaf is large, of medium breadth and very fine-grained. It is tough, silky, and makes one of the best varieties grown if properly managed. Comparatively new, but already very popular. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.25, postpaid.

SWEET, or LITTLE ORONOKO.—This is a very superior Oronoko Tobacco; the leaf is long, with a good breadth; has a small stem and very fine texture; used for first-class plug fillers, and makes, when sun-cured, the best natural chewing leaf on account of its sweetness. It is a general favorite for the "Home-Spun" wherever known, especially liked by some for its earliness and ability to stand upon the hill for some time without becoming over-ripe. In all respects an ideal manufacturing Tobacco. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 35 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00 postpaid.

BIG ORONOKO.—The leaf is large, broad, of handsome appearance, cures well and possesses a great deal of weight and body. For strips and dark wrappers it has no superior. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 35 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00 postpaid.

IMPROVED ONE-SUCKER.—Plants grow to medium large size, the leaf medium size, fine grained and of excellent quality. On light, gray soil this will make a good bright Tobacco, but is

especially adapted to make a dark, heavy export Tobacco. Long noted for its unusually small growth of suckers. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 35 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00, postpaid.

IMPROVED YELLOW ORONOKO.—Developed by careful, continuous selection from the Old Standard Yellow Oronoko, which has been more extensively planted for the Yellow type than any other. Its growth is large, but erect, its leaves are large, but of the finest texture. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 35 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00, postpaid.

IMPROVED LONG-LEAF GOOCH.—In this variety we have our ideal Tobacco for Eastern North Carolina and South Carolina and a portion of Georgia. It is an ideal variety for sandy soils, grows unusually large; produces large, broad leaves of No. 1 quality; cures well; brings a good price, and makes over pounds to the acre than most varieties. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 35 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00, postpaid.

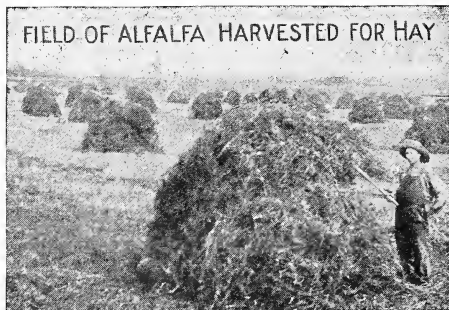
GOLD LEAF.—As its name indicates, this is a bright Tobacco and a great favorite with the growers of Bright Tobacco. The leaf is long and broad, similar in shape to that of the Warne, but is of a finer texture. It is said to be the easiest variety to cure up a rich Golden Yellow and retain its fine texture. It is also said to yield more pounds per acre than any other variety of Bright Tobacco, but it is not recommended for growing in other than the Bright Tobacco belt, where its popularity increases with each season. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 35 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00.

HESTER.—A well known and popular variety. Among its good qualities may be noted its size, shape, texture, habit of early maturing, and its adaptability to an almost limitless range of soils and climates. It is by far the surest. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 35 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00, postpaid.

BLUE PRYOR.—The genuine James River favorite; in fact, a general favorite wherever grown, and commands good prices. Rich shipper, and is superior to the Kentucky Blue Pryor. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 35 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00 postpaid.

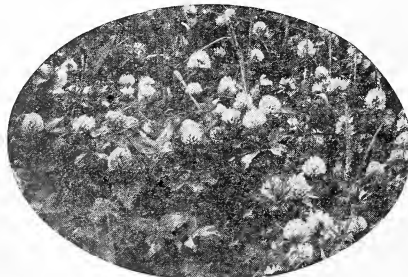
CLOVERS

PLEASE NOTE! As the market prices of all Clovers, Grass and Farm Seeds are constantly fluctuating, we are not quoting prices on these in this catalogue, but will be glad to quote firm prices and send our current price list of all Farm Seeds at any time on request.



ALFALFA is probably the most talked of, most widely grown, and the most profitable of all varieties of Clover grown in the South. It will produce from 5 to 7 tons of hay to the acre each year, and it can be cut 4, and with favorable weather conditions, 5 a year, and it does not exhaust the soil; its long roots penetrate 15 to 20 feet in the ground, and it therefore successfully resists droughts and gets moisture from this depth during dry spells, whereas any other crop would be a failure. Although Fall sowing is preferable, good results can be obtained from Spring sowing, if sown in March or early April. It should be seeded on high and rather dry land, as it does not succeed as well on wet grounds. It should be seeded at the rate of about 20 to 25 lbs. to the acre broadcast. The soil should be thoroughly prepared and a plenty of lime applied, not less than 1,000 lbs. to the acre, and if your land has never had Alfalfa grown on it before, be sure to inoculate the seed with nitrogen gathering Bacteria, for without inoculation your success is exceedingly doubtful. The Alfalfa Bacteria, which are necessary, are listed on page 49. Alfalfa is adapted to almost the entire South, and is said to have the highest feeding value of any other Hay. Do not risk your crop of Alfalfa by sowing cheap or inferior seed. Our Alfalfa is the highest grade American grown seed we can obtain, both in Purity and Germination. We do not sell or recommend the Imported Alfalfa. See Current Price List for Quotations.

Inoculate this
Seed with
FARMGERM



Red Clover.

GRIMMS ALFALFA—A Very hardy and healthy species of Alfalfa, especially adapted to the far North, as it rarely ever winter kills. For quotations, see Current Price List.

RED CLOVER—This is the common Red Clover so popular and well known everywhere—the farmer's friend, the soil restorer, the bountiful feed plant. Can be sown in the Spring from February 15th to April 1st; also from July 1st to October 1st, and will be ready for mowing the following spring. Sow 12 to 15 pounds to the acre. See Current Price List for quotations.

MAMMOTH or SAPLING CLOVER—Very much like the common Red Clover, but of heavier growth and about 2 weeks later in maturing. Especially recommended for thin soils. Sow 12 to 15 pounds to the acre. See Current Price List for quotations.

ALSIKE CLOVER—This is probably the best variety to sow with other grasses for a good mixed hay. On stiff, moist soil, makes a good pasture and a very valuable hay. Stands cold well, on either wet or dry soils. Splendid for bees. Sow 12 to 15 pounds to the acre. See Current Price List for quotations.

WHITE DUTCH CLOVER—Thrives in any soil or climate, and being of low, creeping growth, is especially valuable for pastures and lawns, especially valuable for bees as it probably makes better and clearer honey than any other blossom. See Current Price List for quotations.

WHITE BOKHARA, or SWEET CLOVER—This is a good clover to sow on poor or thin land as an improver and to prevent washing. It is very hardy and stands heat and drought remarkably well. It makes good grazing while young and also makes good quality hay if cut before it blossoms, but if allowed to grow tall or blossom it gets hard and woody.

Inoculate this
Seed with
FARMGERM

It is a good crop to sow to inoculate soil to be followed with alfalfa; is also valuable for bees; we recommend this Clover for poor soil. Sow about 15 pounds to the acre. See Current Price List for quotations.

CRIMSON, or ANNUAL CLOVER—Makes excellent green foliage, or if cut when in bloom will make good hay. Especially valuable for improving the soil, making a quick, heavy and very valuable crop for plowing under. May be sown to advantage among corn, cotton and tobacco at the last cultivation, and will afford a dense mat for turning under in spring. Crimson Clover followed under makes an excellent preparation for corn, as it keeps the soil in a mellow condition and helps to hold moisture. Sow 25 to 30 pounds to the acre from July to November. Price fluctuates, quotations on request.

WHITE BLOOMING CRIMSON OR ANNUAL CLOVER—This grows identically like the well known Crimson Clover with the exception that it has white seed and a white blossom, is about two weeks later in maturing and makes a heavier growth. Customers sowing both the White Blooming and the Crimson Clover will have a green food over a longer period. When seeded 10 pounds per acre with a bushel of either wheat or winter oats makes a heavy crop of excellent hay. Price fluctuates, quotations on request.

JAPAN CLOVER—This is valuable to sow on poor worn-out fields, hillsides, thin woods, groves, and wet bottom lands for summer pasture and for improving the land. It does not produce enough hay in this section to make it of much value for this purpose, but it is particularly valuable for late summer grazing on land that cannot be used for other purposes. Sow 10 to 15 lbs. per acre broadcast in March or April and do not graze it early if you wish it to re-seed. While the plants winter-kill, it re-seeds itself and thickens every year and will soon spread. See Current Price List for quotations.



D. & B.'s Grass Mixtures

It has long been an established fact that Grass Seed sowed in mixture makes a far better yield of hay and also a better pasture than one variety sowed alone. We have made a careful study of Grass Mixtures, and in offering the following we have the ideal mixtures for the purposes for which they are recommended. Only the highest grade of seed are used and they are thoroughly mixed in the proper proportions to give the best results. In the Hay mixtures we use only the Grasses which have proven the best to sow together and which mature and ripen together, which is, of course, necessary to get the best crops. We have most flattering testimonials from many of our customers telling us of their enormous yields and splendid results they have had from seeding our mixtures. We recommend these mixtures with entire confidence, and we feel sure that they cannot be improved upon, but should any of our customers prefer different mixtures, we will be glad to mix the seeds in any proportion they may wish.

(THESE PRICES SUBJECT TO MARKET CHANGES)

D. & B.'s Grass Mixture, No. 4, for Pasture

Recommended for stiff, heavy or low lands.

Composed of—Kentucky Blue Grass, Alsike Clover, Herda Grass, White Dutch Clover, Meadow Fescue.

Sow 30 to 35 lbs. to the acre.

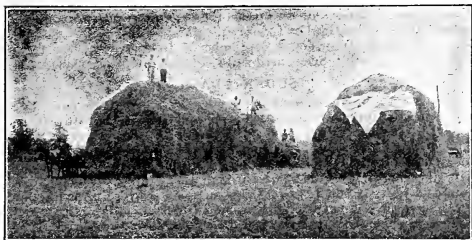
Present price, per lb. 33 cts.; 10 lbs. at 32 cts. per lb.; 100 lbs. \$31.00.

Hubam Clover

AN ANNUAL WHITE SWEET CLOVER

Hubam is the new quick growing clover about which so much has been written in the agricultural press. This clover has probably received more attention than any other plant ever discovered. Many prominent agricultural authorities believe it of such great value to the farms of the country that it will revolutionize crop rotation.

This plant originated in Alabama several years ago and has since been grown and tested at various experimental stations. It has been found that it grows successfully in any and all climates in this country and flourishes in practically all kinds of soil. It is a quick growing plant and in many tests, in all parts of the country, it has grown from 6 to 10 feet in a season. It has remarkable drought-resisting qualities. It is said by beekeepers to be the greatest of all honey-producing plants. In addition to its value as a hay crop, at once apparent because of its exceedingly rapid and luxuriant growth, it surpasses all other crops for green manure and soil improvement purposes. It also is reported as being one of the most nutritious pasture plants. Because of the unusual demand for this seed for the last year or two there has not been near enough to supply the demand, and until now it has not been offered commercially but only for experimental purposes. The seed if cultivated in rows should be sowed at the rate of 3 pounds to the acre, if broadcast 12 pounds to the acre. This plant has been given unstinted praise by those who have grown it, and as Ex-Governor Lowden, of Illinois, says: "If reports of Hubam are one-half true, it is the most revolutionary crop and means more to agriculture in the corn belt than any one thing that has been discovered in my lifetime." We, therefore, recommend that our customers at least give Hubam a trial. Per lb. \$1.25; 10 lbs. at \$1.15; 100 lbs. at \$1.00.



D. & B.'s Grass Mixture, No. 1, for Hay or Pasture

Recommended for light or loamy upland, for either hay crop or grazing purposes.

Composed of—Orchard Grass, Perennial Rye Grass, Tall Meadow Oat Grass, Red Clover, Alfalfa.

These Grasses mature and ripen together, making a splendid hay. Sow 30 to 35 lbs. to the acre. Present price, per lb. 27 cts.; 10 lbs. at 25 cts. per lb.; 100 lbs. \$24.00.

D. & B.'s Grass Mixture, No. 2, for Pasture

Recommended for light or loamy upland.

Composed of—Orchard Grass, Tall Meadow Oat Grass, Red Clover, Perennial Rye Grass, White Dutch Clover, Herds Grass. Alfalfa.

Sow 30 to 35 lbs. to the acre. Present price, per lb. 27 cts.; 10 lbs. at 25 cts. per lb.; 100 lbs. \$24.00.

D. & B.'s Grass Mixture, No. 3, for Hay

Recommended for stiff, heavy or low lands.

Composed of—Timothy, Herds Grass, Mammoth Clover, Alsike Clover, Meadow Fescue.

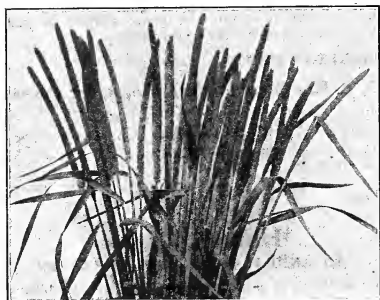
These Grasses mature and ripen together.

Sow 20 lbs. to the acre. Present price, per lb. 25 cts.; 10 lbs. at 23 cts. per lb.; 100 lbs. at \$22.00.

GRASSES



TIMOTHY.—Very nutritious, and salable for hay, but not recommended for pasture, as it is injured by close cutting or grazing. Thrives best on heavy moist soils; should not be sown on light dry land. Good crops of hay are obtained if mixed with Red Top or Herd's Grass and Sapling Clover, or some grass maturing at the same time. Sow 15 lbs. to the acre. See Current Price List for quotations.



Timothy.

HERD'S GRASS or RED TOP.—This excellent pasture and hay grass does well on any soil, but, perhaps, thrives best on moist, heavy soils. It spreads and thickens from year to year, and will gradually supplant other grasses. Matures at the same time as Timothy, with which it makes a good mixture. Sow 10 to 12 lbs. to the acre. See Current Price List for quotations.

ORCHARD GRASS.—This is one of the most reliable grasses for hay or pasture grown in this section, making a quick, vigorous and continuous growth from early spring to winter. Sow 30 lbs. to the acre in the spring or fall, and in any soil; loamy upland is best. It is excellent to mix with other grasses. See Current Price List for quotations.

TALL MEADOW OAT GRASS.—A most valuable grass for the South, as it stands heat and drought well and flourishes on dry, light soils. Splendid for pastures and for hay; it may be cut twice in a season. Sow 30 lbs. to the acre. See Current Price List for quotations.

KENTUCK BLUE GRASS.—This grass succeeds best on limestone soils, but does well on any stiff soil. Stands cold, but does not do well in extreme heat. Grows slowly at first, making a thick, compact turf. Used for lawns or pastures. Succeeds better, however, when mixed with other grasses. Sow either in the fall or spring. 35 lbs. to 40 lbs. to the acre. See Current Price List for quotations.

MEADOW FESCUE.—Remains green all winter, making fine, nutritious pasture, and also yields well as a hay crop. Largely used for grazing. Sow about 30 lbs. to the acre. See Current Price List for quotations.

PERENNIAL RYE GRASS.—Good for hay and pastures, if sown on strong, moist soil, but does not stand drought well. It grows rapidly and matures very early and lasts several years. Sow 30 lbs. to the acre. See Current Price List for quotations.

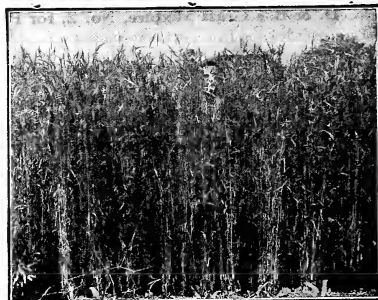
ITALIAN RYE GRASS.—Larger and stronger than Perennial Rye Grass; has large, broad, glossy green blades. Thrives best on moist, fertile soils, furnishing 2 or 3 cuttings a year. Sow about 40 lbs. to the acre. See Current Price List for quotations.

BERMUDA GRASS.—A valuable grass for permanent sod, and especially recommended for dams and terraces, as it has long, tough roots and of a matty growth; prevents land washing; would not advise sowing on land which is to be planted in other crops, as it is very tenacious in habit and very hard to eradicate after it once gets a hold; for this reason is used extensively on golf links. It is very similar to our Virginia Wire Grass. Sow in March or April, August and September, 7 to 8 lbs. to the acre, in well prepared soil. See Current Price List for quotations.

SUDAN GRASS

This is an annual grass and if seeded in May can be cut twice, and with favorable seasons three times a year, but it can be seeded as late as July and will make one cutting. Grows 6 to 10 feet high, when drilled; or if seeded broadcast, 3 to 5 feet. In appearance, it is similar to the Johnson Grass, but does not root as deeply. Is killed out through the winter, and can never become a pest, as has Johnson Grass in some sections of the South. It is, however, a great drought-resisting Grass, and is easily cured, making a splendid hay crop, and all stock relish and thrive on it. This Grass should not be sown until the ground becomes thoroughly warm, about the first of May. Farmers in the South, who have grown this Grass, are very enthusiastic about it. This Grass has been sown very extensively in Virginia, and our customers have been very much surprised and gratified at the heavy yield and good quality of hay produced. It is no longer an experiment in this State, it has already become a popular hay crop. Sow 5 lbs. to the acre in drills 2 feet apart; or if broadcast, 20 to 25 lbs. to the acre. 20 cts. per lb. postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 10 cts.; 10 lbs. 80 cts.; 100 lbs. \$7.00.

Sudan Grass.



Soja or Soy Beans



A Good Crop of Soja Beans.

Soja or Soy Beans are rapidly coming into use over a large territory. Twenty years ago they were little known. The Mammoth Yellow variety being then grown only in a small territory in the East. Now they are being generally grown throughout the country. There are a number of varieties, but we only catalogue a few of the best, some of which are suitable for growing in most any section. Soja or Soy Beans make a splendid forage crop; they are very nutritious and make a heavy growth of vine. They improve the soil, make a good ensilage and withstand drought better than any other forage crop. They make excellent hog feed and a splendid yield of Beans, which ripen at the same time. They are adapted to growing on almost all kinds of soils and are being more generally sown each year, as their value becomes known.

VIRGINIA—While this variety is particularly adapted to the South, on account of its earliness it is also a favorite variety for growing in the North and West where the growing seasons are much shorter. It makes an excellent yield of hay as well as yielding a large crop of Beans, and its profuse leafage and fine stems and stalks make a hay considered by many fully as good as Alfalfa, and all of it is consumed by the stock. See Current Price List for quotations.

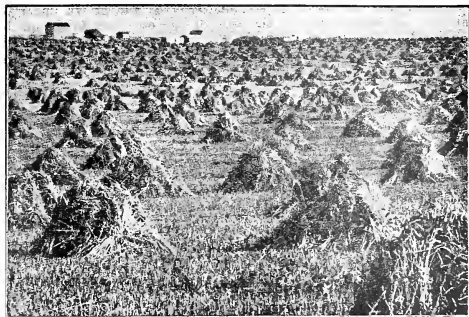
HOLLYBROOK EARLY—Valuable on account of its earliness; does not make as large a crop of Hay and Beans as the Mammoth Yellow, but a favorite with many growers where an early crop of Hay and Beans are required. See Current Price List for quotations.

WILSON EARLY BLACK—A very popular early variety growing about 3 feet in height. These are used extensively in the Northern States, where the season is not long enough for the Mammoth Yellow to mature. It makes a finer Hay than the Mammoth Yellow, as it has smaller stems. See Current Price List for quotations.

TAR HEEL BLACK—This variety is probably two weeks earlier than the Mammoth Yellow, but not as early as the Virginia, Hollybrook Early or Wilson Early. It has a robust growth of vine and yields more beans than the Mammoth Yellow, but does not grow as tall. On account of its excellent yield it is valuable for hogs. Many farmers grow the Mammoth Yellow variety to sell, but grow the Tar Heel for their own use. See Current Price List for quotations.

MAMMOTH YELLOW—Decidedly the largest growing Beans and the most popular variety to grow where the seasons are long enough for them to mature. They will make more tons of hay per acre than any other variety, also makes a good crop of Beans. See Current Price List for quotations.

Oats



Burt Oats.

GUNSON'S GRANARY FILLER—A new extra early white branch spring oat which was produced by careful cross breeding by a grain expert in New York State, he having been improving the strain by cross breeding since 1906. It is said to be one of the best varieties of oats in points of yield and quality. The grain is white, large and well filled, has thin hull and the actual weight per bushel usually runs from 38 to 40 lbs. to the measure bushel as compared to the standard weight of 32 lbs. It is said to have unusual stooking qualities and enormous yields have been made by growers in the North from this variety, many of them making from 60 to 100 bushels from one bushel sowed. While it has not been extensively grown in the South, this oat comes to us highly recommended, and if it does as well in this climate as it does further North it will no doubt supersede most other varieties now grown in this section. Per bu. of 32 lbs. \$2.25; 10 bushels at \$22.50.

BURT, or NINETY-DAY—The best Spring Oats, as it is the earliest, is nearly rust-proof, hardy and vigorous, and yields more grain and feed. On account of its earliness it is more satisfactory to grow than any other spring oat. While it is called a 90-day oat, we have known crops to mature in much less time. Sow 2 bus. to acre. See Current Price List for quotations.

VIRGINIA GRAY WINTER or TURF—This has long been by far the most popular variety in this State for Fall seeding. Though a winter oat, they also succeed well if sown early in the spring, making surest crop if sown by March 15th. Sow 1½ to 2 bushels to the acre. See Current Price List for quotations.

RED RUST-PROOF—A very desirable early variety for heavy soils and low, moist grounds, where rust attacks other varieties. Yields abundantly of large, heavy grain, but does not grow as tall as the winter oat. Sow 2 bushels to the acre. See Current Price List for quotations.

APPLER—An early large red Oat, similar to the Rust Proof, but harder and yields more grain. Adapted to either spring or fall sowing. We highly recommend these oats. See Current Price List for quotations.

FULGHUM—This oat is of a rust-proof type, somewhat earlier than the Appler, and is a heavier yielder of grain. Is largely used in the South, and is being more generally grown each year. See Current Price List for quotations.

WHITE SPRING—A large, heavy White Oat for spring seeding. Sow 2 bus. to the acre. See Current Price List for quotations.

We will have at seeding time in the fall the leading Varieties of Seed Wickets, Rye and Barley, and will be glad to quote current prices in season on request.

SEED CORNS

Our Corns are raised in Virginia, selected and grown under contract especially for seed purposes. The seed is saved from the largest and best ears, and the tips of the ears are taken off before shelling, which leaves only the largest and best grains, which are used.

Owing to the great care we exercise in growing and selecting our Seed Corns and the superiority of our strains, we sell this in large quantities to many seedsmen in other States.

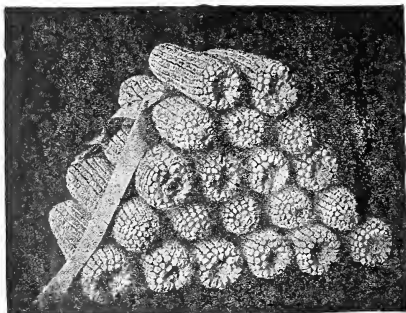
When five bushels or more of one variety is ordered, the price is 10 cts. per bushel less than the single bushel price.



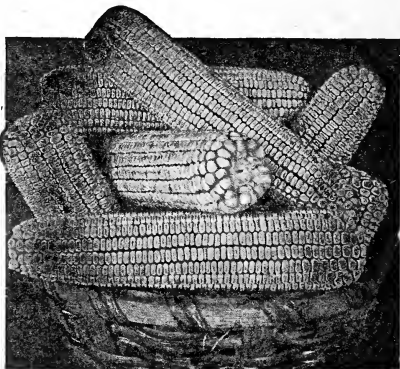
Virginia State White Dent Corn.

D. & B.'s VIRGINIA STATE WHITE DENT—Many years of careful breeding and selecting has developed this beautiful strain of large White Corn. It is a great improvement over the old White Dent. It is very hardy, uniform in size and productive. Is pure white, large ear, medium size cob, fills out well at both ends. Qt. 20 cts. (postpaid 30 cts.); peck 60 cts.; bus. \$1.90.

THOMPSON'S PROLIFIC—This is a moderately early, pure white prolific corn, average 2 ears to the stalk, shoots low to the ground, stalk of medium height, has a prettily shaped ear of medium size, grains are a good size and somewhat harder than the Dent variety, and makes excellent meal. This Corn has become very popular, and we especially recommend it as the best prolific corn for medium land. Qt. 20 cts. (postpaid 30 cts.); peck 60 cts.; bushel \$2.00.



Thompson's Prolific Corn.



Eureka Ensilage Corn.

BIGGS SEVEN-EAR PROLIFIC—As its name indicates this corn has been known to have as many as seven ears to the stalk, but we do not claim it to be a seven-ear corn; it is, however, a very prolific corn producing a number of medium size ears to the stalk. It is a pure white corn, firm and of good quality. It is also a heavy corn weighing generally more pounds per bushel than the standard weight of 56 lbs. Growers and breeders of this variety are very enthusiastic about this corn, and it will no doubt become a favorite when it is better known. Qt. 25 cts. (postpaid 35 cts); peck 85 cts; bu. \$2.50.

EUREKA ENSILAGE—This variety is bred from the Cocke's Prolific. The ears are much larger and longer, but not as many to the stalk. The ears run from 9 to 12 inches long. It is a rather hard, white variety, and makes excellent meal. Especially adapted to rich low grounds, and is the best ensilage variety. Qt. 20 cts. (postpaid 30 cts.); peck 60 cts.; bushel \$2.00. Selected ears, per bus. of 70 lbs. \$2.50.

BOONE COUNTY WHITE—A large eared variety of white corn. Has deep, soft and very white grains; it is a vigorous grower and has become very popular and has taken more premiums for large yields than any other variety. Being a soft corn it is excellent for stock feeding, but is more liable to rot on the stalks in a bad, wet season than harder varieties. Our seed is grown from premium stock. Qt. 20 cts. (postpaid 30 cts.); peck 75 cts.; bushel \$2.25.

Selected Ears—Per bushel of 70 lbs. \$2.75.

WHITE GOURD SEED, or HORSE TOOTH—A very deep grain corn, with large ears and small cob. A good corn for medium or light land. Qt. 20 cts. (postpaid 30 cts.); peck 60 cts.; bushel \$1.85.

VIRGINIA ENSILAGE—A large white corn with abundance of foliage which is used extensively for ensilage and fodder; also makes good yield of corn. Qt. 20 cts. (postpaid 30 cts.); peck 60 cts.; bushel \$1.85.

HICKORY KING—An early low growing corn and can be planted closer together than the large corns. It has a very small cob with large, broad grains. Especially recommended for high, light land. Will yield more shelled corn per barrel of cob corn than any other variety. Is said to make better meal than any other variety. Qt. 25 cts. (postpaid 35 cts.); peck 75 cts.; bushel \$2.25.

D. & B.'s Improved Golden Dent Corn

As a result of carefully selecting, breeding, and growing, this variety for many years, we now claim that in this Corn we have decidedly the best yellow Corn ever grown in this section. In fact, it has about superseded all other varieties of yellow Corn in this vicinity. It is a hardy, healthy, vigorous growing Corn,



Improved
Golden Dent.

and a good ensilage variety, and while we do not claim it to be a prolific Corn, it yields from one to two nice large ears to the stalk. Our customers who have been raising this Corn for years report it as being by far the best yellow Corn, and it has fewer barren stalks than any Corn they have ever grown. It has large, broad grains of a rich golden color. It is not a flint variety, but it is a moderately hard corn, and because of this it does not rot in the fields during continued rainy weather, as many varieties of yellow Corn do. We sell this Corn in very large quantities to the seed houses throughout the South and North. It is exceptionally early, maturing in about ninety days, and because of its earliness it is now being more largely grown in the Northern States each year for ensilage and other purposes, where the growing seasons are not long enough for the large late White Corns to mature. In this Corn we think we have decidedly the best yellow Corn for any purpose. Qt. 20 cts. (postpaid 30 cts.); peck 60 cts.; bushel \$1.85; selected ears, per bushel of 70 lbs., \$2.50.

BLACK EYE FIELD PEAS

For Table Use, Forage and Soil Improving, These Are Profitable to Sell Green or Dry for Winter Use.

EXTRA EARLY BLACK EYE—Of small size, but the earliest strain of the well known Black Eye Pea. Very productive, of good flavor, and especially valuable for market, owing to its extreme earliness. Pkt. 10 cts.; qt. 25 cts. (postpaid 35 cts.); pk. \$1.50.

EARLY RAM'S HORN BLACK EYE—A large second early Black Eye Pea, ripening just after the extra early; used as a table pea both green and dry. Qt. 25 cts. (postpaid 35 cts.); peck \$1.10; bushel \$3.85.

D. & B.'S JUMBO BLACK EYE—This is the largest size of Black Eye Pea known. They yield well, and on account of its extra large size easily brings the highest market prices. Pkt. 10 cts.; qt. 25 cts. (postpaid 35 cts.); peck \$1.00; bushel \$3.75.

LARGE BLACK EYE—The well known standard variety; good for table purposes, either green or dry. Qt. 20 cts. (postpaid 30 cts.); peck 90 cts.; bushel \$3.25.

SMALL BLACK EYE—A bunch variety, very productive; an excellent quality of dry pea for winter use. Qt. 20 cts. (postpaid 30 cts.); peck 85 cts.; bushel \$3.00.

FIELD, or COW PEAS

Prices of Cow Peas are frequently changing. Write us for prices when ready to buy.



This is one of the best crops that can be grown for enriching the soil; even if the entire crop of vines are cut off and removed, the roots,

by their ability to add nutritious qualities to the soil, improves the poorest land and enriches the richest. It is also a splendid forage and field crop, producing a heavy growth of excellent feed. All of our Cow Peas are thoroughly re-cleaned and put up in even weight, good sacks, all hulls, sticks, cracked and broken peas are taken out, and they should not be compared with peas commonly offered just as they come from the farmer's hands, which are rarely ever re-cleaned and in very poor sacks. The market prices are unsettled at the time this Catalogue goes to press.

TAYLOR or LARGE GREY WHIPPOORWILL—A large speckled pea with long pods, and makes a heavy yield of shelled peas. It matures early, and grows upright; also makes large vine growth.

BLACK—This is the popular variety for forage and for turning under. Very prolific, quick grower, rich and nutritious. On account of its nutrition and yield of peas, is probably the best variety to sow for hogs.

BRABHAM—This pea resembles the well known brown Whippoorwill, but is smaller; upright growth, holds its foliage well, making it a valuable pea for hay. Is very hardy and prolific in both peas and forage. Is rapidly becoming one of the most popular peas in the South.

IRON—We consider this pea probably the best variety to plant for a hay crop or forage. It also yields abundantly of peas. In some sections of the South it is sown almost exclusively. The seed of this variety is small, consequently it does not take as many to seed an acre.

NEW ERA—An extra early cow pea. Makes a very heavy growth of vine and is very prolific of peas, which are speckled and very small, and on this account it does not require near as many seed to an acre. One bushel or even less is sufficient. Holds its leaves well.

BROWN WHIPPOORWILL—Very early, brown speckled peas; one of the most popular varieties; vines grow in bunches instead of runners. Holds its leaves well.

CLAY—This is a running variety. Second early. Makes a heavy growth of vine and is therefore more generally used and recommended for plowing under.

MIXED COW PEAS—We offer a choice mixture of the principal varieties, which many farmers think produces a thicker and better crop than any single variety.

COW PEAS MIXED WITH SOJA BEANS—The advantage of sowing Cow Peas with Soja Beans for hay is that the strong, stiff stalks of the Beans hold up the peas so that they can be cut better, and they cure better and make better and more hay than either Peas or Beans when grown separately. We mix these thoroughly in the proper proportions to give the best results.

SORGHUMS, MILLETS AND FODDER PLANTS

Sorghum or Sugar Cane should be sowed in May after danger of frost is past. For syrup sow in rows 3 feet apart, about 15 lbs. to the acre. For fodder, sow broadcast about 75 lbs. to acre. Sorghum should be more generally grown for making syrup. It is easy to grow and many people much prefer home-grown sorghum molasses to the Southern syrups.

SUGAR DRIP SORGHUM—This is decidedly the best variety for making syrup, also good for fodder, or green feed. 1b. 20 cts. postpaid. Not postpaid, 1b. 10 cts.; 10 lbs. 65 cts. Larger quantities quoted on request.

EARLY AMBER SORGHUM—Grows 10 to 12 feet high; yields heavy nutritious forage, either dry or cured; very sweet; also makes good syrup. 1b. 20 cts. postpaid. Not postpaid, 1b. 10 cts.; 10 lbs. 50 cts. Larger quantities quoted on request.

YELLOW MILO MAIZE—Largely used for feeding to cattle green; can be cut and fed green when 3 or 4 feet high, and will continue to grow out, and can be cut until frost. Sow in May or June; 10 lbs. to the acre in drills. Per lb. 20 cts. postpaid. Not postpaid, 1b. 10 cts.; 10 lbs. 60 cts. Larger quantities quoted on request.



Golden or Liberty Millet.

If broadcast, about 25 lbs. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1b. 30 cts. postpaid. Not postpaid, 1b. 20 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.75. For larger quantities, see Current Price List.

KAFFIR CORN—A popular forage crop. A heavy growth; very nutritious; its grain makes a particularly valuable feed for stock and poultry. 1b. 20 cts. postpaid. Not postpaid, 1b. 10 cts.; 10 lbs. 60 cts. For larger quantities, see current price list.

MILLET

GOLDEN or LIBERTY MILLET (formerly called German Millet)—Sow broadcast from May to July, 50 lbs. to the acre. Millet makes a good yield of feed if sown on good land, but does not do well on thin land.

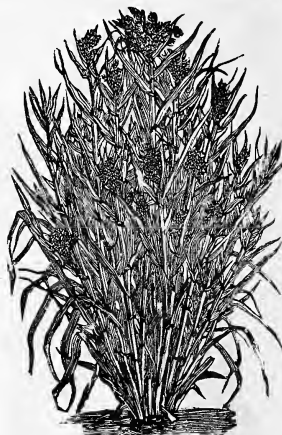
TENNESSEE GROWN—This makes much larger growth and has larger heads than the Southern Millet and is regarded far superior to the ordinary Southern millet. See Current Price List for quotations.

CHOICE SOUTHERN—The well known Millet. See Current Price List for quotations.

PEARL or CAT-TAIL MILLET—Sometimes called Pencilaria, or Billion-Dollar Grass; this variety gives an enormous yield of very valuable forage. The plants grow about 12 feet high, but it may be cut at 3 feet, when it will thicken up, and may then be cut continuously until frost, giving abundant supply of rich green food. It is also valuable when used as a dry hay. It is usually sown in drills at the rate of about 5 lbs. to the acre, or 10 lbs. to the acre in drills.

Broom Corn

STANDARD EVER-GREEN—An improved strain of the well-known broom corn, but is harder, and produces a longer brush. Sow in May in rows 3 feet apart, and thin plants to 3 inches apart in the row. About 5 lbs. are required for an acre. Customers will find it profitable to grow broom corn and make their own brooms or sell it on the market. Per lb. 20 cts. postpaid. Not postpaid, 1b. 10 cts.; 10 lbs. 65 cts. For larger quantities, see Current Price List.

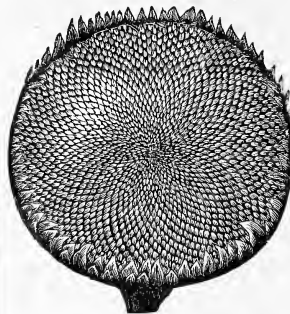


Teosinte.

Teosinte

This is a valuable fodder plant resembling corn, but with larger leaves and sweeter stalks. Much relished by

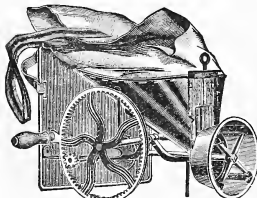
stock either green or as dry fodder. Yields enormous crops, and may be cut 5 or 6 times a year. Stalks 10 to 12 feet high. Drill in May or June 3 lbs. to the acre. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 lb. 20 cts.; 1b. 70 cts. postpaid. Not postpaid, 1b. 60 cts.



Mammoth Russian Sunflower

This is highly prized by poultry raisers and farmers as a good food for fowls. It is very productive, and can be easily raised, as any waste piece of ground will suffice. It is a good egg producing food. Per lb. 20 cts. postpaid. Not postpaid, 1b. 10 cts.; 10 lbs. 75 cts. For larger quantities see Current Price List.

The Cahoon Broadcast Seed Sower



The standard broadcast seeder and the best manufactured. Sows all kinds of grain, Clover, Timothy, and heavy seeds. Very simple in operation, and sows 4 to 6 acres an hour at a common walking gait. Distributes the seeds uniformly in one-fifth the time required by hand.

Circle on request.

Price, \$5.00.

The Cyclone Seed Sower



This is a splendid little Seeder at a very modest price.

Sows seed evenly; also Fertilizers, Bone or Ashes. Will pay for itself in a few hours. Made of tin and fits the body snugly.

Price, \$2.25 each. Mailing weight, 5 lbs.

Velvet Beans

100-DAY SPECKLED—A very rapid growing bean; makes larger growth than any other pea or bean known. Especially recommended for improving poor, worn-out lands. Can be sown broadcast, but we think it best to plant in drills and cultivate them once. After they get started they soon cover the ground with vines so dense that it is difficult to plow them under. We recommend turning stock on them, and let them eat and trample down the vines, which can then be turned under or left until spring. Should be planted in May or June, 1 or 2 pecks to the acre, in drills; or 1 bushel broadcast.

In the South they are also largely planted in the Corn. After the Corn is well up and started off growing, 2 Beans are dropped between the hills. The Beans are very vigorous and make a strong quick growth from the start and produces a most luxuriant growth of vine. After the Corn crop is harvested the Beans are left on the land or turned under, which greatly improves the soil, or stock may be turned in to feed on them, as stock thrive and fatten on them quickly. In the South these Beans are considered one of the greatest land improvers yet known. The Beans are also very valuable for grinding for stock feeding. See Current Price List for quotations.

Navy Beans

A very profitable market crop, and a good table bean. Only the dried beans are used. Plant in June or July in 3-foot rows; about 20 lbs. to the acre. Height 12 inches. See Current Price List for quotations.

Canada Field Peas

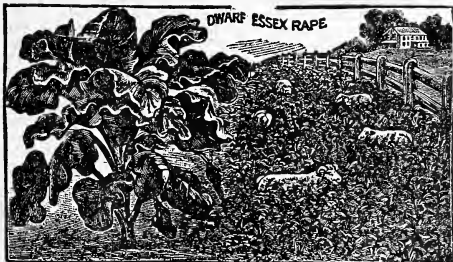
This variety is not considered a cow pea, but is of the English pea family. Has small seed and pods, grows 4 to 5 feet high, and makes excellent early hay; also makes splendid hog feed and early fallow. For best results we recommend sowing Appier or Fulghum Oats with these in February or March at the rate of one bushel peas and one bushel oats to the acre, which makes a splendid hay crop. They also do well when sown in November with either wheat, rye, oats, or barley. We recommend the American grown peas as being far more preferable than the cheaper imported peas. Our stock is the best American Grown Seed. See Current Price List for quotations.

Japanese Buckwheat

This is a profitable crop for either grain, flower food for bees, soil enricher, or to kill out weeds, also splendid for poultry. Sow 1 bus. to the acre in June, July or August. See Current Price List for quotations.

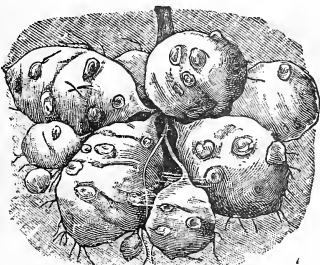
Dwarf Essex Rape

Excellent for grazing sheep, hogs and all kinds of stock. Especially valuable for sheep and hogs with young, as it is an excellent milk producer. The young animals will also eat it with relish. It is hardy, stands cold, and is ready in eight weeks after sowing. Sow 10 lbs. to the acre broadcast; 5 lbs. if drilled. Per lb. 25 cts. postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 15 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.00. For prices on larger quantities, see Current Price List.



Jerusalem Artichokes

Artichokes are grown only from tubers, like potatoes, and should be planted and cultivated in all respects like Irish Potatoes. They are very prolific and make excellent hog feed; claimed to be very healthy for stock and said to be a preventive of cholera. The tops when cut and cured like fodder make excellent forage; we consider it a most valuable crop, and those who raise hogs cannot afford to be without it. Per lb. 20 cts. postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 10 cts.; 10 lbs. 60 cts.; peck 75 cts.; 50 lbs. 1 bushel \$1.75. Special price in large quantities.



Jerusalem Artichoke.

Peanuts

Plant in May, 12 inches apart, in 3-foot rows. About 1 bushel when bought in the hull is required to plant an acre and about 15 lbs. shelled nuts. Cultivate flat, keep well worked. Peanuts should be shelled before planting.



Peanuts.

SPANISH—Nuts small, and have a thin hull, full kernel, and yield enormously. The vines and roots make excellent food for stock. Nuts in the hull, per lb. 25 cts. postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 15 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.00. For quotations on larger quantities, see Current Price List. Shelled nuts per lb. 30 cts. postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 20 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.75. For larger quantities, see Current Price List.

VIRGINIA JUMBO—A large variety of the well-known Virginia Peanut. In the hull, per lb. 25 cts. postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 15 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.00. For larger quantities, see Current Price List.

VALENCIA—These are dull red in color, of medium size, heavy yielder, and have long pods, with 3 or 4 nuts in a pod. It is probably the hardest Peanut in cultivation. It is mild in flavor and becoming more popular wherever grown. Lb. 25 cts. postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 15 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.25. For larger quantities, see Current Price List.

Vetches

SAND, or HAIRY VETCH—A nutritious and valuable forage and soil-improving crop. Makes a large and quick growth. Sow from July to November, preferably with grain, which will hold Vetch off the ground. To get the best results sow 25 lbs. to the acre, together with one bushel of Wheat, Oats, Rye or Barley. Per lb. 30 cts. postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 20 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.50. For larger quantities, see Current Price List.

POULTRY FOODS

All Prices Subject to Market Changes

MAKE THE CHICKS GROW FEED THEM GLOBE POULTRY FEEDS



GLOBE EGG MASH—A selected mixture of ground feeds, manufactured from the choicest sound, sweet and wholesome grains. It is carefully prepared and contains ingredients in proper proportions essential to the health and growth of the fowl. It is a splendid bone builder and especially helpful during the moult. Also contains beef scraps and charcoal, recognized necessities for health and egg production.

This mixture is especially formulated to meet the demands for a high-grade mash feed, and is suitable for either the morning, noon or evening meal, whichever method preferred, or may be kept before the fowls in a hopper in a dry form, and they will eat only as much as they need.

Mix with warm water during the cold weather, and feed crumbly. 10 lbs. 40 cts.; 50 lbs. \$1.75; 100 lbs. \$3.30; 500 lbs. at \$3.20.

GLOBE POULTRY SCRATCH FOOD—This is scientifically prepared by practical poultry experts to meet all the demands of growing and full-grown fowls.

Only materials that grade in every respect up to a high standard are used—carefully selected cracked and whole grains and seeds, sunflower, oil cake, buckwheat and charcoal, sifted and re-cleaned until they are entirely free from dust and chaff. This Scratch Feed is a complete and balanced ration for grown fowls in all seasons. Price (without grit or shell mixed it), 10 lbs. 35 cts.; 50 lbs. \$1.35; 100 lbs. \$2.50; 500 lbs. at \$2.40.

(Price With Grit and Shell in It)—\$2.45 per 100 lbs.; 500 lbs. at \$2.35.

GLOBE DEVELOPING FOOD—Has the same ingredients as the Globe Poultry Food, except it is ground finer for fowls from 4 weeks old and up. 10 lbs. 35 cts.; 50 lbs. \$1.45; 100 lbs. \$2.70; 500 lbs. at \$2.60.

GLOBE BABY CHICK FOOD—A complete grain feed for chicks up to 8 weeks old. It is a standard mixture of re-cleaned cracked grains and seed, hulled oats, fine granulated bone and fine charcoal. It produces healthy and rapid growth, and is intended for feeding until the chickens are large enough to be fed the Globe Scratch Feed. A trial will demonstrate its feeding value. 10 lbs. 40 cts. 50 lbs. \$1.50; 100 lbs. \$2.80; 500 lbs. at \$2.70.

GLOBE BABY CHICK MASH WITH DRIED BUTTERMILK—A most excellent starting food for baby chicks. 10-lb. pkg. 50 cts.; 25-lb. pkg. \$1.10; 50-lb. pkg. \$2.00; 100-lb. sack, \$3.85; 500 lbs. at \$3.75.

GLOBE GROWING MASH (With Dried Buttermilk)—An excellent mash for growing chicks. 10 lbs. 50 cts.; 25 lbs. \$1.10; 50 lbs. \$2.00; 100 lbs. \$3.85; 500 lbs. at \$3.75.

GLOBE PIGEON FOOD—Right feeding of pigeons is considered something of a problem. Most raisers do not understand either the pigeon or its feeding as well as they do poultry. The true fancier—the man who raises birds for their beauty, for the show, for the pleasure there is in it, or for sport—finds in Globe Pigeon Food a combination suited to his needs.

The seeds are especially chosen for pigeon feeding; only those that have proven to be best adapted for this particular purpose are used. It is made of various grains, peas and seeds, all clean, well matured, and always of a size so that the birds, young or old, are able to use every particle of it. This has no Corn Grit or Shell mixed in it. 10 lbs. 50 cts.; 50 lbs. \$2.25; 100 lbs. \$4.30; 500 lbs. at \$4.20.

KING SPECIAL PIGEON FOOD (With Whole Flint Corn)—A well balanced pigeon food. 10 lbs. 50 cts.; 50 lbs. \$2.10; 100 lbs. \$4.00.

ALFALFA MEAL—This is Alfalfa Clover, cured green and cut fine for poultry. To be fed in a mash, or dry; can be used alone or mixed with other mash food. It is an excellent substitute for green grass, and increases egg production in winter. 10 lbs. 30 cts.; 50 lbs. \$1.20; 100 lbs. \$2.25; 500 lbs. at \$2.15.

SWIFT'S EUREKA MEAT AND BONE—45 per cent. protein. An excellent egg-making winter feed for fowls. 5 lbs. 35 cts.; 10 lbs. 60 cts.; 25 lbs. \$1.35; 50 lbs. \$2.60; 100 lbs. \$5.00.

SWIFT'S LAY MORE MEAT AND BONE—45 per cent. protein. 5 lbs. 30 cts.; 10 lbs. 55 cts.; 50 lbs. \$2.30; 100 lbs. \$4.50.

SWIFT'S BLOOD FLOUR—Dried blood ground fine, valuable for feeding poultry, hogs and calves 10 lbs. 55 cts.; 50 lbs. \$2.60; 100 lbs. \$5.00.

VALENTINE'S MEAT MEAL—An excellent meat meal for poultry and dog feeding. 65 per cent protein. 10 lbs. 60 cts.; 50 lbs. \$2.50; 100 lbs. \$4.80.

DARLING'S MEAT CRISPS—A concentrated poultry food, made of meat. 3-lb. pkg. 35 cts.; 6½-lb. pkg. 70 cts.; 25-lb. sack, \$2.50.

GRANULATED BONE—Two sizes—Chicken and Pigeon Size, and Hen Size. 10 lbs. 50 cts.; 50 lbs. \$2.10; 100 lbs. \$4.00.

CRUSHED OYSTER SHELLS—Indispensable for successful poultry keeping, as it aids digestion and the formation of egg shells. It is best to have it where the fowls can get at it all the time, as they will not eat any more than they need. In ordering please state whether the "fine" size is wanted for chicks and pigeons, or the "regular" size for grown fowls. 5 lbs. 10 cts.; 25 lbs. 30 cts.; 100 lbs. 80 cts.; 500 lbs. at 75 cts.

PEARL POULTRY GRIT—This grit is manufactured especially for poultry. It is essential in the poultry yard, to keep fowls in a healthy condition. Size No. 1 for small chickens and pigeons; size No. 2 for grown fowls. 10 lbs. 15 cts.; 25 lbs. 35 cts.; 100 lbs. 90 cts.; 500 lbs. at 85 cts.

RED CROSS HEALTH GRIT—A superior grit prepared especially for pigeons, pronounced by pigeon fanciers an excellent grit. Keeps the birds vigorous and healthy. 10 lbs. 40 cts.; 50 lbs. \$1.35; 100 lbs. \$2.50.

D. & B'S CHARCOAL—We have had this charcoal put up for us to meet the demand for an evenly graded charcoal, free from dust and useless dirt.

Charcoal aids digestion, promotes health, and is generally corrective of many of the poultry ills to which fowls are heir. A little charcoal goes a long way and is worth its weight in gold. No poultryman can afford to be without it. It is put up in three sizes—Fine, for chicks; Medium, for half-grown fowls and pigeons; Coarse, for full-grown fowls. When ordering state what size is wanted. 2-lb. pkg. 10 cts.; 10 lbs. 45 cts.; 50-lb. sack, \$1.65.

FRENCH'S POULTRY MUSTARD—Prepared for poultry use, especially recommended for use during moulting season; keeps fowls in a healthy condition and increases the egg production. 1½-lb. pkg. 40 cts. (postpaid 50 cts.); 3-lb. pkg. 75 cts. (postpaid 85 cts.); 5-lb. pkg. \$1.25 (postpaid \$1.40); not prepaid, 10-pkg. \$2.40; 25-lb. pail, \$6.00.

STERLINGWORTH SALT CAT—This is a scientific combination of aromatic and tonic properties contained in such seed and roots as gentian, anise, coriander, etc., combined with sulphur, charcoal, limestone, salt, bone, and other materials that are generally recognized by pigeon keepers as aiding digestion, promoting good health and egg production in pigeons and game fowls; and is unequalled for keeping pigeons in vigorous health. Pigeon keepers who have used it give it an excellent recommendation. Per brick, 20 cts. postpaid. Not postpaid, 15 cts.; \$1.25 per dozen.

MILLET SEED—A good food for baby chicks and birds. 10 lbs. 50 cts.; 50 lbs. \$1.65; 100 lbs. \$3.00.

STEEL CUT OATS—A splendid food for baby chicks and birds. 10 lbs. 45 cts.; 50 lbs. \$2.00; 100 lbs. \$3.75.

CANADA FIELD PEAS—A good food for poultry and pigeons. 10 lbs. 70 cts.; 100 lbs. \$6.00.

FLAX SEED—10 lbs. 10 cts.; 10 lbs. 85 cts.; 100 lbs. \$7.50.

Standard Poultry and Stock Remedies

CONKEY'S REMEDIES

FOR POULTRY



These reliable remedies are well known and are guaranteed to cure when used according to directions. Our rapidly increasing sales prove the efficiency of these valuable remedies. Pamphlet mailed free on request. Full directions for using with each package.

CONKEY'S CHOLERA REMEDY—Small pkg. 25 cts. (postpaid 32 cts.); large pkg. 50 cts. (postpaid 56 cts.).

CONKEY'S ROUP REMEDY—Small pkg. 30 cts. (postpaid 36 cts.); large pkg. 60 cts. (postpaid 66 cts.).

CONKEY'S WHITE DIARRHOEA REMEDY—Small pkg. 25 cts. (postpaid 31 cts.); large pkg. 50 cts. (postpaid 56 cts.).

CONKEY'S GAPE REMEDY—Small pkg. 25 cts. (postpaid 31 cts.); large pkg. 50 cts. (postpaid 56 cts.).

CONKEY'S SCALY LEG REMEDY—Small pkg. 25 cts. (postpaid 31 cts.).

CONKEY'S CHICKENPOX AND SORE-HEAD REMEDY—Small pkg. 25 cts. (postpaid 31 cts.); large pkg. 50 cts. (postpaid 56 cts.).

CONKEY'S POULTRY WORM REMEDY—Small pkg. 25 cts. (postpaid 31 cts.); large pkg. 50 cts. (postpaid 56 cts.).

CONKEY'S CANKER AND BRONCHITIS REMEDY—For canker, colds, roup, bronchitis, swelling and sores. 2-oz. pkg. 50 cts. (postpaid 55 cts.).

CONKEY'S POULTRY LAXATIVE—Pkg. 25 cts. (postpaid 31 cts.); large pkg. 50 cts. (postpaid 60 cts.).

CONKEY'S CONDITIONER—Small pkg. 25 cts. (postpaid 31 cts.); large pkg. 50 cts. (postpaid 56 cts.).

CONKEY'S POULTRY TONIC—Pkg. 25 cts. (postpaid 35 cts.); 3¼-lb. pkg. 50 cts. (postpaid 60 cts.); 12-lb. pail, \$1.60.

CONKEY'S LICE POWDER—15-oz. pkg. 25 cts. (postpaid 31 cts.); 48-oz. pkg. 50 cts. (postpaid 60 cts.).

CONKEY'S LIQUID LICE KILLER—1-qt. can 60 cts.; 2-qt. can 90 cts.; 1-gal. can \$1.50. Cannot mail.

CONKEY'S NOX-I-CIDE—A splendid disinfectant and insecticide, very powerful and a small quantity will go further than most disinfectants. Recommended for use in the house, poultry house and stable. 1-pint can 45 cts.; 1-quart can, 70 cts. Cannot mail.

CONKEY'S FLY KNOCKER—Is recommended for spraying all kinds of stock and stables for keeping off the flies; an effective preparation. 1-qt. can 70 cts.; 2-qt. can \$1.15; 1-gal. can \$1.80. Cannot mail.

CONKEY'S BUTTERMILK STARTING FOOD—Splendid food for baby chicks from 1 to 10 days old. 2½-lb. pkg. 25 cts. (postpaid 35 cts.); 5-lb. pkg. 40 cts. (postpaid 55 cts.).

DR. HESS AND CLARK POULTRY AND STOCK PREPARATIONS

DR. HESS STOCK TONIC—Aids digestion, makes stock healthy and expels worms; is really a splendid tonic for all kinds of stock. 2-lb. pkg. 25 cts.; 4½-lb. pkg. 50 cts.; 25-lb. pail \$2.25.

DR. HESS POULTRY PAN-A-CE-A—Keeps poultry healthy and makes hens lay; it is not a stimulant, but a tonic that tones up the dormant egg organs. It also contains internal antiseptics that counteract disease; insures a healthy, singing poultry flock. 1½-lb. pkg. 25 cts.; 5-lb. pkg. 75 cts.; 12-lb. pkg. \$1.50; 25-lb. pail \$3.00.

DR. HESS ROUP REMEDY—For Roup, Diphtheria, Chicken Pox and all catarrhal diseases; is antiseptic, slightly astringent, non-irritating, and healing. Pkg. 25 cts. (postpaid 30 cts.).

DR. HESS INSTANT LICE KILLER—Kills lice on poultry, horses, cattle, sheep ticks, bugs on cucumbers, squash and melon vines, cabbage worms, rose bushes, etc. In sitting pot cans. Pkg. 25 cts. (postpaid 30 cts.).

DR. HESS DIP AND DISINFECTANT—A good preparation for disinfecting, for killing lice and other vermin dipping stock, etc. 1-qt. can 60 cts.; 4-qt. can \$1.75. Cannot mail.

SPRATTS DOG REMEDIES

These excellent remedies are too well known to be described.

SPRATTS DOG CAKES—A healthy and beneficial dog food. 40-oz. pkg. 40 cts. (postpaid 50 cts.).

SPRATTS PUPPY CAKES—A splendid food for little pups. 40-oz. pkg. 40 cts. (postpaid 50 cts.); loose cakes, per lb. 15 cts.; 5 lbs. 50 cts.

SPRATTS MANGE REMEDY—12-oz. can 50 cts. (postpaid 60 cts.).

SPRATTS DISTEMPER TABLETS—100 tablets, 75 cts. (postpaid 85 cts.).

SPRATTS PUPPY WORM REMEDY—25 capsules, 50 cts. (postpaid 56 cts.).

SPRATTS DOG SOAP—Death to fleas. Per cake, 25 cts. (postpaid 32 cts.).

SPRATTS WORM CAPSULES—Rids dogs and puppies of worms. Pkg. 50 cts. (postpaid 55 cts.).



EGGSAC MOLTING POWDER

To be used during the molting season from June to November, a period so depressing to the fowls, subjecting the birds to colds, roup and various disturbances.

This preparation shortens the molting period, thereby increasing egg production, as there is no appreciable egg production during this time. 1½-lb. pkg. 30 cts. (postpaid 40 cts.); 5-lb. pkg. 75 cts. not postpaid.

EGGSAC POULTRY POWDER—Makes sick hens healthy and healthy hens lay. 1½-lb. pkg. 25 cts. (postpaid 35 cts.); 5-lb. pkg. 75 cts. not postpaid.

EGGSAC WHITE DIARRHOEA TABLETS—Preventive and curative of diarrhoeal diseases in fowls—saves the hatch of all livable chicks. Pkg. 25 cts. (postpaid 30 cts.).

EGGSAC ROUP TABLETS—These tablets are both curative and preventive of roup, colds, bronchitis and other congestive disturbances of fowls. Price, 25 cts. per box (postpaid 30 cts.).

EGGSAC LICE POWDER—1-lb. pkg. 25 cts. (postpaid 35 cts.).

D. & B.'S LIQUID LICE KILLER

This is a fluid of such strength and so compounded that the gaseous vapor given off by it kills lice, mites and similar insects without coming in contact with them, and is not injurious to fowls, animals or poultry. It is very efficacious for destroying lice on fowls of all kinds, horses, cattle and hogs. It also kills lice on roses and other flowering plants. It may be applied with an ordinary hand sprayer, or a whitewash brush. We recommend the use of our glass tank sprayer. 1-qt. can, 35 cts. Cannot mail.

D. & B.'S LICE POWDER—A splendid vermin destroyer. Kills all kinds of lice on fowls and domestic animals. Trial box (5 oz.) 15 cts.; 15-oz. pkg. 25 cts. (post wt. 2 lbs.); pkg. 50 cts. (post wt. 4 lbs.).

D. & B.'S ROUP REMEDY—A splendid remedy for roup. Small pkg. 25 cts. (postpaid 32 cts.).

SALVET FOR HOGS AND STOCK—A medicated Salt which rids all stock of stomach and intestinal worms, aids diseases. 5-lb. pkg. 60 cts.; 15-lb. pkg. \$1.50; 40-lb. pkg. \$3.25; 100-lb. keg, \$6.75.

SALVET FLY SPRAY—A dependable spray for keeping flies, mosquitoes and other insects from cattle and horses. 2-qt. can 85 cts. Cannot mail.

POLK MILLER'S VICTORY POULTRY TONIC—Pkg. 25 cts. (postpaid 30 cts.).

INTERNATIONAL STOCK FOOD—A good medicinal stock food for horses, cattle, sheep and hogs. 1½-lb. pkg. 30 cts.; 3-lb. pkg. 60 cts.; 25-lb. pail \$2.75.

INTERNATIONAL POULTRY FOOD—A well known medicinal poultry food and tonic. 1½-lb. pkg. 30 cts.; 3-lb. pkg. 60 cts.; 6-lb. pkg. \$1.20; 25-lb. pail \$2.75.

INTERNATIONAL WORM REMEDY FOR HOGS—25-lb. pail, \$3.75.

Pratts

Poultry and Animal Regulators and Compounds. Buttermilk Baby Chick Food.

PRATTS POULTRY FOOD



TRADE MARK REGISTERED

PRATTS POULTRY REGULATOR—For growing birds, for quick, easy molting, for fattening or laying, the one thing that should be in every ration is Pratt's Poultry Regulator. It helps make hens lay—no scarcity of fresh, splendid-tasting eggs. Assists in building up and restoring to vigorous health the sick birds and keeping the well ones well. It helps digestion. More of the ration goes to making eggs and flesh. It lessens the work, does away with the uncertainty and increases the profits from your poultry. Pkg. 25 cts. (post wt. 3 lbs.); pkg. 50 cts. (post wt. 5 lbs.); 12-lb. pkg. \$1.40; 25 lb. pail \$3.00.

PRATTS POWDERED LICE KILLER—Effective, non-irritating. It quickly and thoroughly kills lice on little chicks, big chicks, setting hens and incubator chicks. It rides horses, cattle, hogs, dogs and cats of lice, and destroys ticks on sheep. It destroys many insects and bugs on vines, plants and flowers. Drives out moths from closets, furniture, carpets and clothing. Pkg. 25 cts. (post wt. 2 lbs.); pkg. 50 cts. (post wt. 3 lbs.).



PRATTS BUTTERMILK BABY CHICK FOOD



A complete Baby Chick Food for the first three to six weeks. It makes baby chicks live. Its use saves thousands of chicks every season. The food that revolutionized baby chick feeding. Cheaper than preparing your own. Cost only about a cent a chick for three weeks. One of the best Life Insurance for your chicks. Pkg. 25 cts. (post wt. 3 lbs.); pkg. 50 cts. (post wt. 7 lbs.); 14 lbs. \$1.00; 25 lbs. \$1.50; 50 lbs. \$2.75; 100 lbs. \$5.25.

PRATTS POULTRY DISINFECTANT—Three times as powerful as crude carbolic acid. A sure deodorizer, germicide, and liquid lice killer. Use it for roup, colds and other contagious diseases. Quart cans 55 cts.; half-gallon cans 95 cts.; gallon \$1.60. Cannot mail.

PRATTS SPECIAL COMPOUND—For indigestion, sour crop, dysentery and other troubles. 50 cts. and 25 cts. (post wt. 1 lb. each).

PRATTS WHITE DIARRHOEA TABLETS—50 cts. (post wt. 1 lb.), and 25 cts. (post wt. 4 ozs.).

PRATTS SORE HEAD AND CHICKEN POX PREPARATION—70 cts. and 35 cts. (post wt. 1 lb. each).

PRATTS ANIMAL REGULATOR—25-lb. pails \$2.40; 12-lb. pails \$2.15; packages, \$1.00 (post wt. 7 lbs.); 50 cts. (post wt. 4 lbs.), and 25 cts. (post wt. 2 lbs.).

PRATTS HEAD LICE OINTMENT—35 cts. (post wt. 1 lb.).

PRATTS SCALY LEG OINTMENT—35 cts. and 70 cts. (post wt. 1 lb. each).

PRATTS GAPE COMPOUND—30 cts. and 60 cts. (post wt. 1 lb. each).

PRATTS PINK EYE PREPARATION—20 cts. per bottle. Cannot mail.

PRATTS COW TONIC—Pkg. 60 cts. (post wt. 2 lbs.).

PRATTS VETERINARY COLIC PREPARATION—Pkg. 75 cts. (post wt. 7 ozs.).



PRATTS HEAVE PREPARATION—Pkg. 50 cts. (post wt. 2 lbs.).

PRATTS HOOF OINTMENT—Pkg. 30 cts. (post wt. 6 ozs.).

PRATTS FLY CHASER—2-qt. can, 85 cts. 4-qt. can, \$1.35. Cannot mail.

PRATTS HARNESS SOAP—Pkg. 30 cts. (post paid 36 cts.).

PRATTS RED MITE SPECIAL—1-qt. can, 65 cts. Cannot mail.

PRATTS ROUP REMEDY—Pkg. 25 cts. (postpaid 30 cts.); large pkg. 50 cts. (postpaid 55 cts.).



Recleaned Bird Seeds

MIXED BIRD SEED—Lb. 10 cts.; 10 lbs. 90 cts.

PLAIN CANARY SEED—Per lb. 10 cts.; 10 lbs. 90 cts.

BIRD RAPE—Lb. 10 cts.; 10 lbs. 85 cts.; 100 lbs. \$7.00.

HEMP SEED—For pigeon, parrots and poultry feeding. Lb. 10 cts.; 10 lbs. 75 cts.; 100 lbs. \$6.00.

SUNFLOWER SEED—A rich food for grown fowls and parrots. Lb. 10 cts.; 10 lbs. 80 cts.; 100 lbs. \$7.00.

BLUE MAW SEED—A good tonic for songsters. Keeps them in a strong, healthy condition. Lb. 40 cts. postpaid. Not postpaid. lb. 30 cts.

BIRD MANNA—Keeps cage birds in constant song; improves their plumage and prevents disease. Pkg. 15c. (postpaid 20c).

SILVER BIRD GRAVEL—Small size, 27-oz. pkg. 10 cts.; large size, 3-lb. pkg. 15 cts.

CUTTLE FISH BONE—Lb. 50 cts.

FEED AND WATER CUPS—Made of china for canary birds. Hooks on cage. 25 cts. each.

Queen Incubators



WE ARE THE AUTHORIZED AGENTS FOR VIRGINIA AND CAROLINA FOR THE WELL-KNOWN QUEEN INCUBATORS AND BROODERS.

These are hot-water machines, well made of California red wood, has durable copper tank, double walls and nursery; easy to operate and hatches strong, healthy chicks. An excellent machine. Complete descriptive and illustrated catalogue sent on request.

QUEEN INCUBATORS

	Capacity.	Price.
No. 1	85 Eggs	\$27.50
No. 2	135 Eggs	37.50
No. 3	180 Eggs	44.50
No. 4	275 Eggs	57.75
No. 5	400 Eggs	68.00
No. 25	600 Eggs	103.00

STYLE K QUEEN INCUBATORS

	Capacity.	Price.
No. 20	70 Eggs	\$16.50
No. 21	130 Eggs	27.50
No. 22	220 Eggs	36.50

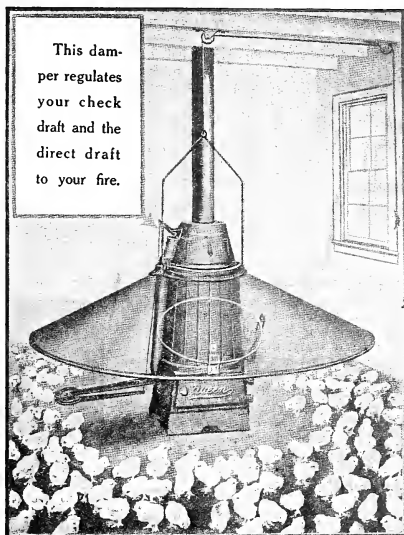
Prairie State Incubators

The Prairie State is one of the best hot-air Incubators on the market. It has been a most popular machine for many years, and has won an enviable reputation for remarkable hatches and healthy chicks. It is well made of cypress and the moisture is supplied "nature's way," by means of a tray of sand under the eggs. Those preferring a hot-air machine can get nothing better than the Prairie State. Ask for a complete descriptive catalogue.

No. 0—Standard—Capacity 100 Eggs	\$30.00
No. 1—Standard—Capacity 150 Eggs	37.50
No. 2—Standard—Capacity 240 Eggs	52.50

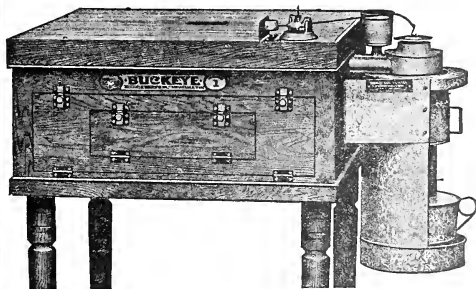
Prairie State Junior Portable Hover, Galvanized—
Capacity 100 Chicks \$10.00

Queen Brooder Stove



This damper regulates your check draft and the direct draft to your fire.

No. 1—Capacity, 600 chicks. Price.....\$21.50
No. 2—Capacity, 1,200, chicks. Price..... 26 50



Buckeye Incubators

These are hot-water machines, well made and easy to operate, and with good treatment will last for years.

Full descriptive and illustrated catalogue mailed free on request.

	Capacity.	Price.
No. 14—Style E (short legs)	65 Eggs	\$16.50
No. 16—Style E	110 Eggs	27.50
No. 17—Style E	210 Eggs	36.75
No. 1—Standard	110 Eggs	37.50
No. 2—Standard	175 Eggs	44.50
No. 3—Standard	250 Eggs	57.75
No. 4—Standard	350 Eggs	68.00
No. 5—Standard	600 Eggs	107.00

Poultry Supplies and Appliances



THE NORWICH AUTOMATIC EXERCISER AND FEEDER—Thousands are in use by poultrymen everywhere. Operate with any grain or mixed feed; never out of order and will last indefinitely. Saves grain, saves labor, saves time. Increases egg production, Waste, rain, rat and bird proof. Improves the flock. Satisfactory in every respect. We are the State agents and distributors for these excellent feeders. Full descriptive pamphlet on request.

No. 1—8-qt. Hopper, wt. 13 lbs.....\$5.00
No. 2—14-qt. Hopper, wt. 15 lbs..... 5.50
No. 3—20-qt. Hopper, wt. 20 lbs..... 6.50
No. 4—32-qt. Hopper, wt. 27 lbs..... 7.50

APACO FEEDER—Automatic — This Feeder works on the same principle as the Norwich Automatic, except it must be hung up when in operation, as it has no legs to stand on. The body of the Feeder is filled with scratch grain, the bait bar baited with whole corn, and the machine automatically cares for the flock without further attention than filling when empty. Saves the feed account; reduces labor; increases egg production, and keeps birds in perfect condition. Holds 1 peck. Price, \$2.00 (mailing weight 5 lbs.).



NORWICH CHICK FEEDER—Keeps the feed clean and free from pollution. Chicks can feed easily, but cannot get in it. With rain top, \$1.00 each (post wt. 4 lbs.); without rain top, 75 cts each (post wt. 3 lbs.).



ROUND BABY CHICK FEEDER—Insures pure food for the chicks. A great feed saver, as the chicks cannot get into it and contaminate the feed, also used for water. Small size, 20 cts.; large size, 30 cts. (post wt. 2 lbs. each).



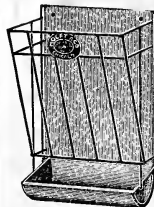
BOTTOM FILL FOUNTAINS—The round taper shape prevents damage from freezing. Made in two pieces accurately formed. Easily filled and cleaned. 1-qt. size 35 cts.; 2-qt. size 50 cts. (post wt. 3 lbs. each).



STAR JAR FOUNTAIN AND FEEDER—Made of a single piece of heavy metal. Fits any fruit jar. 15 cts. each. (postpaid 22 cts.) (glass jar not included).



PIGEON FEEDER—A practical economical feeder. The feeding holes are properly spaced. Has slanting bottom so the birds must reach for the food and prevents them billing it out and wasting it. 2-qt. size \$1.00 (post wt. 5 lbs.).



VEGETABLE FEED

RACK—For feeding poultry and rabbits. For holding roots, beets, cabbage, sprouted oats, clover, hay, etc. The round bottom trough catches the small tender leaves, and is easily cleaned. 75 cts. each (post wt. 5 lbs.).

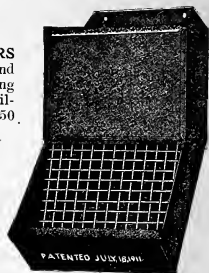


SEXTON'S DRY FOOD HOPPERS

—With wire screen in front. Mice and rain proof. 4-qt. size \$1.10 (mailing weight 4 lbs.); 8-qt. size \$1.50 (mailing weight 6 lbs.); 16-qt. size \$2.50 (mailing wt. 10 lbs.).



WIRE NESTS—20 cts. each (post wt. 3 lbs.).



GRIT, SHELL and CHARCOAL BOXES—Three partitions, 90 cts. (mailing weight 3 lbs.).

BABY CHICK FEEDERS—A round metal Feeder holding 2 qts.; it keeps feed clean and prevents waste. Each, 80 cts. (mailing wt. 2 lbs.).



Baby Chick Feeders.

IDEAL POULTRY FOOT PUNCH—50 cts. each (postpaid 54 cts.).



NORWICH AUTOMATIC AIR LOCK FOUNTAIN—This is an excellent anti-freeze galvanized fountain, with which the fowls are constantly supplied with warm water throughout the winter, which stimulates egg production. May be used equally as well in the summer. Descriptive illustrated pamphlet on request. Holds 5 gallons. Price, \$6.00.

CAGE DRINKING CUP or FOOD PAN—This is half round, galvanized, made to hang in poultry or rabbit coops for holding food and water. ¾-pt. size 25 cts.; ¼-qt. size 35 cts. (mailing wt. 1 lb. each).

BIRD FEED CUPS—Made of china. For canary birds. Hooks on cage. Used for feed or water. 25 cts. each (postpaid 35 cts.).

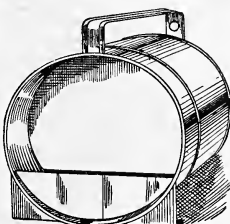


MOE'S LINE

CHICK FEED TROUGHS

—Double trough, with sliding top, easily filled and cleaned. Feeds dry mash and grain, water and sour milk.

12 in. length.....\$.50
18 in. Length......65
24 in. Length......75
(Post wt. 2 lbs. each)



BOSTON DRINKING FOUNTAIN—One of the most convenient and handy fountains for all fowls except baby chicks. 1-qt. size 50 cts. (mailing wt. 2 lbs.); 2-qt. 65 cts. (mailing wt. 2 lbs.); 1-gal. 75 cts. (mailing wt. 2 lbs.); 2-gal. 90 cts. (mailing wt. 3 lbs.).

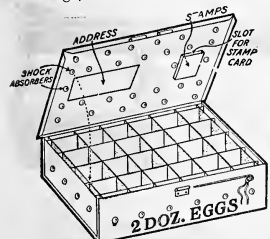
Parcel Post Egg Boxes

Made of strong corrugated paper; will carry eggs safely by parcel post or express and can be used repeatedly. We do not sell or recommend a larger size than 6-dozen, as the larger sizes do not carry safely through the mail.

1-dozen size (mailing weight 1 lb.), 10 cts. each; dozen \$1.00.
2-dozen size (mailing weight 2 lbs.), 15 cts. each; dozen \$1.75.
3-dozen size (mailing weight 3 lbs.), 20 cts. each; dozen \$2.00.
4-dozen size (mailing weight 4 lbs.), 25 cts. each; dozen \$2.50.
5-dozen size (mailing weight 5 lbs.), 30 cts. each; dozen \$3.00.
6-dozen size (mailing weight 5 lbs.), 35 cts. each; dozen \$4.00.

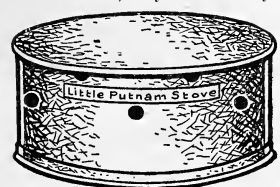
DIAMOND PARCEL POST EGG BOXES—For shipping eggs safely by parcel post or express; nested and protected; made of strong corrugated paper; will carry safely long distances and can be used repeatedly. Made stronger and more durable than the regular parcel post egg boxes.

	Mailing Wt.	Price.
15-egg size (one setting).....2 lbs.	\$.25	
30-egg size (two settings).....3 lbs.	.40	



Combination Box holding 2 doz. eggs and 3½ lbs. butter, \$1.65 (mailing wt. 4 lbs.).
Combination Box holding 3 doz. eggs and 3 lbs. butter, \$1.83 (mailing wt. 4 lbs.).

LITTLE PUTNAM STOVE—To keep the hens laying throughout the winter, they should always have plenty of water in their pens, at a moderately warm temperature which they will drink. This stove gives it to them and with practically no trouble. It is made of galvanized iron, 9 inches in diameter, 4 inches high, oil burner, tank holds 3 pints and burns 3 weeks or more without filling, \$2.00 each (post weight 2 lbs.).

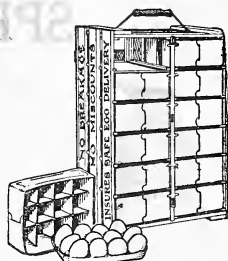


PASTEBOARD EGG BOXES—For holding 1 dozen eggs, neatly packed for market. 15 cts. per doz.; \$1.00 per 100. (Mailing weight 2 lbs. to 1 dozen.)

FIREFLY ELECTRIC EGG TESTER—A very handy and convenient egg tester for instantly and accurately testing eggs for fertility. Each \$4.50. Mailing weight, 5 lbs.

STANDARD EGG TESTER—Price, 35 cts. (mailing wt. 4 ozs.).

FARMERS' MODERN EGG CARRIER—A handy and convenient carrier for marketing eggs. Can be carried by hand or shipped by express. Travels hold 1 dozen each. 8-dozen carrier, 75 cts. each. (Mailing wt. 6 lbs.); 18 dozen carrier, \$1.50 each. (Mailing wt. 11 lbs.).



FARMERS' EGG CARRIER

STANDARD POULTRY LEG BANDS

When ordering Leg Bands, state what breed of fowl they are wanted for, and we will send the proper size.

VICTOR LEG BAND—Made of illuminum. In colors with printed numbers; smooth finish; light weight; easy to put on and stays on. 12 for 50 cts.; 25 for \$1.00; 100 for \$4.00, postpaid.

COMMERCIAL SEALED BANDS—Made of smooth plain aluminum with soft metal rivet. Have large raised numbers easy to read. The bands are quickly and easily put on with the aid of pliers. 25 for 65 cts.; 50 for \$1.00; 100 for \$1.75; pliers \$1.00 postpaid.

FAVORITE LEG BANDS—A popular aluminum band with raised figures. Can be supplied in consecutive numbers. Is easily attached. Cannot be lost off. Locks with a double click. 25 for 40 cts.; 50 for 75 cts.; 100 for \$1.25 postpaid.

COLORS CELLULOID SPIRAL LEG BANDS—Made in ring form; all sizes, easily adjusted. Are not numbered. Colors, white, yellow, red and green. 20 cts. doz.; \$1.00 per 100, postpaid.



COLLINS GRASS SPROUTER—Is made in units of eight individual pans, of galvanized steel, and a drip pan at the bottom. It sprouts oats quickly, ready to be fed to poultry in ten days. Descriptive pamphlet on request. Size 5-pan 11x15 (wt. 10 lbs.) \$5.00; size 8-pan (wt. 15 lbs.) \$11.15; \$1.00, size 8-pan (wt. 25 lbs.), 11x32, \$8.00.

TYCO INCUBATOR THERMOMETERS. Adjustable; can be used in any machine. Price, 85c. (mailing wt. 4 ozs.).

BROODER THERMOMETERS. Price, \$1.25 (mailing wt. 3 ozs.).

ZERO INCUBATOR LAMPS—Price, complete, \$1.75 each (mailing wt. 2 lbs.).
LICE KILLING NEST EGGS—Shaped like a natural hen's egg, but impregnated with lice killing and disinfecting properties, combining the qualities of a vermin killer and the nest egg in one. Used to keep the nest sweet and clean and the fowls free from lice and disease. 5 cts. each (mailing weight 4 ozs.); doz. 50 cts. (mailing weight, 2 lbs.).

WHITE GLASS NEST EGGS—5 cts. each, 40 cts. doz. (mailing wt. 2 lbs.).
WATER GLASS—This is a liquid preparation put up for preserving eggs. Eggs put down in water glass will keep pure 6 to 9 months or more. 1 qt. makes sufficient for 12 doz. eggs. 1 qt. 40 cts.; 1 gal. \$1.25. Cannot mail.



SPRAYERS and DUSTERS

AUTO SPRAY No. 1—Accepted as the standard in compressed air sprayers and fully guaranteed by the manufacturers. Useful in spraying trees, crops, whitewash and disinfectants. Recommended not alone because of its durability, but for its efficiency, which is far ahead of any other machine of this style.

It has a self-cleaning nozzle and operates automatically.

A—Brass tank with stop cock. \$9.00. (wt. 17 lbs.)

B—Brass tank with Auto Pop Spray, \$9.50 (wt. 17 lbs.).

C—Galvanized tank with stop cock, \$6.00 (weight 11 lbs.).

D—Galvanized tank with Auto Pop Spray, \$6.50 (weight 12 lbs.). 2-ft. brass extension, per length, 50 cts. each.

Nozzles for Auto Sprayers—50 cts. each.



Auto Spray No. 1.

AUTO SPRAY No. 5—This is a splendid spray pump for general use. This sprayer may be used for spraying trees, vines, and is made entirely of brass, double acting, or makes continuous spray. Will make either single stream or spray. Can be used for washing windows, carriages, etc. Price, with hose, nozzle and strainer complete, \$5.00 (weight 5 lbs.).

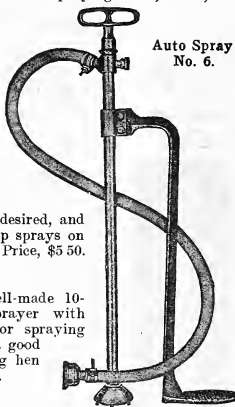
AUTO SPRAY No. 6—A splendid brass bucket pump sprayer with 3 feet of hose; has two nozzles, one to be used when a single stream spray is desired, and one for a mist spray. The pump sprays on both the up and down stroke. Price, \$5.50. Weight 7 lbs.

AUTO SPRAY No. 8—A well-made 10-gallon portable galvanized sprayer with force hand pump. Splendid for spraying trees, shrubs, vines, etc.; also a good sprayer for whitewash, spraying hen houses, fences, etc. Price, \$8.00.

AUTO SPRAY No. 9—This sprayer is guaranteed to be mechanically perfect. It is made with automatic shut off with screw 3½ gallons, weight empty 9 lbs., when full 36 lbs. This sprayer is designed for all kinds of general purpose spraying, and is exceptionally useful for spraying small trees, bushes, etc. It is one of the most convenient and satisfactory type of sprayer for potatoes and other garden crops where the operator has to move about continually. We recommend in every case the purchase of the brass tank because the sprayer, we are sure, will last enough longer with the brass tank to more than make up for the difference in price.

No. 9B—Brass Tank..... \$9.00

No. 9D—Galvanized Tank..... 6.00



Auto Spray No. 6.

HUDSON JUNIOR SPRAYER—A high pressure compressed air sprayer, designed especially for any one having a few fruit trees, ornamental shrubs, rose bushes, or a vegetable garden which requires spraying. It will do the work just as thoroughly as any larger power outfit, as it has all the necessary features to produce the best results. Tank is heavy gauge galvanized sheets or all brass as ordered. It is equipped with special spray hose built to withstand high pressures, and automatic shut-off nozzle. An extension may be used with it if desired. Capacity 2½ gallons. Shipping weight 8 pounds.

Brass Tank 8.00
Galvanized Tank 5.00



HUDSON IDEAL SPRAYER—This sprayer is mounted on a wheelbarrow frame, can be rolled from place to place, has strong force pump, and by using extension pipe can spray on the ground or any distance up to 30 ft. high. Tank holds 15 gals. Price, \$20.00.



EASY SPRAYER—A good 1 gallon size metal hand sprayer; throws a continuous spray (weight 4 lbs.), \$2.25.

LOWELL POWDER DUSTER—Easy to operate. Just fill reservoir with dry powder, such as Paris Green, Hellebore, powdered Arsenate of Lead, etc. Size of spray regulated by operation of plunger. Elbow reversible enabling operator to spray up or down. Reservoir one pint fruit jar, 75 cts. (mailing wt. 3 lbs.).



GLASS JAR SPRAYER—Solution tank is a one-quart Mason Glass Fruit Jar. Each 75 cts. (mailing weight 3 lbs.).

CORONA DUSTERS—A splendid dry powder gun for applying dry insecticides of all kinds. A most convenient method for dusting plants. Price, \$2.75. (Mailing wt. 4 lbs.)

We Are the
Authorized Agents for

"BEEWARE" The Well-Known Bee Supplies of The G. B. Lewis Company

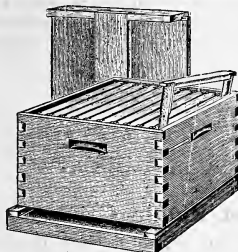
The Lewis "Beeware" supplies are standard goods bearing their registered trade mark and are perfect, both in material and workmanship. All of their products are fully guaranteed, and if unsatisfactory in any way may be returned and the purchase price together with transportation charges both ways will be refunded.

We list below and carry in stock here the supplies mostly used, but if articles are wanted not listed here we can secure them from the manufacturer in a few days. If you have Bees or are interested in Bee keeping, ask for complete illustrated catalog of Lewis Beeware, in which there is listed and described all supplies required in the making of Honey and the keeping of Bees.

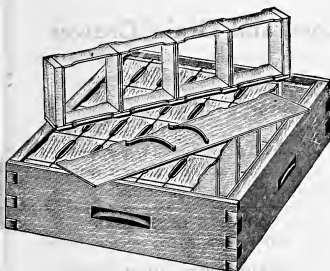


DOVETAILED STANDARD HIVE

These hives are made of clear white pine, are "standard" in dimensions, furnished with regular (see illustration) or metal covers and self spacing Hoffman frames, reversible bottom boards. All parts fit perfectly and are interchangeable.



- 5- 8-frame, 1 story hives, reg. cov.
KD; weight, 126 lbs. Price.....\$13.50
- 5-10-frame, 1 story hives, reg. cov.
KD; weight, 136 lbs. Price..... 14.40
- 1- 8-frame, 1 story hives, reg. cov.
KD; weight, 35 lbs. Price..... 3.05
- 1-10-frame, 1 story hives, reg. cov.
KD; weight, 35 lbs. Price..... 3.35

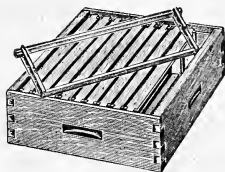


DOVETAILED STANDARD SUPERS FOR COMB HONEY

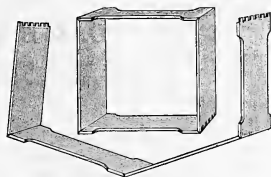
- 5- 8-frame, No. 1 comb honey supers
KD; weight, 36 lbs. Price.....\$5.25
- 5-10-frame, No. 1 comb honey supers
KD; weight, 38 lbs. Price..... 5.70
- 1- 8-frame, No. 1 comb honey super
KD; weight, 10 lbs. Price..... 1.15
- 1-10-frame, No. 1 comb honey super
KD; weight, 10 lbs. Price..... 1.25

DOVETAILED STANDARD SUPERS FOR EXTRACTED HONEY

Shallow extracting supers for use in producing extracted honey, frames 5 3/4 inches deep.



- 5- 8-frame shallow ext. supers, KD;
weight, 39 lbs. Price.....\$5.10
- 5-10-frame shallow ext. supers, KD;
weight, 41 lbs. Price..... 6.65
- 1- 8-frame shallow ext. super, KD;
weight, 8 lbs. Price..... 1.15
- 1-10-frame shallow ext. super, KD;
weight, 8 lbs. Price..... 1.25



LEWIS SECTION HONEY BOX

Famous Lewis sections, highly polished, will not break in folding. Made of selected basswood.

- No. 1—4 1/4 x 4 1/4 x 1 1/4 2-Beeway. 100, \$1.50, weight 7 lbs. 250, \$3.55, weight 18 lbs. 500, \$6.95, weight 35 lbs.
- No. 1—4 1/4 x 4 1/4 x 1 1/4, Plain. 100, \$1.40, weight 6 lbs. 250, \$3.30, weight 14 lbs. 500, \$6.45, weight 30 lbs.
- No. 1—4 x 5 x 1 3/4, Plain. 100, \$1.40, weight 6 lbs. 250, \$3.30, weight 14 lbs. 500, \$6.45, weight 30 lbs.

BEE SMOKERS



Woodman's Bingham Bee Smokers, the best on the market.

- Little Wonder—3 inch, weight 2 lbs.....\$.85
- Conqueror—3x7 inch, weight 2 lbs..... 1.00
- Doctor—3 1/2 x 7 inch, weight 2 lbs..... 1.25
- Smoke Engine—4 inch, weight 3 lbs..... 1.50



BRISTLE BEE BRUSH

Grey bristles, soft and pliable, wide as Hoffman frame, weight 1 lb. Price, 30 cts.



GLOVES

With fingers made of heavy drilling, well stitched, large or medium sizes; weight 1 lb. Price, per pair, \$1.00.



STEEL HIVE TOOLS

- 7 inch style; weight 8 ozs. Each.....55 cts.
- 10 inch style; weight 8 ozs. Each.....65 cts.

LEWIS FOUR-WAY BEE ESCAPES

Price, each 18 cts, postpaid.

Use D. & B.'s High Grade Fertilizers

THEY MAKE GOOD CROPS

We have carefully considered the needs of our customers in making up our list of Fertilizers, and in the following list will be found brands with balanced analysis to meet the needs and requirements of the most exacting grower, whether he raises Vegetables for market or home use, grows Tobacco, Peanuts or raises Grain and Grass crops.

We have received flattering testimonials from many of our customers who have used our Fertilizers year after year, and the popularity of these brands is evidenced by enormously increased sales with each successive year.

We recommend the use of the higher grade Fertilizers, as experience has proven that the high-grade fertilizers are much more economical to use than the lower grade goods at cheaper prices, as the cost of bags, labor, freight, drayage, storage, and other items of expense is the same per ton on low-grade goods as on the higher grades.

As we have been able to make substantial reductions in prices this season, customers will now find it profitable to use Fertilizers more freely than was the case last season.

D. & B.'s Early Truck Grower

In this brand we have an excellent well balanced Fertilizer for use on early truck crops, such as Cabbage, Potatoes, Beets and other Vegetables for extra early use. It is also a splendid Fertilizer for top dressing. The analysis of this brand is the same as is largely used in the trucking sections of Virginia.

Analysis.

Phosphoric Acid	8 per cent
Ammonia	7 per cent
Potash	5 per cent

Per 200 lb. sack, \$5.40 per ton, \$33.00.

D. & B.'s Potato and Berry Grower

In this brand we have a complete, well-balanced fertilizer for potatoes and berries. It is recommended for either early or late potatoes. It has just the required nitrogen to force the growth and make vigorous vines, and a larger per cent of potash to mature the crop. We also recommend it highly for top-dressing berries in the spring. It will produce a good growth of vines and greatly increase the yield of berries. Because of the excellent results obtained from its use this brand is growing in popularity with each year.

Analysis.

Phosphoric Acid	8 per cent
Ammonia	5 per cent
Potash	8 per cent

Per 200-lb. sack, \$5.00; per ton, \$49.00.

D. & B.'s Garden and Potato Grower

We have had this high-grade Fertilizer manufactured especially for early Garden Vegetables and Irish Potatoes; it is a complete and well balanced Fertilizer for all of these crops. For the convenience of the small family gardener we are offering this brand in small packages.

Analysis.

Phosphoric Acid	8 per cent
Ammonia	5 per cent
Potash	4 per cent

5 lb. sack	\$.35	50 lb. sack	\$1.50
10 lb. sack .....	.50	100 lb. sack	2.50
25 lb. sack	1.00	200 lb. sack	4.60

Per ton\$45.00

Pulverized Sheep Manure

This is the pure, natural manure saved from the stock yards, is thoroughly dried, pulverized and screened; is light and easily and quickly applied. It is free from weed seeds and a splendid Fertilizer for general crops and especially for top dressing lawns, and golf courses, shrubs and flowers. Our sales on these goods have increased largely since we introduced it several years ago.

2-lb. pkg.	\$.15
5-lb. pkg. ....	.30
10-lb. pkg. ....	.50
25-lb. bag .....	.80
50-lb. bag	\$1.25
100-lb. bag	2.25
Per ton	40.00

Nitrate of Soda

This is largely used to produce a quick growth, especially in Garden Crops, bringing them on very rapidly, but it is of no permanent value as a Fertilizer. It also is used to stimulate the growth of grass in the Spring and as a top dressing for Vegetables, but it should be used very lightly, not over 100 lbs. to the acre. Price subject to change.

Per lb. 10 cts.; 5 lbs. 35 cts.; 25 lbs. \$1.00; 100 lbs. \$3.25; per 200-lb. sack, \$6.25, per ton, \$60.00.

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D. & B.'s Vine and Vegetable Grower

A complete Fertilizer for Vegetables and all crops requiring a liberal quantity of potash. Especially recommended for Potatoes and Tobacco. We have sold this brand many years, and it has given splendid results wherever used, and our customers who have used it are enthusiastic in their praise of it, and it is rapidly growing in favor each successive year.

Analysis.

Phosphoric Acid	8 per cent
Ammonia	3 per cent
Potash	4 per cent

Per 200 lb. sack, \$3.90; per ton, \$38.00.

D. & B.'s Sweet Potato Grower

This brand we have is especially prepared for Sweet Potatoes. It is also excellent for late Irish Potatoes on soils which do not require much ammonia, also for peanuts and all grain crops.

Analysis.

Phosphoric Acid	8 per cent
Ammonia	2 per cent
Potash	4 per cent

Per 200 lb. sack, \$3.50; per ton, \$34.00.

D. & B.'s Corn and Grain Grower

A well balanced Fertilizer, especially recommended for Corn and all Grain Crops, Cow Peas, Millets, Fodder Plants, etc.

Analysis.

Phosphoric Acid	10 per cent
Ammonia	1 1/2 per cent
Potash	2 per cent

Per 200 lb. sack, \$3.10; per ton, \$30.00.

MURATE OF POTASH

Per 200-lb. sack, \$5.25; per ton, \$50.00.

"NATURSOWN"—HIGH GRADE PHOSPHATE

This is ground from phosphate rock, the analysis of which is as follows:

Phosphoric Acid	34 per cent
Lime	46 per cent

Recommended for general farm crops. Per 200-lb. sack, \$1.90; per ton, \$18.00.

Booklet giving full information mailed on request.

V.-C. STANDARD FERTILIZERS

Star Brand Vegetable

This is a good, well balanced Fertilizer for all vegetables, melons and tobacco.

Analysis.

Phosphoric Acid.....	8 per cent
Ammonia	4 per cent
Potash	4 per cent
Per 200-lb. sack, \$4.20; per ton, \$41.00.	

Capital Truck

An old brand and a well known Fertilizer; is especially recommended for early corn and all quick growing vegetable crops.

Analysis.

Phosphoric Acid.....	8 per cent
Ammonia	4 per cent
Potash	3 per cent
Per 200-lb. sack, \$4.10; per ton, \$40.00.	

Lee's Excelsior Prepared Agricultural Lime

This brand of Agricultural Lime is well known in this section as being very valuable for use on Alfalfa and all other grass and grain crops. It corrects acidity in the soil, decomposes vegetation quickly, loosens up heavy stiff lands, binds together light sandy soils, makes available dormant plant food, phosphoric acid and potash. Much less is required per acre than burnt rock lime and limestone, and much better results are obtained from its use, as this lime contains 4 per cent of potash. It is a valuable fertilizer, as well as a sweetener of the soil. Complete descriptive pamphlet with numerous testimonials on request.

Per 200-lb. sack, \$2.20; per ton, \$21.00. On carload lots, special delivered prices quoted on request.

Beef Blood and Bone

This popular and well known brand of Fertilizer is especially recommended for Corn, Field Peas, Beans, Millets, Oats, and Fodder Plants.

Analysis.

Phosphoric Acid	9½ per cent
Ammonia	2 per cent
Potash	1 per cent
Per 200-lb. sack, \$3.20; per ton, \$31.00.	

V.-C. Special Potash Mixture

A splendid Fertilizer at a moderate price, recommended for Corn and other Grain Crops when no ammonia is required.

Analysis.

Phosphoric Acid	10 per cent
Potash	4 per cent
Per 200-lb. sack, \$2.85; per ton, \$27.50.	

16 Per Cent Acid Phosphate

This is very beneficial for nearly all soils, many of our customers make excellent Grain and Grass Crops with Acid Phosphate. We do not offer or recommend a lower grade than 16 per cent, as it would be more expensive proportionately to use.

Per 200-lb. sack, \$2.10; per ton, \$20.00.

V.-C. Plant Food

A well balanced fertilizer recommended for vegetables, lawns, flowers and shrubs, and is put up in convenient sizes for the small gardener.

Analysis.

Phosphoric Acid	8	per cent
Ammonia	6	per cent
Nitrogen	4.92	per cent
Potash, Available.....	2	per cent
1 lb. pkg.....25c	6½ lb. pkg.....	\$1.00
2 lb. pkg.....45c	10 lb. pkg.....	1.25
5 lb. pkg.....75c	25 lb. pkg.....	2.50

Lee's Burnt Shell Lime

Valuable for applying on Clover, Grass and Peanut crops. Particularly valuable to be used when preparing land for Alfalfa.

Per 200-lb. sack, \$1.55; per ton, \$14.50.

Stim-U-Plant

A most effective, highly concentrated Fertilizer put up in tablet form for convenient use on flowers, shrubs, etc. It is absolutely odorless and can be applied in tablet form or dissolved in water, one tablet to a quart of water, which makes a liquid fertilizer of just the right strength. Analysis 11 per cent nitrogen, 12 per cent phosphoric acid, 15 per cent potash. Ten tablets for 15 cts.; 30 for 25 cts.; 100 for 75 cts., postpaid.

Nitro Fertil

A liquid fertilizer containing the necessary ingredients to promote growth and increase the yield. Put up in ½ pint bottles for convenient use on flowers, house plants, shrubs, lawns, etc. To be diluted with water and sprinkled or poured around the plants.

½ pint bottle, 50 cts. Cannot mail.

Baugh's Pure Raw Bone Meal

A splendid Bone and in fine mechanical condition, which drills perfectly.

Analysis.

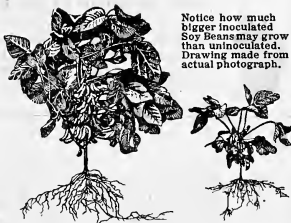
Phosphoric Acid.....	23 per cent
Ammonia	4½ per cent
Per 200-lb. sack, \$4.60; per ton, \$45.00.	

SEED INOCULATION

It is now universally recognized that the treatment of all leguminous crops such as Clovers, Peas, Beans, etc., with nodule-forming bacteria, is not only very beneficial to the crop immediately inoculated,

but because of the nitrogen-gathering properties from the plants of the crop inoculated, the soil is greatly enriched for other crops to follow, but you need not be a scientist to use them. No special knowledge, experience or implements are necessary. The method of inoculating the seed is very simple, anyone who can read can use them. Simply add water to the culture, shake well and pour the mixture over the seed. Complete directions are sent with each package.

These Cultures are furnished for alfalfa and all kinds of clovers, soja beans, peas, peanuts and all other legume crops. In ordering be sure to state the exact kind of legume crop that you intend to inoculate, as each kind of legume requires a different kind of culture.



Notice how much bigger inoculated Soy Beans may grow than uninoculated. Drawing made from actual photograph.

FARMGERM the well-known inoculant which has been on the market for a number of years and is claimed to be the original seed inoculant. It is well known as being a reliable method of inoculation and because of the patented ventilated stopper which permits the free access of air to the bottle is said to insure longer life to the bacteria. One acre size, \$1.00; 3-acre size, \$2.50; 12-acre size, \$9.00. Full directions sent with each bottle.

A special composite culture is prepared for peas, beans, and sweet peas, ¼-acre size only. You'll get more peas and beans, and larger sweet peas by using this. Ask for No. 5, price 50 cts.



Mulford Cultures

FOR LEGUMES

MULFORD CULTURES are scientifically made by experts in the well-known laboratories of the H. K. Mulford Co., who are acknowledged to have the largest and most complete biological laboratory in America. These Cultures are scientifically tested for nodule-forming properties and will increase your legume crops and improve the soil. Pamphlet with full information on request.

5-Acre Size ("Dollar per acre").....	\$5.00
1-Acre Size	1.50
¼-Acre Size .....	.75
Small Size (supplied only in four varieties, for Garden Peas, Garden Beans, Lima Beans and Sweet Peas).....	.35

SUNDRY ARTICLES FOR THE GARDENER'S USE

The "Little Wonder" Hedge Trimmer

This is to the hedge what the lawn mower is to the lawn. This handy little implement revolutionizes hedge trimming. It cuts from five to ten times as fast as by the old method of hand trimming and does far better work. It cuts clean and evenly, operates smoothly. It is light and so easy to run that a lady can easily operate it and an amateur becomes proficient almost immediately. It trims every variety of hedge, fancy style, oval, square, and side cuts on the hedge as high as four feet and as fast as you can walk.



To get a beautiful, thick, hedge, it is necessary to trim often, at least every three or four weeks, as every time a hedge is cut, new shoots spread out immediately back of the fresh cut. That is why hedges kept well trimmed are so thick and beautiful.

The "Little Wonder" makes the frequent cuttings easy and with practically no expense and you do not have to wait for the gardener to come and cut your hedge when it suits his pleasure.

We are the exclusive agents and distributors here for this splendid "Little Wonder" and it will fill a long felt want with all who have a hedge.

Price, \$25.00. Complete descriptive and illustrated pamphlet on request.

DANDELION WEED KILLER—A brass tube, to be filled with gasoline or kerosene oil and injected into the roots of the weeds. It inserts a few drops of oil, which kills the plant. Price, \$1.10 (postpaid \$1.25).

MOLE TRAP—A strong galvanized trap. Should be placed over the run. 75 cts. each. (Mailing wt. 4 lbs.).

HAND WEEDERS—A very handy 4-prong Steel Spring Hand-weeder. A convenient tool for lady gardeners. With handle 4 feet long, 50c each (wt. 3 lbs.); with 6-inch handle, 3-prong 25c; 6-inch handle, 4-prong, 35c. (mailing wt. 1 lb. each).



FLORAL TOOL SET—3 hand tools, composed of small trowel, fork and rake for working flower pots and small flower beds. Per set 25 cts. (postpaid 30 cts.).

HAND TROWEL—Well made of steel. Each 20 cts. (postpaid, 25 cts.).

ASPARAGUS KNIVES—Very useful and convenient for cutting Asparagus. 40 cts each (postpaid 45 cts.).

JUTE TWINE—For bunching vegetables, tying up tomatoes, grape vines, etc.; 2-ply or 3-ply, 25 cts. per lb.; 5 lbs. and over at 23 cts.

RAFFIA—Used as substitute for twine for bunching vegetables and tying up vegetables and flowering plants to stakes. Per lb., 25 cts.; 10 lbs. at 20 cts. per lb.

BINDER TWINE—Standard, 5-lb. ball, 75 cts.; 50-lb. bale, \$7.00

GARDEN LINE—Strong small rope or sash cord for gardener's use. 50 ft. length, 50 cts. (postpaid 58 cts.).

HUDSON PULL-EASY 9-TOOTH CULTIVATOR RAKE—A most useful tool for the home gardener. Frame is made adjustable, by simply loosening side wing nuts. Spread can be adjusted from 7 inch width closed (working narrowest garden rows) to 18 inches when arms are opened. Well made of blue enamel steel. 4½ feet high grade ash handle, \$1.25 each.

HUDSON CULTIVATOR HOE—A handy 5-prong pull-easy hoe. It is light, sturdy, well balanced, and instantly adjustable to cultivate rows from 6 to 12 inches apart. Has long, grasping teeth, deeply channeled to give maximum strength with extreme lightness—also convexed to insure perfect scouring. When spread to full width is an excellent rake for preparing a deep fine seedbed. Center tooth is easily removable. 4 feet straight-grained handle. \$1.00 each.



HOTBED SASH—Yellow pine, grooved without glass 3 x 6 ft. Each, \$2.25.

GLASS FOR HOTBED SASH—Per box of 90 lights. Size 8 x 10 inches, \$4.50.

FRUIT BASKETS—For packing berries and fruits.

	Per 100.	Per 1,000.
1-pint size (oblong)	\$1.00	\$8.00
1-quart size (square)	1.00	8.50
2-quart size (oblong)	1.75	15.00
3-quart size (oblong)	2.50	22.00
4-quart size (oblong)	2.60	24.00
4-quart size (round)	8.00	.....

DIVIDERS—For separating layers of fruit baskets in the crate, \$3.00 per 100.

PEACH or TOMATO SHIPPING CRATES—Holds 6-4-qt. baskets in knock down. Each, 35 cts.

WATER-PROOF PAPER POTS—Used for starting plants under glass or in the house. Well made and can be used a number of times.

2½ inch size.....50c per 100; \$4.00 per 1,000
2½ inch size.....60c per 100; \$4.50 per 1,000
Postage extra, 10c per 100. Larger sizes quoted on request.



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DIGGS & BEADLES, Inc.

SEED MERCHANTS

RICHMOND, VIRGINIA

[illegible]

AMOUNT CARRIED OVER.

[illegible]

SUPERIOR SEEDS

TESTED AND TRUE

DIGGS & BEADLES, INC.

QUOTATIONS OF SEASONABLE SEEDS AND POULTRY FOODS

RICHMOND, . . VIRGINIA

Price List No. 324.

Feb. 17, 1922

The attention of our customers is respectfully called to the following information which will, if followed, avoid misunderstandings and be an aid to purchasers as well as ourselves.

These quotations are our prices of this date, and are subject to immediate acceptance and goods being unsold. They are not binding, and are subject to change at any time without notice. We will cheerfully quote firm prices at any time on request, or we will always fill open orders entrusted to us at as low prices as we can for our best qualities at the time of shipment. It frequently occurs that the prices on articles change between the time our price lists are issued and receipt of orders. When such is the case, if the articles ordered are lower, we give you the advantage of the decline; if the articles ordered are higher, we charge the advance price. We do this to save the delay of correspondence. When ordering by this price list, please give its number or date, and in case you wish to limit your price, please so state on your order. Otherwise your order will be handled as we think best.

For other information and prices on articles not given in this list, refer to our annual Spring catalogue. If you did not receive one, we will be glad to mail it on request.

TERMS on all Farm Seeds, Potatoes, Onion Sets, Poultry Foods, etc., are NET CASH. All bills for same are due on receipt of goods. Customers who have no credit account with us, must remit the amount with their orders. We often receive orders from customers personally unknown to us, requesting that we forward the goods saying, "I will mail check." It can readily be seen that this is impractical, as we could not afford to make a practice of doing this, so please do not ask it unless established credit has been previously arranged with us, as satisfactory business references must always be given by customers wishing to open accounts for credit. You run no risk in sending cash with your order. Our reputation as honest and experienced seedsmen is well known, while our financial responsibility can be learned from any bank or wholesale merchant who are subscribers to the commercial agencies.

All Seeds sent out by us are carefully tested; yet on account of climatic and other conditions over which we have no control, Diggs & Beadles, Inc., give no warranty, express or implied, as to growth, description, quality, productiveness or any other matter of any Seeds, Bulbs, or Plants they send out, and they will not be in any way responsible for the crop.

Cotton sacks to hold Clovers, Timothy, Herd's Grass, Millet, Rape and all fine Seeds will be charged for extra at value, and are not returnable for credit. Present price 2½ bushel sacks, 35 cents each.

Freight depots here close at 4:00 P. M. Saturdays at 2:00 P. M.

These Prices Cancel Catalogue

These quotations are for immediate acceptance, and subject to change without notice.

All orders will be filled at prices ruling on day received.

Cotton sacks to hold Clovers, Timothy, Herds Grass, Millet, Rape and all fine seed are charged for extra. The present prices are:

	holding pounds	each
2½ bushel size	150	35c
1 bushel size	60	15c
½ bushel size	30	10c
1 peck size	15	08c
4 qts. size	10	07c

SEED IRISH POTATOES

Maine Grown	Peck	Busb.	Sack
D. & B's Extra Early			
Eureka	.75	\$2.40	\$5 50
Irish Cobbler	.70	2.30	5.25
Houlton Early Rose	.70	2.30	5.25
Saunders No. 4 Rose	.70	2.30	5.25
Red Bliss Triumph	.75	2.50	5.75

Virginia Grown Fall Crop	Pk.	Bus.
Irish Cobbler per. bbl.	8.25	.95 3.50
D. & B's Extra Early Eureka		
Per bbl.	8.50	1.00 3.60
Red Bliss Triumph per bbl.	8.50	1.00 3.60

Jerusalem Artichokes, per pk. 60c. per bu. of 50 lbs., 1.65; 5 bu. @ 1.55 per bu.

CLOVERS

Cotton sacks holding 2½ bu. extra @ 35c each.

	Per lb.	10 lbs. at	Per 100 lbs.
Red D. & B's Best	.30	.28	28.00
Red Choice	.29	.27	25 00
Sapling or Mammoth, D. & B's Best	.31	.29	27 00
Alsike, D. & B's Best	.25	.23	20 75
Alfalfa, D. & B's Best American grown	.25	.23	21 00
Alfalfa Choice	.24	.22	20 00
Grimm's Alfalfa	.52	.50	49 00
White Dutch	.45	.42	40 00
Sweet Clover, White Blossom, Re-cleaned and Scarified	.15	.13	11 50
Hubam Clover	1.00	.95	90 00
Crimson Clover, D. & B's Best	.16	.15	13 50
White Blooming Crimson			
Clover	.26	.25	24 00
Japan Clover or Lespedeza	.25	.22	20 00

INOCULATING CULTURES

For Clovers, Alfalfa, Vetch, Peas and all Legume Crops

Farmogerm, per 1 acre pkg. \$1.00; per 3 acre pkg. \$2.50 12 acre pkg. \$9.00
 Mulford's Cultures, per 1 acre pkg. \$1.50 per 5 acre pkg. \$5.00

Complete instructions with each package; pamphlet on request.

DIGGS & BEADLES' VELVET GREEN LAWN GRASS

Per lb 45¢; 5 lbs. \$2.15; 10 lbs. \$4.25; 25 lbs. \$10.00; 100 lbs. \$38.00.

D. & B'S GRASS MIXTURE NO. 1.

For Hay or Pasture.

Recommended for light or loamy upland, for either hay crop or grazing.

Sow 30 to 35 pounds to the acre.
 Price, per lb. 25¢; 10 lbs. @ 24¢; 100 lbs. \$23.00.

D. & B'S GRASS MIXTURE NO. 2.

For Pasture

Recommended for light or loamy upland.
 Sow 30 to 35 lbs. to the acre.
 Price, per lb. 27¢; 10 lbs. @ 26¢; 100 lbs. \$25.00.

D. & B'S GRASS MIXTURE NO. 3.

For Hay.

Recommended for stiff, heavy or low lands.
 Sow 20 lbs. to the acre.
 Price, per lb. 23¢, 10 lbs. @ 22¢; 100 lbs. \$21.00.

D. & B'S GRASS MIXTURE NO. 4.

For Pasture.

Recommended for stiff, heavy or low lands.
 Sow 30 to 35 lbs. to the acre.
 Price, per lb. 36¢; 10 lbs. @ 35¢; 100 lbs. \$34.00.

GRASSES.

Cotton Sacks Extra	Per lb.	10 lbs. at	100 lbs.
Fancy Cleaned Herds, D. & B's Best	.27	.26	24 50
Bermuda Grass	.45	.40	35 00
Meadow Fescue	.27	.26	24 00
Italian Rye Grass	.15	.12	11 00
Perennial Rye Grass	.15	.12	11 00
Canada Blue Grass	.45	.43	41 00
Timothy, D. & B's Best	.11	.10	8 25
Orchard Grass, D & B's Best	.24	.21	19 50
Tall Meadow Oat	.35	.32	30 00
Kentucky Blue, D & B Best	.55	.53	51 00
Kentucky Blue Choice	.53	.50	48 00
Sudan Grass	.10	.07	6 00

OATS

In 25 bu. lots, 2c per bu. less.

Sacks included	Per. bu.	5 bu. at
Burt or 90 day	.80	.75
Red Rust-Proof	.85	.80
White Spring	.70	.65
Apple	1.15	1.10
Gray Winter or Turf	1.10	1.05
Fulghum	1.15	1.10
Gunsons Granary Filler	2.25	2.20
Gray Winter Oats and Hairy Vetch grown mixed	1.35	1.30
Rosen Rye	1.30	1.28
Beardless Barley	1.55	1.50

rices on the Articles Quoted.

MISCELLANEOUS SEEDS.

	Lb.	10 lbs. at	100 lb
Dwarf Essex Rape.....	\$.10	\$.09	\$8.00
Sand or Hairy Vetch.....	.18	.14	13.00
Teosinte .....	.50	.45	
Pearl Millet .....	.18	.16	14.00
Golden Millet, Tennessee .....	.10	.06	4.00
Golden Millet, Choice So. ....	.08	.05	3.25
Standard Evergreen			
Broom Corn.....	.15	.12	10.00
Sunflower for Planting .....	.10	.08	7.00
Yellow Milo Maize .....	.10	.06	3.50
White Kaffir Corn.....	.10	.06	3.50
Sugar Drip Sorghum .....	.10	.07	5.00
Amber Sorghum.....	.08	.05	3.75
VirginiaSelect Peanuts, in hull.....	.18	.15	13.50
Virginia Select Peanuts shelled .....	.16	.14	12.00
Spanish Peanuts in hull .....	.15	.13	11.50
" shelled .....	.20	.17	15.00
Spanish Jumbo shelled .....	.20	.18	16.00
ValenciaPeanuts, in hull			
Japanese Buckwheat			

PEAS

All thoroughly re-cleaned
In 25 bu. lots, 5c per bu. less

	Per bu.	5 bu. at
Ey. Rams Horn Black Eye.....	1.15	4.00 3.90
D. & B's Jumbo Black Eye	1.00	3.50 3.40
Large Black Eye .....	.90	3.25 3.20
Small Black Eye .....	.80	2.75 2.70
Whippoorwill Mixed		2.75 2.70
Mixed Peas		2.65 2.60
New Era		2.75 2.70
Brabham		
Black		
Taylor or Grey Whippoorwill		
Clay		
Cow Peas mixed with Soja		2 55 2.50
Canada Field Peas (American grown)	1.00	3.70 3.65

BEANS

	Per bu.	5 bu. at
Mammoth Yellow Soja Beans...	2.30	2.25
Virginia Early		
Wilson Early Black		
Hollybrook Early		
Tar Heel Black		
100-Day Speckled Velvet Beans...	1.70	1.65
White Navy Beans.....	.10	.08 7.00

SEED CORNS

5 bushel lots, 10c per-bushel less.
Sacks included.

	per bu.
D. & B's Va. State White Dent.....	\$1.75
Thompson's Prolific	2.00
Eureka Ensilage	1.85
Hickory King	2.25
Biggs 7 Ear Prolific	2.50
Boone County White.....	1.90
Selected Ears, per bu. of 70 lbs.	2.50
D. & B's Improved Golden Dent	1.75
Selected Ears, per bu. of 70 lbs.	2.25
White Gourd Seed or Horse Tooth	1.60
Virginia Ensilage.....	1.60

POULTRY FOODS

500 lbs. at 10c. per 100 lbs. less.

	10 lbs.	50 lbs.	100 lbs.
Globe Scratch Food (no grit or shell in).....	\$.35	\$1.40	\$2.60
Globe Scratch Food (with grit and shell).....	.35	1.40	2.55
Globe Baby Chick Food, with Grit.....	.40	1.55	2.90
Globe Developing Food .....	.35	1.50	2.80
Globe Egg Mash .....	.40	1.80	3.50
Globe Pigeon Food (no grit or corn) .....	.50	2.30	4.40
King Pigeon Food with whole corn .....	.50	2.10	4.00
Valentine's Meat Meal 65% protein .....	.60	2.50	4.80
Swift's Lay-More Meat and Bone, 45% protein....	.50	2.35	4.50
Swift's Eureka Meat and Bone, 55% protein .....	.55	2.60	5.00
Swift's Blood Flour .....	.55	2.60	5.00
Alfalfa Meal.....	.30	1.10	2.10
Crushed Oyster Shells, 5 lbs. 10c.....	.20	.50	.80
Poultry Bone (hen size and chick size).....	.50	2.25	4.25
Pearl Grit for Poultry .....	.20	.55	1.00
No. 1—For Small Chickens & Pigeons			
No. 2—For Grown Fowls			
Red Cross Health Grit .....	.40	1.35	2.50
Charcoal, 2 lbs. 10c.....	.45	1.75	3.50
Cracked Corn.....	.25	1.00	1.80
Millet Seed for Poultry .....	.40	1.80	3.50
Sunflower Seed, lb.....	10	80	3.60 7.00
Hemp Seed, lb.....	10	80	3.65 7.00
Mixed Bird Seed, lb.	10	90	
Plain Canary "	10	90	
Feed Corn, per bu.....		.90	
White Feed Oats, per bu.....		.65	
10 bu. @.....		.60	
Flax Seed.....	1.00	4.65	9.00
Bran		1.95	
Shipstuf or Middlings.....		1.95	
Darling's Meat Crisps in 3 lb. pkg.....		.35	
Darling's Meat Crisps in 6 1/2 lb. pkg....		.70	
Darling's Meat Crisps in 25 lb. pails ..		2.50	

GLOBE BRAND BABY CHICK MASH with Dried Buttermilk

10 lb. pkg. ....	.50
25 lb. pkg.	\$1.10
50 lb. sack	2.00
100 lb. sack	3.85

ONION SETS

	lb.	10 lbs.	32 lbs.
Yellow Danvers .....	.15	1.00	2.75
Silver Skin.....	.20	1.15	3.00
Red Wethersfield. ..	.15	1.00	2.75

Cahoon Broadcast Seed Sower, price \$5.00

Cyclone Broadcast Seed Sower, price \$2.25

DIGGS & BEADLES'

Superior Seeds

TESTED AND TRUE

FERTILIZERS

	Phos.	Acid	Am.	Pot.	Per 200	Per ton
	lb. sack	lb. sack	lb. sack	lb. sack	lb. sack	lb. sack
D. & B's Early						
Truck Grower.....	8%	7%	5%	5.40	53.00	
D. & B's Potato and						
Berry Grower	8%	5%	8%	5.00	49.00	
D. & B's Garden and						
Potato Grower ...	8%	5%	4%	4.60	45.00	
5-lb. bag \$	.35					
10-lb. bag	.50					
25-lb. bag	1.00					
50-lb. bag	1.50					
100-lb. bag	2.50					
D. & B's Vine and						
Vegetable	8%	3%	4%	3.90	38.00	
D. & B's Sweet Po-						
tato Grower	8%	2%	4%	3.50	34.00	
D. & B's Corn &						
Grain Grower	10%	1½%	2%	3.10	30.00	
Star Brand Vegetable,	8%	4%	4%	4.20	41.00	
Capital Truck	8%	4%	3%	4.10	40.00	
Beef Blood & Bone...	9½%	2%	1%	3.20	31.00	
V-C Special Potash	10%		4%	2.85	27.50	
Acid Phosphate	16%			2.10	20.00	
Baugh's Pure Raw						
Bone Meal	23%	4½%		4.60	45.00	
Bone Valley Phos'te	32%			1.90	18.00	
Lee's Excelsior Prepared						
Agricultural Lime			4%	2.20	21.00	
Lee's Agricultural Burnt Shell						
Lime				1.55	14.50	
Nitrate of Soda, per lb.	10c.			5 lbs. 35c.		
25 lbs. \$1.00; 100 lbs.	\$3.25			6 25	60.00	
Murate of Potash				5.25	50.00	

PULVERIZED SHEEP MANURE

2-lb. package.....	15	25 lb. sack.....	80
5 lb. sack.....	30	50 lb. sack.....	\$1.25
10 lb. sack.....	.50	100 lb. sack.....	2.25
Per Ton	40.00		

DIGGS & BEADLES, Inc.

SEED MERCHANTS

HEADQUARTERS
H.....FOR.....

SUPERIOR SEEDS, FERTILIZERS & POULTRY FOODS

3 STORES

General Store and Office, 1428 East Main Street.

Branch Store and Warehouse, 1711 E. Franklin Street.

Branch Store (Uptown) 603-605 E. Marshall Street.

RICHMOND, - VIRGINIA

From

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DIGGS & BEADLES

SEED MERCHANTS

1428 E. Main Street,

RICHMOND, VA.



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INSECTICIDES



HAMMOND'S SLUG SHOT.—A very effective insect destroyer and one of the best powders for destroying bugs and other insects on all garden crops. It comes ready for use and is generally applied dry, but can be used in water. Fill canister with perforated top ready for dusting on 20 cts. each (postpaid 30 cts.), 5-lb. pkg. 55 cts. (postpaid, 65 cts.).

BUG DEATH.—A safe and sure insect destroyer. Will not burn the vine or leaf. Promotes growth and increases yield. Harmless to animals. Safe to handle. Will not wash off; may be used dry, or if desired, may be mixed with water, using $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. Bug Death to 1 gallon water. Lb. 20 cts.; 3-lb. pkg. 40 cts.; 5 lbs. 60 cts.; 12½ lbs. \$1.40; 100 lbs. \$8.75.

SULPHUR FUMIGATING CANDLES (Sterlingworth).—Contain sufficient sulphur to burn three hours. They are excellent for ridding poultry houses, dog kennels, cellars, out-houses, etc., of certain insect pests and many disease germs. 20 cts. each; \$1.65 dozen postpaid. Not postpaid, 15 cts. each; dozen, \$1.50.



ANTI-CROW CORN OIL (Sterlingworth).—A preparation of oil to prevent crows and blackbirds from pulling up young corn. Just put the oil and plant it when it has dried. The crows will leave the cornfield as soon as they pull a few grains. It does not in the least injure the germination of the corn. Price, 1 pint can 35 cts.; 1 quart can 60 cts. Cannot mail.

STERLINGWORTH CATTLE OIL.—A most effective preparation for keeping flies and other insects off of cattle and stock. When properly used it will protect cattle all day in ordinary weather. It does not blister the animal or taint the milk, and is not disagreeable to use. 1 qt. 50 cts.; 1 gal. \$1.50. Cannot mail.

PHYOX is a powerful fungicide and a most effective remedy for blight and all fungus diseases. A strong poison insecticide; kills all chewing insects; increases yield of fruit and promotes a healthy and vigorous vine and leaf. Recommended for use on fruit (with exception of peaches), vegetables, berries, etc. Is easy to apply. Simply mix with cold water and spray. It sticks like paint and stays on for weeks. To be used about 100 to 500 gallons of water, according to fruit to be sprayed. Complete directions with each package. 1 lb. jar, 40c; 5 lb. jar, \$1.50; 10 lb. jar, \$2.50. Cannot mail.



CARBOLA.—Is a splendid germ killing, white paint, in powdered form, combined with a disinfectant many times stronger than pure carbolic acid. It is non-poisonous and non-caustic. It kills lice, nites, fly eggs, etc., and helps prevent the start and spread of contagious diseases. It affects man, beast and fowl. Carbola is two things in one—a paint that disinfects or a disinfectant that paints. It dries a clear snow white. It saves labor, time and money. It paints and disinfects at one operation in the same time and with the same labor required to paint or disinfect only. Pamphlet on request. 3-lb. trial pkg. 30 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.25; 50 lbs. \$4.00. (Postage extra if mailed.)

MAGOTIE.—A splendid preparation for killing maggots in roots of cabbage, radish, onions, etc.; also kills cut worms, wire worms, apple and peach root and other insects. It is applied to the roots of the plants, including both sucking and biting insects. Just sprinkle around the plants. 2-lb. pkg., 35 cts.; 4 lbs. 65 cts.; 8 lbs. \$1.25. (Postage extra if mailed.)

CUT WORM KILLER (Sterlingworth).—Is a coarse, porous preparation for preventing cut worms from being hatched. It has an enticing odor and the worms prefer it to vegetation. It is non-poisonous and chickens or birds will not be poisoned if they eat the worms killed by it. Lb. takes care of 175 lbs., 49 cts. per lb. postpaid. Not postpaid, 30 cts.

LEMON OIL INSECTICIDE.—Highly recommended for destroying mildew and insects on house plants, poultry and pet stock; especially recommended for killing lice on rose bushes and other plants. $\frac{1}{2}$ -pint can, 35 cts.; 1-pint can, 60 cts.; 1-quart can, \$1.90.



LIME-SULPHUR (Powdered).—Recommended for spraying fruit trees and all nursery stock for destroying San Jose Scale and other diseases and insects. This preparation has all the advantages of the liquid material, but eliminates the disadvantages and is less expensive. For dormant spraying use 1 lb. to 5 gallons of water; for active spraying use 3 gallons of water. Full directions for applying with each package. 1 lb. 30 cts.; 5 lbs. \$1.10; 10 lbs. \$2.00 25 lbs. \$4.00; 100 lbs. \$13.00.

POISONS AND LIQUIDS Cannot Be Sent by Parcel Post —These Should Be Ordered Sent by Freight or Express

WHALE OIL SOAP WITH TOBACCO (Sterlingworth).—Makes an excellent wash for trees and plants where insects and eggs affect the bark, and for smearing on the trunks of trees to prevent worms from crawling up. Per lb., 45 cts., postpaid. Not postpaid, 35 cts.



PARIS GREEN.—Is effective for destroying potato bugs, tobacco worms and other insects. Is a very strong poison, and should be used carefully. Mix 1 lb. Paris Green to 150 gallons of water; ¼ lb. 20 cts.; ½ lb. 30 cts.; 1 lb. 45 cts.; 5-lb. pkg. \$2.00. Cannot mail.

BORDEAUX MIXTURE, LIQUID (Sterlingworth).—The old reliable, fungus remedy, standard mixture for all plant diseases attacking fruits and vegetables. Used by mixing 1 gallon with 30 to 40 gallons of cold water. 1 qt. 40 cts.; 1 gallon, \$1.25.

DRY BORDEAUX MIXTURE.—This is a true Bordeaux Mixture in dry powdered form, requiring only to be mixed with cold water to give a standard Bordeaux Mixture Spray for fruit trees, shrubs, vegetables, etc. The convenience and value of having Bordeaux in dry powdered form will be instantly appreciated by all fruit growers. It is also less expensive than the liquid Bordeaux. Complete directions and proportions to be diluted with each package. 1-lb. can, 40 cts.; 5-lb. can, \$5.00; 25-lb. can, \$6.00; 50 lbs. \$9.00; 100 lbs. \$16.00.

DRY POWDERED ARSENATE OF LEAD.—For destroying leaf-eating insects. Should be mixed thoroughly with a small quantity of water to a creamy consistency, then add the required amount of water according to directions on each package. $\frac{1}{2}$ -lb. 30 cts.; 1 lb. 35 cts.; 5 lbs. \$2.00; 10 lbs. \$4.00; 25 lbs. \$7.50; 50 lbs. \$13.00; 100 lbs. \$25.00. Cannot mail.

TUBER TONIC.—A dry powdered combination Potato spray; is especially recommended for Potato bugs and similar insects as well as a preventive of blight. To be diluted in water. Full directions with each package. 1-lb. pkg. 50 cts.; 5-lb. pkg. \$2.15; 10-lb. pkg. \$3.25; 25-lb. pkg. \$7.00.



ARBO.—Is a combined insecticide and fungicide which prevents certain fungus diseases and kills leaf-eating insects at one spray. It has the fungicide qualities of Bordeaux and the killing values of Paris Green and Arsenate of Lead in one mixture. It is made ready for use by mixing with cold water. For general use 1 lb. to 5 gallons of water is sufficient. Full directions with each package. 1 lb. 40 cts.; 5 lbs. \$1.50; 10 lbs. \$2.50. Cannot mail.

BLACK LEAF 40.—A solution of Nicotine and Sulphate containing 40 per cent nicotine. This is the insecticide so highly recommended by the experimental stations as a spray for all soft-bodied sucking insects and without injury to the foliage. It may be combined with other sprays if desired; is highly concentrated; soluble in water; easy to mix. 1 lb. makes 6 gallons of spray; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$1.25, makes 40 to 120 gallons of spray; 2 lbs. \$3.75, makes 160 to 500 gallons of spray; 10 lbs. \$15.50, makes 800 to 2,500 gallons of spray.

WEED KILLER (Sterlingworth).—For killing weeds in walks, drives, and tennis courts where no vegetation is wanted. In powdered form to be dissolved. 1 lb. to 5 gallons of water. 1 lb. pkg. 50 cts. (Postpaid, 60 cts.).

CARBON BI-SULPHIDE.—For killing ants, root lice, and all underground insects. Also used for killing weevil in Peas, Beans, Corn, etc. Is highly inflammable and should be handled carefully and not opened in a room with light or fire of any kind. 16-oz. can 60 cts.; 5 lb. can \$2.50. Cannot mail.

FORMALDEHYDE.—Recommended for destroying smut and other diseases on grains and potatoes. 4-oz. bottle 35 cts.; 16-oz. bottle, 60 cts.; 2-lb. pkg. \$1.00; 8 lbs. \$3.00. Cannot mail.

CORO-NATHOLEUM.—A splendid disinfectant to be used around stables, cow barns, hog pens, poultry houses, etc. and other recommended for spraying stock to keep off flies and other insects and is a preventive and cure for sores, scabs and other skin diseases. Dairymen and stock raisers will find this a very desirable disinfectant and vermin destroyer. 1 qt. 75 cts.; 2 qts. \$1.00; 1 gal. \$1.75; 5 gals. \$7.50. Cannot mail.

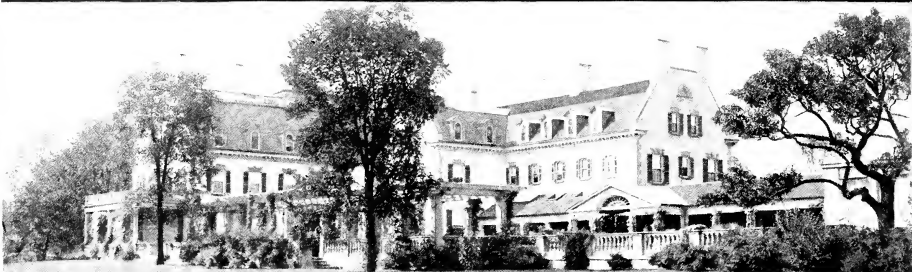
SULPHUR.—Recommended to be used on Irish Potato tubers of Potatoes, it prevents the blighting of Potatoes and is also a preventive of scab. Per lb. 10 cts.; 10 lbs. 75 cts.; 100 lbs. \$6.50. Barrel price on application.

RAT CORN.—A dry powder or meal to be mixed with any food that rats and mice will eat. It is an effective poison, and the dead rats have no odor, as they are mummified by eating this poison. A most effective and sanitary Rat Exterminator. 1-oz. pkg. 2 cts.; 5-oz. pkg. 50 cts. Cannot mail.

TREE TANGLEFOOT.—A sticky preparation used for smearing on the trunks of trees as a safeguard against caterpillars, moths, ants and other creeping insects. Full directions on each package. 1-lb. pkg. 50 cts.; 5-lb. can, \$2.25; 10 lbs. \$4.25.

A decorative border of pansy flowers with dark centers and light petals frames the top of the advertisement.

D. & B's SEEDS 1922



D. & B's
VELVET GREEN LAWN GRASS
MAKES A BEAUTIFUL LAWN

